Residential Smart Inverter Solutions

ES 3.0-6.0kW G2

LX A5.0-10

LX A5.0-30

LX U5.4-L

LX U5.4-20

LX U5.0-30

User Manual

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1 About This Manual

1.1 Overview

The energy storage system consists of inverter, battery system, and smart meter. This manual describes the product information, installation, electrical connection, commissioning, troubleshooting and maintenance of the system. Read through this manual before installing and operating the product. All the installers and users have to be familiar with the product features, functions, and safety precautions. This manual is subject to update without notice. For more product details and latest documents, visit https://en.goodwe.com/.

1.2 Applicable Model

The energy storage system consists of the following products:

Product type	Product information	Description
Inverter	ES Series	Nominal output power: 3.0kW- 6.0kW
	LX A5.0-10	Usable energy of 5.0kWh, supports a maximum of 15 batteries connected in parallel.
Battery	LX A5.0-30	Usable energy of 5.12kWh, supports a maximum of 30 batteries connected in parallel.
system	LX U5.4-L	Usable energy of 5.4kWh, supports a maximum of 6
	LX U5.4-20	batteries connected in parallel.
	LX U5.0-30	Usable energy of 5.12kWh, supports a maximum of 30 batteries connected in parallel.
Smart Meter	GM1000 GMK110 GM3000 GM1000D GMK110D	It is a monitoring module in the energy storage system which can detect information such as operating voltage, current, and other data in the system.
Smart dongle	LS4G Kit-CN 4G Kit-CN	Only applicable to China and in a single inverter system.

Wi-Fi Kit WiFi/LAN Kit-20	In the single inverter scenario, system operation information can be uploaded to a monitoring platform through WiFi or LAN signals.
Ezlink3000	In parallel system with multi inverters, it is installed on the master inverter to upload the system running information to monitoring platform through WiFi or LAN signals.

1.3 Symbol Definition

ADANGER

Indicates a high-level hazard that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a medium-level hazard that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a low-level hazard that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Highlight and supplement the texts. Or some skills and methods to solve product-related problems to save time.

2 Safety Precaution

Please strictly follow these safety instructions in the user manual during the operation.

WARNING

The inverters are designed and tested strictly complies with related safety rules. Read and follow all the safety instructions and cautions before any operations. Improper operation might cause personal injury or property damage as the inverters are electrical equipment.

2.1 General Safety

Notice

• The information in this user manual is subject to change due to product updates or

- other reasons. This guide cannot replace the product labels or the safety precautions in the user manual unless otherwise specified. All descriptions in the manual are for guidance only.
- Before installations, read through the user manual to learn about the product and the precautions.
- All installations should be performed by trained and knowledgeable technicians who are familiar with local standards and safety regulations.
- Use insulating tools and wear personal protective equipment (PPE) when operating the equipment to ensure personal safety. Wear anti-static gloves, clothes, and wrist strip when touching electronic components to protect the inverter from damage.
- Unauthorized dismantling or modification may damage the equipment, and the damage is not covered under the warranty.
- Strictly follow the installation, operation, and configuration instructions in this manual.
 The manufacturer shall not be liable for equipment damage or personal injury if you do not follow the instructions. For more warranty details, please visit: https://en.goodwe.com/warranty

2.2 Personnel Requirements

Notice

- Personnel who install or maintain the equipment must be strictly trained, learn about safety precautions and correct operations.
- Only qualified professionals or trained personnel are allowed to install, operate, maintain, and replace the equipment or parts.

2.3 System Safety

DANGER

- Disconnect the upstream switches to power off the equipment before any electrical connections. Do not work with power on. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur.
- Install a breaker at the voltage input side of the equipment to prevent personal injury or equipment damage caused by energized electrical work.
- All operations such as transportation, storage, installation, use and maintenance shall comply with applicable laws, regulations, standards and specifications.
- Perform electrical connections in compliance with local laws, regulations, standards and specifications, including operations, cables, and component specifications.
- Connect cables with the connectors included in the package. The manufacturer shall not

be liable for equipment damage if other connectors are used.

- Ensure all cables are connected tightly, securely, and correctly. Inappropriate wiring may cause poor contacts or high impedances, and damage the inverter.
- The PE cables must be connected and secured properly.
- To protect the equipment and components from damage during transportation, ensure that the transportation personnel are professionally trained. All operations during the transportation have to be recorded. The equipment shall be kept in balance, thus avoiding falling down.
- The equipment is heavy. Please equip the corresponding personnel according to its weight, so that the equipment does not exceed the weight range of the human body can carry, and cause personnel injury.
- Keep the equipment stable to avoid dumping, which can result in equipment damage and personal injuries.

MARNING

- Do not apply mechanical load to terminals, otherwise the terminals may be damaged.
- If the cable bears too much tension, the connection may be poor. Reserve a certain length of the cable before connecting it to the inverter cable port.
- Tie the cables of the same type together, and place cables of different types at least 30mm apart. Do not place the cables entangled or crossed.
- Place the cables at least 30mm away from the heating components or heat sources, otherwise the insulation layer of the cables may be aging or broken due to high temperature.

2.3.1 PV String Safety

<u> WARNING</u>

- Ensure the PV module frames and the bracket system are securely grounded.
- Ensure the DC cables are connected tightly, securely, and correctly. Inappropriate wiring may cause poor contacts or high impedances, and damage the inverter.
- Measure the DC cables with a multimeter to avoid reverse polarity connection. Also, the voltage should be under the permissible range.
- Measure the DC cable using the multimeter to avoid reverse polarity connection. Also, the voltage should be under the max DC input voltage. The manufacturer shall not be liable for the damage caused by reverse connection and overvoltage.
- The PV strings cannot be grounded. Ensure the minimum insulation resistance of the PV string to the ground meets the minimum insulation resistance requirements before connecting the PV string to the inverter (R=maximum input voltage (V)/ 30mA).
- Do not connect one PV string to more than one inverter at the same time. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the inverter.
- The PV modules used with inverters must comply with IEC 61730 Class A standard.

2.3.2 Inverter Safety

MARNING

- PV system is not suitable to connect equipment that relies on a stable power supply, such as: medical equipment to sustain life. Ensure that no personal injury is occurred when the system is disconnected.
- The voltage and frequency at the connecting point should meet the on-grid requirements.
- Additional protective devices like circuit breakers or fuses are recommended on the AC side. Specification of the protective device should be at least 1.25 times the maximum AC output current.
- The arc fault alarms will be cleared automatically if the alarms are triggered less than 5 times in 24 hours. The inverter will shut down for protection after the 5th electric arc fault. The inverter can operate normally after the fault is solved.
- BACK-UP is not recommended if the PV system is not configured with batteries.
 Otherwise, the risk in system power usage is beyond the equipment manufacturer's warranty scope.

2.3.3 Battery Safety



- Keep Power Off before any operations to avoid danger. Strictly follow all safety
 precautions outlined in this manual and safety labels on the equipment during the
 operation.
- Do not disassemble, modify, or replace any part of the battery or the power control unit without official authorization from the manufacturer. Otherwise, it will cause electrical shock or damages to the equipment, which shall not be borne by the manufacturer.
- Do not hit, pull, drag, squeeze or step on the equipment or put the battery into fire. Otherwise, the battery may explode.
- Do not place the battery in a high temperature environment. Make sure that there is no direct sunlight and no heat source near the battery. When the ambient temperature exceeds 60 °C, it will cause fire.
- Do not use the battery or the power control unit if it is defective, broken, or damaged.
 Damaged battery may leak electrolyte.
- Do not move the battery system while it is working. Contact after-sales service if the battery shall be replaced or added.
- A short circuit in the battery may cause personal injury. The instantaneous high current caused by a short circuit can release a large amount of energy and may cause a fire.

- Factors such as: temperature, humidity, weather, etc. may limit the battery's current and affect its loading capacity.
- Contact after-sale service immediately if the battery is not able to be started. Otherwise, the battery might be damaged permanently.
- Inspect and maintain the battery regularly according to the maintenance requirements of the battery.

Emergency Measures

Battery Electrolyte Leakage

If the battery module leaks electrolyte, avoid contact with the leaking liquid or gas because the electrolyte is corrosive, and will cause skin irritation or chemical burn to the operator. Anyone contact the leaked substance accidentally has to do as following:

- Breath in the leaked substance: Evacuate from the polluted area, and seek immediate medical assistance.
- Eye contact: Rinse your eyes for at least 15 minutes with clean water and seek immediate medical assistance.
- Skin contact: Thoroughly wash the touch area with soap and clean water, and seek immediate medical assistance.
- Ingestion: Induce vomiting, and seek immediate medical assistance.

Fire

- The battery may explode when the ambient temperature exceeds 150°C. Poisonous and hazardous gas may be released if the battery is on fire.
- In the event of a fire, please make sure that the carbon dioxide extinguisher or Novec1230 or FM-200 is nearby.
- The fire cannot be put out by ABC dry powder extinguisher. Firefighters are required to wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Battery fire protection

For batteries with fire protection functions, perform the following operations after the fire protection function is triggered:

- Immediately cut off the main power switch to ensure that no current passes through the battery system.
- Conduct a preliminary inspection of the appearance of the battery to determine if there is any damage, deformation, leakage, or odor. Check the battery casing, connectors, and cables.
- Use temperature sensors to detect the temperature of the battery and its environment, ensuring there is no risk of overheating.
- Isolate and label damaged batteries, and handle them properly in accordance with local regulations.

2.3.4 Smart Meter Safety

AWARNING

If the voltage of the power grid fluctuates, resulting in the voltage to exceed 265V. In this case, long-term overvoltage operation may cause damage to the meter. It is recommended to add a fuse with a rated current of 0.5A on the voltage input side of the meter to protect it.

2.4 Safety Symbols and Certification Marks

ADANGER

- All labels and warning marks should be visible after the installation. Do not cover, scrawl, or damage any label on the equipment.
- The following descriptions are for reference only.

No.	Symbol	Referring to	
-----	--------	--------------	--

1		Potential risks exist. Wear proper PPE before any operations.
2	4	High Voltage Hazard. Disconnect all incoming power and turn off the product before working on it.
3		High-temperature hazard. Do not touch the product under operation to avoid being burnt.
4		Operate the equipment properly to avoid explosion.
5		Batteries contain flammable materials, beware of fire.
6		The equipment contains corrosive electrolytes. In case of a leak in the equipment, avoid contact the leaked liquid or gas.
7	5min	Delay discharge. Wait 5 minutes after power off until the components are completely discharged.
8		Install the equipment away from fire sources.
9	***	Keep the equipment away from children.
10		Do not pour with water.
11		Read through the user manual before any operations.
12		Wear personal protective equipment during installation, operation and maintaining.

13	Z Z	Do not dispose of the System as household waste. Deal with it in compliance with local laws and regulations, or send it back to the manufacturer.
14		Grounding point.
15		Recycle regeneration mark.
16	CE	CE mark
17	TÜVRheinland CERTIFIED Were Association CERTIFIED Were Association Were Associat	TUV Mark.
18		RCM Mark.

2.5 EU Declaration of Conformity

2.5.1 Equipment with Wireless Communication Modules

GoodWe Technologies Co., Ltd. hereby declares that the equipment with wireless communication modules sold in the European market meets the requirements of the following directives:

- Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU (RED)
- Restrictions of Hazardous Substances Directive 2011/65/EU and (EU) 2015/863 (RoHS)
- Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment 2012/19/EU
- Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

2.5.2 Equipment without Wireless Communication Modules (Except

Battery)

GoodWe Technologies Co., Ltd. hereby declares that the equipment without wireless communication modules sold in the European market meets the requirements of the following directives:

Electromagnetic compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU (EMC)

- Electrical Apparatus Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (LVD)
- Restrictions of Hazardous Substances Directive 2011/65/EU and (EU) 2015/863 (RoHS)
- Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment 2012/19/EU
- Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

2.5.3 Battery

GoodWe Technologies Co., Ltd. hereby declares that batteries sold in the European market meets the requirements of the following directives:

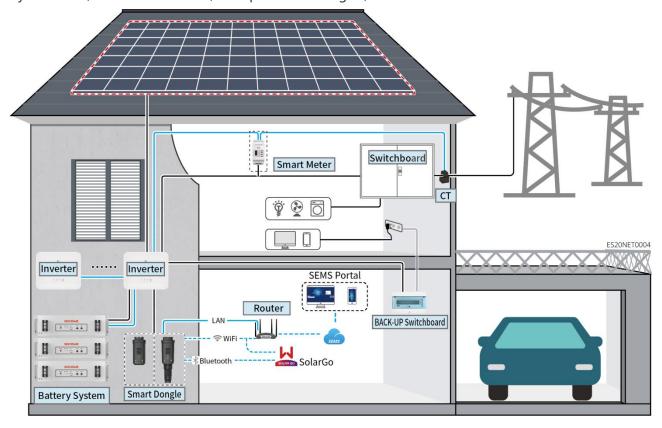
- Electromagnetic compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU (EMC)
- Electrical Apparatus Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (LVD)
- Battery Directive 2006/66/EC and Amending Directive 2013/56/EU
- Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment 2012/19/EU
- Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

You can download the EU Declaration of Conformity on the official website: https://en.goodwe.com.

3 System Introduction

3.1 System Overview

The residential smart inverter solution consists of inverter, battery system, smart meter, smart dongle, etc.. In the PV system, solar energy can be converted to electric energy for household needs. The IoT devices in the system manage the electrical equipment and energy consumption in a smart way by recognizing the overall power consumption and deciding whether the power is to be used by the loads, stored in batteries, or exported to the grid, etc.



AWARNING

- Select the battery model according to the inverter model and the approved battery list. For
 battery requirements used in the same system, such as whether the models can be mixed and
 matched, and whether the capacities are consistent, please refer to the corresponding model's
 battery user manual or contact the battery manufacturer for relevant requirements. Battery
 Compatibility Overview:
 - https://en.goodwe.com/Ftp/EN/Downloads/User%20Manual/GW Battery%20Compatibility%20 Overview-EN.pdf
- Due to product upgrades or other reasons, the document content may be updated irregularly. For the matching relationship between inverters and IoT products, refer to:
 - https://en.goodwe.com/Ftp/EN/Downloads/User%20Manual/GW Compatibility-list-of-

GoodWe-inverters-and-IoT-products-EN.pdf

- In the parallel system, it is not supported to connect third-party EMS monitoring devices.
- When the number of inverters in parallel in the system is \leq 3, UPS function is supported; When the number of inverters in parallel in the system exceeds 3, UPS function is not supported.
- The complexity of the parallel system increases with the number of parallel inverters. When the
 number of parallel inverters in the system is ≥ 6, please contact the after-sales service center to
 confirm the installation and application environment of the inverters to ensure stable operation
 of the system.
- When the value of power limit is set to 0W, the combined use of AC coupled inverters and PV grid-tied inverters is not supported. The combined use of AC coupled inverters and PV grid-tied inverter requires that the value of power limit of the system is greater than 5% of the rated power of the PV grid-tied inverter.

Product Type	Model	Description
Inverter	GW3000-ES-20 GW3600M-ES-20 GW5000-ES-20 GW5000M-ES-20 GW6000-ES-20 GW6000M-ES-20 GW5000-SBP-20 GW5000-SBP-20 GW3500L-ES-BR20 GW3600-ES-BR20	 When multiple inverters are used in the system, it is not supported to be connected to a generator; it supports up to 16 inverters to form a parallel system. When the number of inverters in parallel in the system is ≤ 3, UPS function is supported; When the number of inverters in parallel in the system exceeds 3, UPS function is not supported. The complexity of the parallel system increases with the number of parallel inverters. When the number of parallel inverters in the system is ≥ 6, please contact the after-sales service center to confirm the installation and application environment of the inverters to ensure stable operation of the system. GW3600-SBP-20, GW5000-SBP-20, GW6000-SBP-20: cannot be used to form a parallel system. For GW3600M-ES-20, GW5000-SBP-20, GW6000M-ES-20, GW3600-SBP-20, GW5000-SBP-20, GW6000-SBP-20, lead-acid battery is not supported. Requirements for parallel system: The software version of all inverters in the system is the same. The ARM software version of the inverter is 08 (418) and above.

		O The DSP software version of the inverter is 08 (8808) and above.
	LX A5.0-10	 Battery of different models cannot be mixed. LX A5.0-10: The nominal charging and discharging
	LX A5.0-30	batteries can be connected in parallel in one system.
	LX U5.4-L	 LX A5.0-30: The nominal charging current of a single battery is 60A, and the nominal discharging current is 100A; the maximum charging current is 90A; the maximum discharging current is 150A. A maximum of 30 batteries can be connected in parallel in one system. LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20: The nominal charging and
	LX U5.4-20	
Battery system		discharging current of a single battery is 50A; a maximum of 6 batteries can be connected in parallel in one system.
Ť	LX U5.0-30	 LX U5.0-30: The nominal charging current of a single battery is 60A, and the discharging current is 100A; the maximum charging current is 90A; the maximum discharging current is 100A. A maximum of 30 batteries can be connected in parallel in one system.
	Lead-acid Battery	 Supports connection to lead-acid batteries of AGM, GEL, and Flooded types. The number of batteries that can be connected in series is calculated based on the voltage of lead-acid batteries, and the total voltage of batteries connected in series is not allowed to exceed 60V.
Busbar	BCB-11-WW-0 BCB-22-WW-0 BCB-32-WW-0 BCB-33-WW-0 (Purchase from GoodWe)	 When the charging and discharging current between the battery and the inverter is less than 120A, it supports direct connection between battery and inverter without using a busbar. For example: it supports connecting GW6000-ES-20 to LX A5.0-30 without using a busbar. For detailed battery wiring methods, please refer to 6.6 Connecting the Battery Cable. When multiple inverters are used in the system, a busbar needs to be connected. If using batteries from other brands, please consult the corresponding manufacturer for the method of connecting the battery to the busbar.

 When the charging and discharging current between battery and inverter is ≥120A, a busbar or busbar box must be used to connect the inverter. (Current ≥ M x I_{Bat} rated. (M: the quantity of batteries connected in parallel in the system, I_{Bat} rated: the rated current of the battery).

O BCB-11-WW-0:

used with LX A5.0-10, the battery system supports a maximum working current of 360A, working power of 18kW, and can be connect to a maximum of 3 inverter, and 6 batteries.

O BCB-22-WW-0:

- used with LX A5.0-10, the battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter, and 12 batteries.
- used with LX A5.0-30, the battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter, and 6 batteries.

O BCB-32-WW-0:

- used with LX A5.0-10, the battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverters and 15 batteries.
- used with LX A5.0-30, the battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverters and 15 batteries.
- used with LX U5.0-30, the battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter, and 8 batteries.

O BCB-33-WW-0:

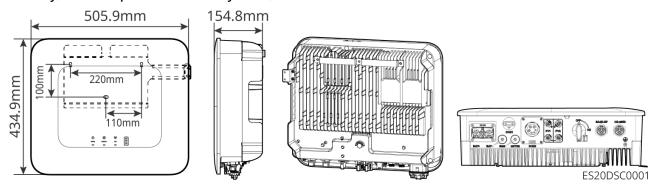
■ used with LX U5.0-30, the battery system

		supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverters, and 15 batteries. When the number of batteries exceeds 8, two 600A fuses need to be connected in parallel. Others: prepare the busbar based on actual system power and current.
Smart Meter	GMK110GMK110DGM1000GM1000DGM3000	 It is not supported to change the CT to other type, CT ratio: 120A/40mA. In the parallel system, the smart meter needs to be connected to the master inverter. GMK110, GM1000: CT x 1; GMK110 or GM1000 smart meter is standard. GM1000D, GMK110D: CT x 2; used for AC coupled inverters and need to be purchased separately. GM3000: CT x 3; when a three-phase load is used in the system and output power needs to be controlled, a GM3000 meter is required and needs to be purchsed separately.
Smart dongle	 LS4G Kit-CN 4G Kit-CN Wi-Fi Kit WiFi/LAN Kit-20 (Standard) Ezlink3000 (Purchase from GoodWe) 	 LS4G Kit-CN and 4G Kit-CN is only applicable to China and used in single inverter system. When using Wi-Fi Kit or WiFi/LAN Kit-20 smart dongle in a single inverter system, the firmware version should be 04 or later; If the WiFi/LAN Kit-20 smart dongle is a network security version, the firmware version should be 01 or later. In a parallel system, only master inverter needs to be connected to Ezlink3000, and slave inverter does not need to be connected to smart dongle. Ezlink3000 firmware version is 04 or later. Only one Ezlink3000 and one smart meter need to be installed in the same system. The inverter connected with the Ezlink module and the meter defaults to be the master inverter, while the other inverters are the slave inverters. The master inverter issues commands to the slave inverters via the communication cables.

3.2 Product Overview

3.2.1 Inverter

Inverters control and optimize the power in PV systems through an integrated energy management system. The power generated in the PV system can be used, stored in the battery, and output to the Utility Grid, and etc.



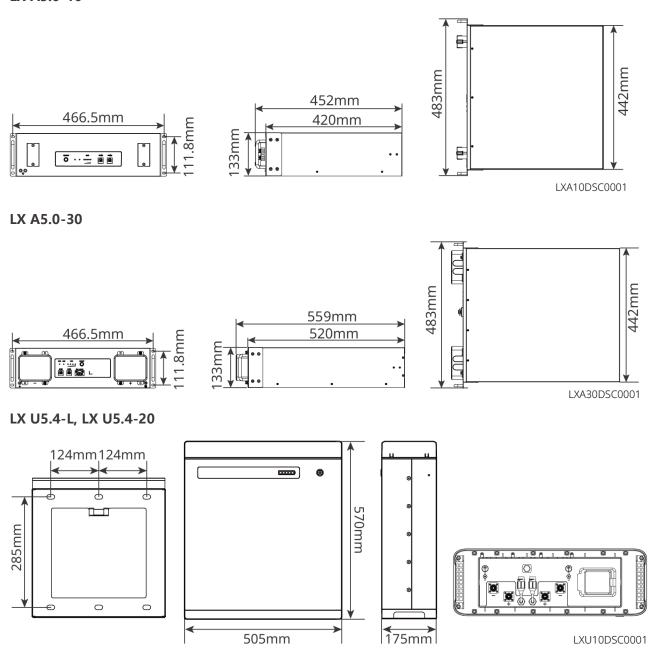
No.	Model	Nominal output power	Nominal output voltage
1	GW3000-ES-20	3kW	220/230/240V
2	GW3600-ES-20	3.68kW	220/230/240V
3	GW3600M-ES-20	3.68kW	220/230/240V
4	GW5000-ES-20	5kW*1	220/230/240V
5	GW5000M-ES-20	5kW*1	220/230/240V
6	GW6000-ES-20	6kW*1	220/230/240V
7	GW6000M-ES-20	6kW*1	220/230/240V
8	GW6000-ES-BR20	6kW	220V
9	GW3500L-ES-BR20	3.5kW	127V
10	GW3600-ES-BR20	3.68kW	220V
11	GW3600-SBP-20	3.68kW	220/230/240V
12	GW5000-SBP-20	5kW	220/230/240V

13	GW6000-SBP-20	6kW	220/230/240V
*1: 4600 for VDE-AR-N4105 & NRS 097-2-1.			

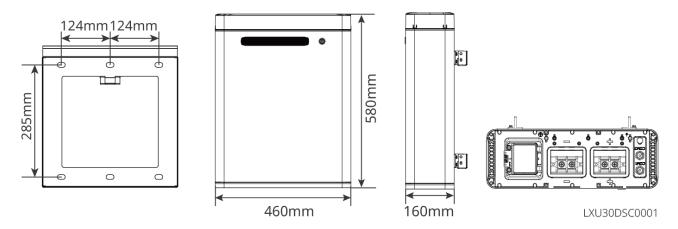
3.2.2 Battery

The battery system can store and discharge electricity according to the requirements of the PV energy storage system, and the input and output ports of the energy storage system are both high-voltage direct current. ES G2 inverters support using with lead-acid batteries. Please obtain product information related to lead-acid batteries from the lead-acid battery manufacturer.

LX A5.0-10

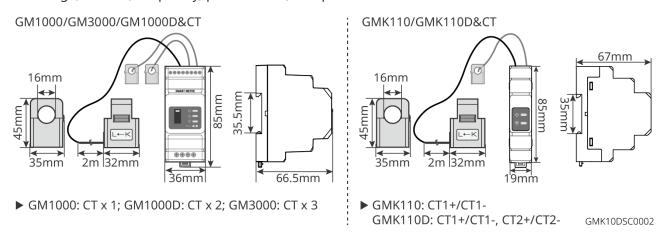


LX U5.0-30



3.2.3 Smart Meter

The smart meter can measure and monitor the data in the photovoltaic energy storage system, such as voltage, current, frequency, power factor, and power.

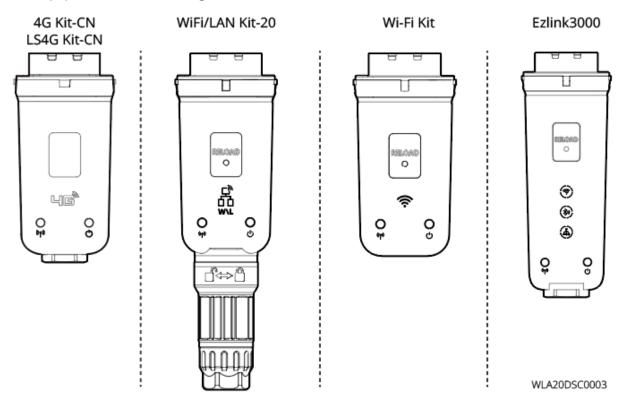


No.	Model	Applicable scenarios
		It is not supported to change the CT to other type, CT ratio: 120A/40mA.
	GM1000 GMK110	• GMK110, GM1000: CT x 1; GMK110 or GM1000 smart meter is standard.
1 G	GM3000 GM1000D GM110D	 GM1000D, GM110D: CT x 2; used for AC coupled inverters; and need to be purchased separately. GM3000: CT x 3; when a three-phase load is used in the
	GWITIOD	system and output power needs to be controlled, a GM3000 meter is required and need to be purchased separately.

3.2.4 Smart Dongle

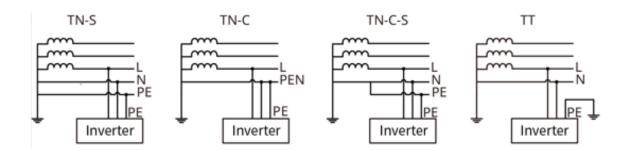
The smart dongle can transmit various power generation data to SEMS Portal, the remote monitoring platform in real time, and can communicate with the SolarGo App to complete the near-

end equipment commissioning.



No.	Model	Signal	Applicable scenarios
1	LS4G Kit-CN 4G Kit-CN	4G	
2	Wi-Fi Kit	WiFi	Single inverter scenario
3	WiFi/LAN Kit-20	Bluetooth, WiFi, LAN	
4	Ezlink3000	Bluetooth, WiFi, LAN	Master inverter of a parallel system

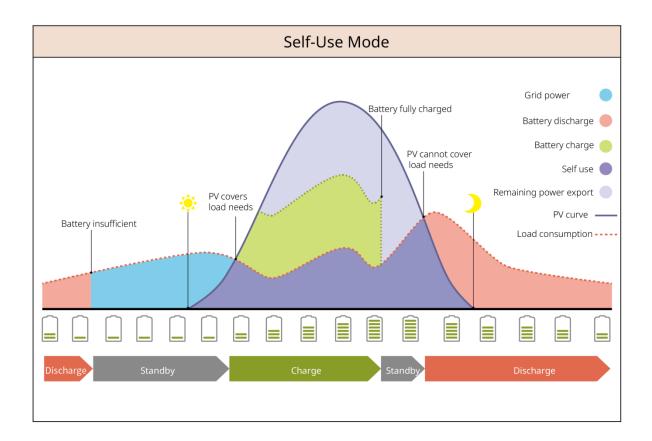
3.3 Supported Grid Types



3.4 System Working Mode

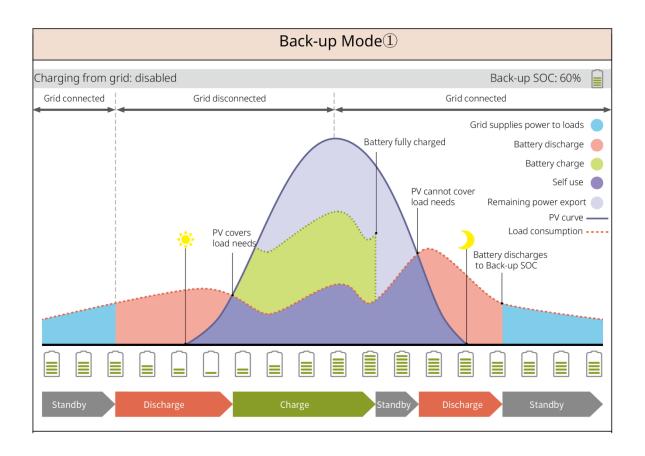
Self-Use Mode

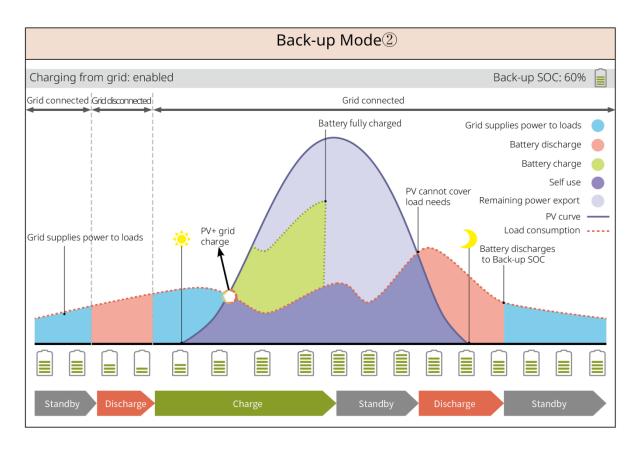
- Self-use mode is the basic working mode of the system.
- The power generated by the PV system supplies the loads in priority, and the excess power will charge the batteries, then the remaining power will be sold to the utility grid. When the power generated in the PV system is insufficient, the battery will supply the loads in priority. If the battery power is insufficient, the load will be powered by the utility grid.



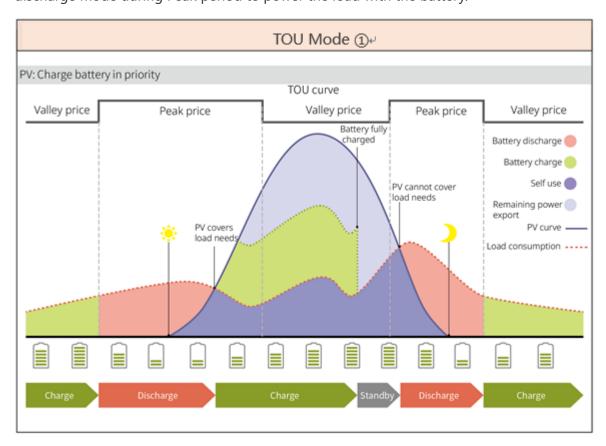
Back-up Mode

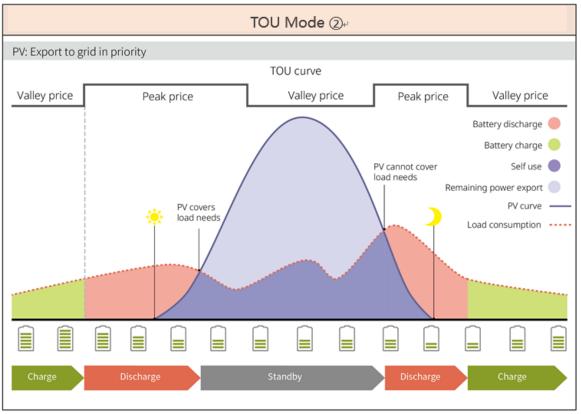
- The BACK-UP mode is mainly applied to the scenario where the grid is unstable.
- When the grid is disconnected, the inverter turns to off-grid mode and the battery will supply power to the BACK-UP loads; when the grid is restored, the inverter switches to grid-tied mode.
- To ensure that the battery SOC is sufficient to maintain normal operation of the system when it is
 off grid, the battery will be charged to the backup power SOC using PV or grid power during grid
 connected operation. If you need to purchase electricity from the grid to charge the battery,
 please confirm the compliance with local power grid laws and regulations.





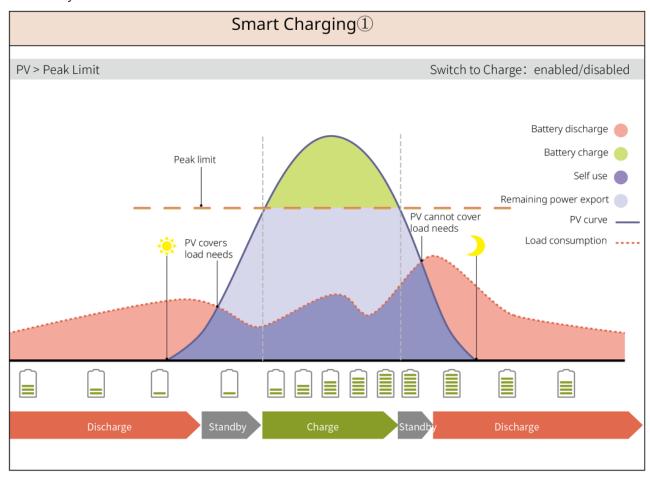
Set different time periods for buying and selling electricity based on the difference in peak and valley electricity prices of the grid under the premise of complying with local laws and regulations. For example, set the battery to the charge mode during Valley period, and set the battery to discharge mode during Peak period to power the load with the battery.

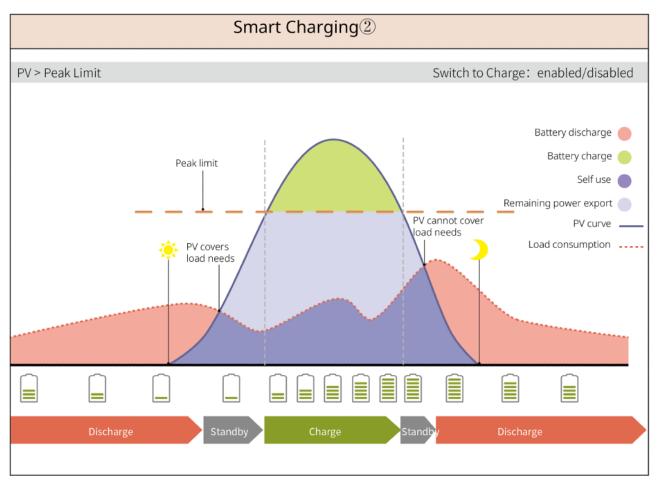


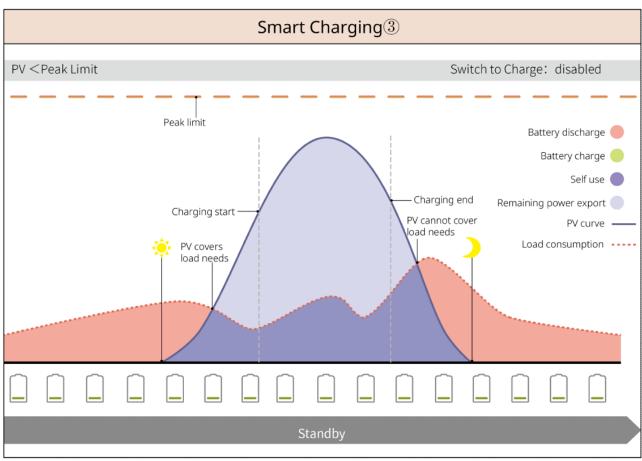


Smart Charging Mode

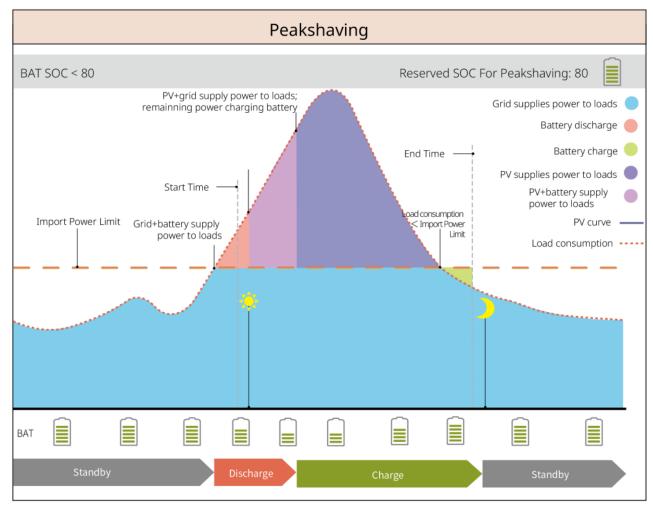
- In some countries/regions, the PV power fed into the utility grid is limited.
- Set peak limit power, charge the battery using the surplus power when the PV power exceeds the peak limit power, or set charging time during which the PV power can be used to charge the battery.







- Peakshaving mode is mainly applicable to industrial and commercial scenarios.
- When the total power consumption of the loads exceeds the peak shaving limit in short time, the battery discharges to reduce the power consumption exceeding the peak shaving limit.
- If the SOCs of the two connected battery systems are lower than the reserved SOC for
 peakshaving, the system will buy power from the utility grid according to the set time period,
 load consumption, and the Import Power Limit. If the SOC of one battery system is lower than
 the reserved SOC for peakshaving, the system will buy power from the utility grid according to
 the load consumption and the Import Power Limit.



4 Check and Storage

4.1 Check before Acceptance

Check the following items before receiving the product.

1. Check the outer packing box for damage, such as holes, cracks, deformation, and others signs of

- equipment damage. Do not unpack the package and contact the supplier as soon as possible if any damage is found.
- 2. Check the inverter model. If the inverter model is not what you requested, do not unpack the product and contact the supplier.

4.2 Deliverables

MARNING

Check the deliverables for correct model, complete contents, and intact appearance. Contact the supplier as soon as possible if any damage is found.

4.2.1 Inverter Deliverables (ES G2)

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
:::1	Inverter x 1	0 0	Mounting plate x 1
	Expansion screws x 3		Screw x N
	PE terminal x 1	0	Battery power terminal x 2
	PV DC terminal SBP series inverter x 0 GW3000-ES-20: x 1 Others: x 2		Smart dongle x 1
	2PIN terminal x 3		3PIN terminal x 1
	6PIN terminal x 1		AC terminal x 2
	Battery terminal x 1		Communication cable for BMS and

		Smart Meter x 1
	Smart Meter x 1	Documents x 1
	Lead-acid battery	
	temperature sensor cable	
	x 1	Slotted screwdriver x
	The inverter that	1
-	supports connection to	
	lead-acid battery will be	
	provided with the cable.	

4.2.2 Battery Deliverables (LX A5.0-10)

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Battery module x		(25-8) OT terminal x 4
# <u> </u> • ··- • •	1		(5.5-5) OT terminal x 2
	M5 grounding screw x 2	DANGER DANGER	Warning label x 1
	Terminal resistor x	GOOD HE	Electrical label x 1
7	Documents x 1		Battery bracket x 2 (optional)
	Support column x 2 (optional)		M4*8 screw x 8 (optional)

When selecting stacking way to install the battery, the battery bracket, support column, and M4*8 screw are included in the package.

4.2.3 Battery Deliverables (LX A5.0-30)

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Battery module x 1	1011	Terminal resistor x 1 When connecting to a third-party busbar, the battery needs to be equipped with this terminal resistor
	 M5 OT terminal x 2: Recommended for connecting 10mm² cable M8 OT terminal x 4: Recommended for connecting 50mm² cable M10 OT terminal x 2: Recommended for connecting 70mm² cable 		M5*12 grounding screw x 2
7	Documents x 1	-	
	Wall mounting rack x 2 For wall-mounted installation		M6*70 Expansion bolt x 4 For wall-mounted installation
	M5*12 grounding screw x 2 For wall-mounted installation	: :	Installation positioning cardboard x 1 For wall-mounted installation
	Battery bracket x 2 (optional) For ground stacking installation		M4*8 screw x 8 For ground stacking installation

4.2.5 Battery Deliverables (LX U5.0-30)

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Battery x 1		Cover x 1
	Mounting plate x 1		Expansion bolt x 2
6	Locking bracket x		 (35-8) OT terminal x 4: Recommended for connecting 25mm² or 35mm² cable (50-8) OT terminal x 2: Recommended for connecting 50mm² cable (70-10) OT terminal x 2: Recommended for connecting 50mm² cable
	(14-5) OT Grounding terminal x 2		M5 Screw x 7
	M10 Expansion bolt x 6	A STORES	Cable harness fixing plate x 1
ın.	Power connector protect cover x 2		Documents x 1



Terminal resistor x

4.2.4 Battery Deliverables (LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20)

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Battery x 1		Cover x 1
	Mounting plate x		Expansion bolt x
	Locking bracket x		Power connector x 2
	Grounding terminal x 4		M5 Screw x 8
	M10 Expansion bolt x 6	0 0	Cable harness fixing plate x 2
	Terminal resistor x 1		Documents x 1

4.2.5 Busbar (optional)

BCB-11-WW-0

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Busbar box x 1		M6 Expansion bolt x



BCB-22-WW-0

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Busbar box x 1		M6 Expansion bolt x
	(25-8) OT terminal x		
	36	_	_
	(70-10) OT terminal		
	x 6		

BCB-32-WW-0, BCB-33-WW-0

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Busbar box x 1		M6 Expansion bolt x 4
	(50-8) OT terminal x		
	30	-	-
	(70-10) OT terminal x		

4.2.6 Smart Meter Deliverables

GMK110, GMK110D

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
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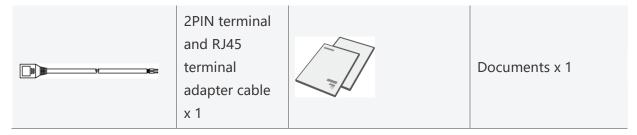
Smart Meter x 1 GMK110: CT x 1 GMK110D: CT x 2		RS485 Communication terminal x 1
Voltage input side terminal x 1		PIN terminal x 4
Screwdriver x1	7	Documents x 1

GM1000, GM1000D, GM3000

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
00000000 2007 (MIN) 7 0 0 7 0 0 7 0 0 7 0 0 8 0 0 9	Smart Meter x 1 GM1000: CT x 1 GM1000D: CT x 2 GM3000: CT x 3		Screwdriver x1
UBB	USB port plug x 1		PIN terminal x N GM1000 x 4 GM1000D x 8 GM3000 x 6
	Documents x 1	-	-

GM330

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Smart meter and CT x 1		2PIN terminal x1
	PIN terminal x		7PIN terminal x1
	Screwdriver x1		6PIN terminal x1



4.2.7 Smart Dongle

WiFi/LAN Kit-20

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Smart dongle x 1	7	Documents x 1

Wi-Fi Kit

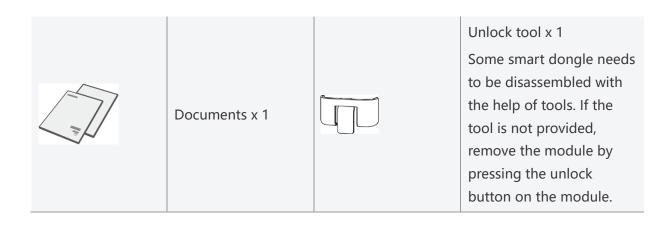
Parts	Quantity	Parts	Quantity
	Communication module *1		Documents x 1
	Unlock tool x 1 Some smart dongle needs to be disassembled with the help of tools. If the tool is not provided, remove the module by pressing the unlock button on the module.		

LS4G Kit-CN&4G Kit-CN

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	4G Smart dongle x	-	-

Ezlink3000

Parts	Description	Parts	Description
	Smart dongle x 1		LAN cable connector x 1



4.3 Storage

- If the equipment is not to be installed or used immediately, please ensure that the storage environment meets the following requirements:
- The storage time of the inverter should not exceed two years. When the storage time exceeds two years, it needs to be inspected and tested by professional personnel before it can be put into use.

Packing requirements:

Do not unpack the outer package or throw the desiccant away.

Installation Environment Requirements:

- 1. Place the equipment in a cool place away from direct sunlight.
- 2. Store the equipment in a clean place. Make sure the temperature and humidity are appropriate and there is no condensation. Do not install the equipment if the ports or terminals are condensed.
 - Inverter
 - Battery storage temperature range:

LX A5.0-10/LX A5.0-30:

- When $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \le T < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $40^{\circ}\text{C} < T \le 45^{\circ}\text{C}$, the storage period cannot exceed 1 month.
- When 0°C≤T≤40°C, the storage period cannot exceed 1 year.

LX U5.4-L/LX U5.4-20:

- When $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \le T < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $35^{\circ}\text{C} < T \le 40^{\circ}\text{C}$, the storage period cannot exceed 1 month.
- When $0^{\circ}C \le T \le 35^{\circ}C$, the storage period cannot exceed 1 year.
- 3. Keep the equipment away from flammable, explosive, and corrosive matters.

Stacking requirements:

- 1. The height and direction of the stacking inverters should follow the instructions on the packing box.
- 2. The inverters must be stacked with caution to prevent them from falling.

Battery Dis-/Charge Requirements:

Storage SOC: 25%-50% SOC. Circle the charge-discharge every 6 months.

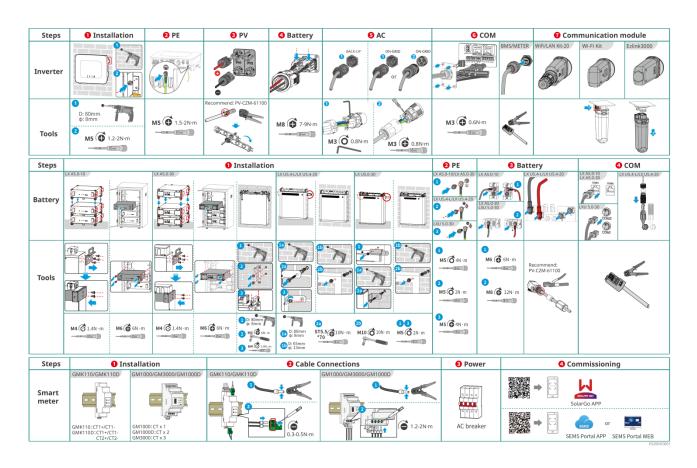
5 Installation

DANGER

Install and connect the equipment using the deliverables included in the package.

Otherwise, the manufacturer shall not be liable for the damage.

5.1 System Installation and Commissioning Procedure

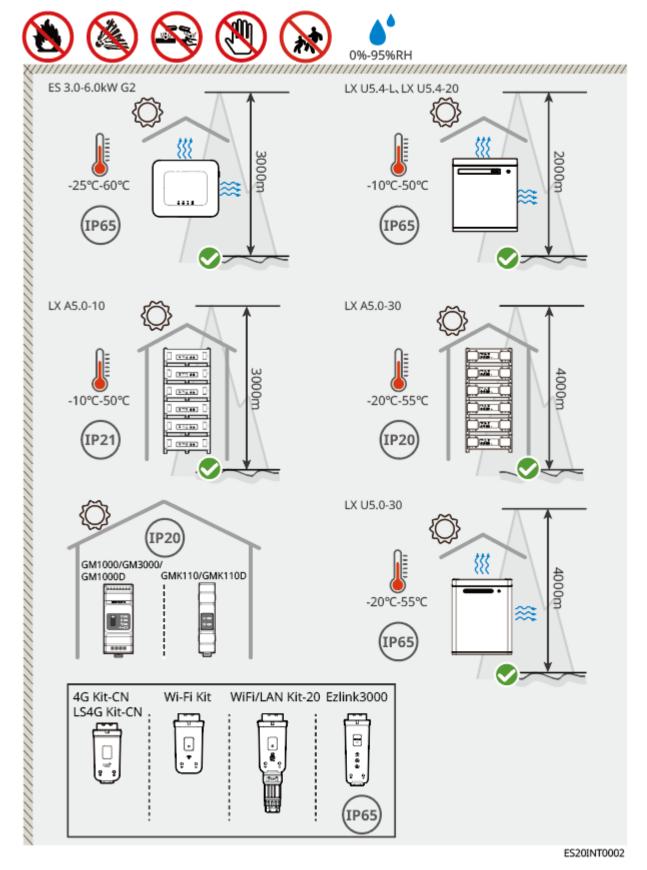


5.2 Installation Requirements

5.2.1 Installation Environment Requirements

- 1. Do not install the equipment in a place near flammable, explosive, or corrosive materials.
- 2. The temperature and humidity at the installation site should be within the appropriate range.
- 3. Do not install the equipment in a place that is easy to touch, especially within children's reach.
- 4. Do not touch the running equipment to avoid being hurt as its temperature may exceed 60°C.
- 5. Install the equipment in a sheltered place to avoid direct sunlight, rain, and snow. Build a sunshade if it is needed.
- 6. The place to install the equipment shall be well-ventilated for heat radiation and large enough for operations.
- 7. Check the protection rating of the equipment and ensure that the installation environment meets the requirements. The inverter, battery system, and smart dongle can be installed both indoors and outdoors. But the smart meter can only be installed indoors.
- 8. Install the equipment at a height that is convenient for operation and maintenance, electrical connections, and checking indicators and labels.
- 9. The altitude to install the equipment shall be lower than the maximum working altitude.
- 10. Consult the manufacturer before installing the equipment outdoors in salt affected areas. A salt affected area refers to the region within 500 meters offshore, and will be related to the sea wind, precipitation and topography.
- 11. Install the equipment away from electromagnetic interference. If there are radio stations or wireless communication equipment below 30 MHz near the installation location, please install the equipment as follows:
 - Inverter: add a multi-turn winding ferrite core at the AC output cable or DC output cable of the inverter, or add a low-pass EMI filter; or the distance between the inverter and the wireless electromagnetic interference device exceeds 30m.
 - Other equipment: the distance between the equipment and the wireless EMI equipment should be more than 30m.

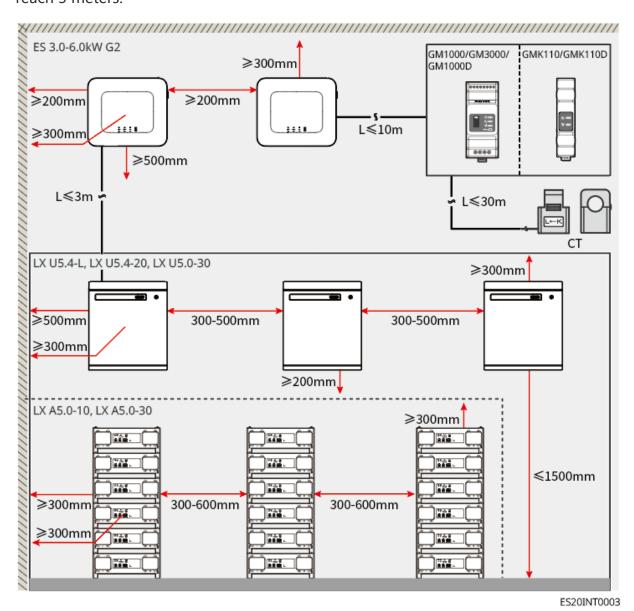
- LX A5.0-30, LX U5.0-30: Charging temperature range: 0<T≤55°C; Discharging temperature range: -20<T≤55°C
- LX A5.0-10, LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20: Charging temperature range: 0<T≤50°C; Discharging temperature range: -10<T≤50°C



5.2.2 Installation Space Requirements

Reserve enough space for operations and heat dissipation when installing the system. When using CAT7 communication cables among inverters, the maximum distance can

reach 10 meters. While using CAT5 communication cables, the maximum distance can reach 5 meters.



5.2.3 Tool Requirements

Notice

The following tools are recommended when installing the equipment. Use other auxiliary tools on site if necessary.

Installation Tools

Tool Descri	ription Tool	Description	
-------------	--------------	-------------	--

Diagonal pliers		RJ45 crimping tool
Wire stripper	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	YQK-70 hydraulic pliers
Adjustable wrench		PV connector tool PV-CZM-61100
Impact drill (drill bits Ф8mm, 10mm)		Torque wrench M4、M5、M6、M8、M10
Rubber hammer		Socket wrench set
Marker		Multimeter Range≤600V
Heat shrink tube		Heat gun
Cable tie		Vacuum cleaner
Level	-	-

Personal Protective Equipment

Tool	Description	Tool	Description
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5.3 Equipment Handling

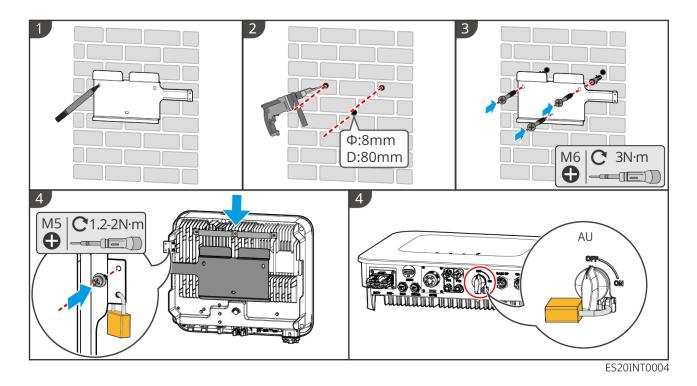
ACAUTION

- Operations such as transportation, turnover, installing and so on must meet the requirements of the laws and regulations of the country or region where it is located.
- Move the inverter to the site before installation. Follow the instructions below to avoid personal injury or equipment damage.
 - 1. Consider the weight of the equipment before moving it. Assign enough personnel to move the equipment to avoid personal injury.
 - 2. Wear safety gloves to avoid personal injury.
 - 3. Keep the equipment in balance during moving to avoid its falling down.

5.4 Installing the Inverter

ACAUTION

- Avoid the water pipes and cables buried in the wall when drilling holes.
- Wear goggles and a dust mask to prevent the dust from being inhaled or contacting eyes when drilling holes.
- Make sure the inverter is firmly installed in case of falling down.
- **Step 1:** Put the plate on the wall horizontally and mark positions for drilling holes.
- **Step 2:** Drill holes with hammer drill.
- **Step 3:** Use expansion bolts to fix the mounting plate on the wall.
- **Step 4:** Install the inverter on the mounting plate. Tighten the nuts to secure the mounting plate and the inverter.



5.5 Installing the Battery System

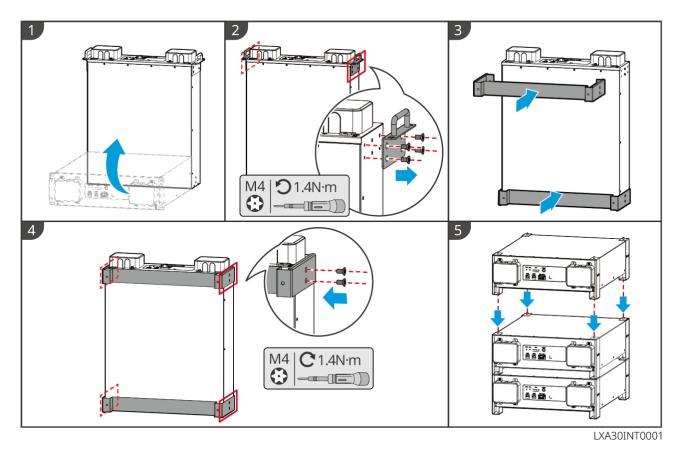
AWARNING

- Ensure that the battery system is installed vertically and securely. When using the locking bracket, the bracket should be vertically attached to the wall and the surface of the battery system.
- Cover the equipment with a cardboard to prevent foreign matters when drilling holes. Otherwise, the system may be damaged.
- After marking the drilling position with a marker pen, the battery system needs to be moved away to avoid equipment damage caused by the impact drill when drilling.

LX A5.0-30: Stacking Installation

Notice Up to 6 batteries can be stacked.

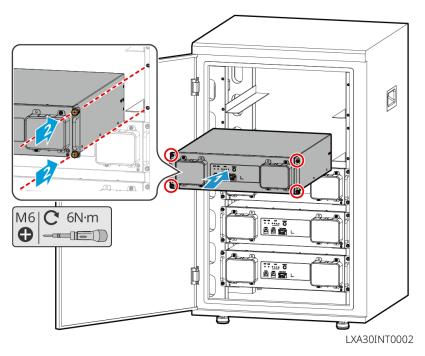
- **Step 1:** Place the battery vertically, and remove the battery handles.
- **Step 2:** Install brackets on the battery, and secure them with screws.
- **Step 3:** Place the battery flat and stack multiple batteries. Ensure that the locating pin is inserted into the locating hole.



LX A5.0-30: Cabinet Installation

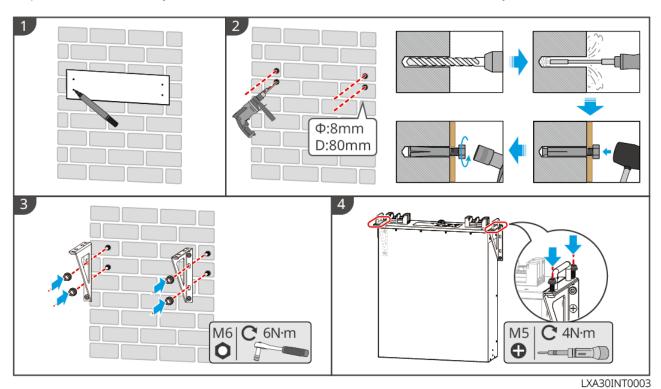
- It is recommended to install it in a 19-inch standard rack with a length*width of 600*800mm and above, and the height should be determined based on the thickness of the battery (133mm) and above.
- For rack-mounted installation, electrical labels and warning labels need to be attached to any position of the front panel of the battery (these labels are shipped as additional accessories).

Step 1: Place the battery on the guide rail of the rack and secure the battery to the rack with screws from the handle.



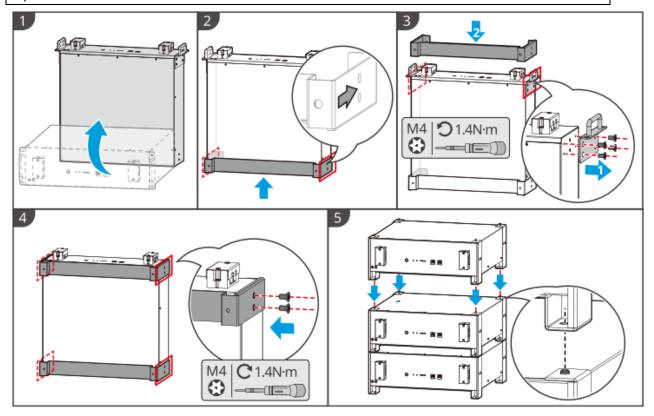
LX A5.0-30: Wall-mounted Installation

- **Step 1:** Determine the drilling position with installation positioning cardboard and marker pen.
- Step 2: Drill holes with hammer drill.
- **Step 3:** Install the battery brackets.
- Step 4: Install the battery on the brackets and use screws to secure the battery.



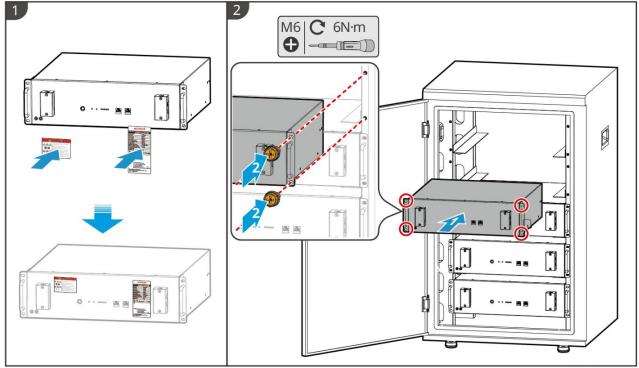
LX A5.0-10: Stacking Installation

Up to 6 batteries can be stacked.



LX A5.0-10: Cabinet Installation

- It is recommended to use a 19-inch standard rack with physical length and width of 600*800mm and above. The height can be chosen according to the number of batteries in parallel.
- For rack-mounted installation, electrical labels and warning labels need to be attached to any position of the front panel of the battery (these labels are shipped as additional accessories).
- **Step 1:** Stick the electrical label and warning label to the position of the front panel of any battery.
- **Step 2:** Place the battery on the guide rail of the rack and secure the battery to the rack with screws from the handle.



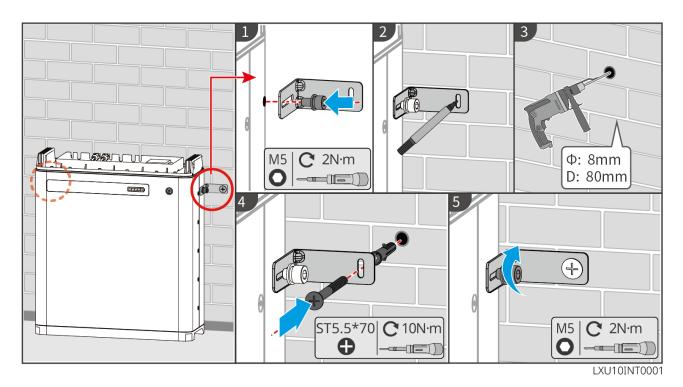
LXA10INT0002

LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20: Floor-mounted Installation

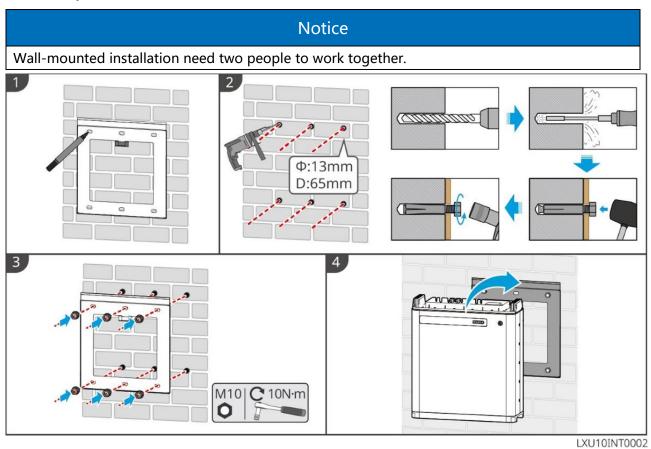
Notice

If parallel use is required, check and select batteries with similar production dates and numbers to use together.

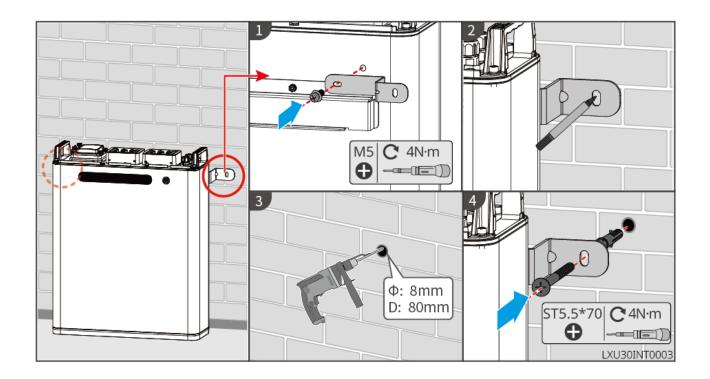
- **Step 1:** Secure the locking bracket to the battery.
- **Step 2:** Keep the battery parallel to the wall and ensure that the locking bracket is tightly attached to the wall. Ensure secure placement, mark the drilling position with a marker pen, and remove the battery.
- Step 3: Use an impact drill to drill holes in the wall.
- **Step 4:** Tighten the expansion screw.



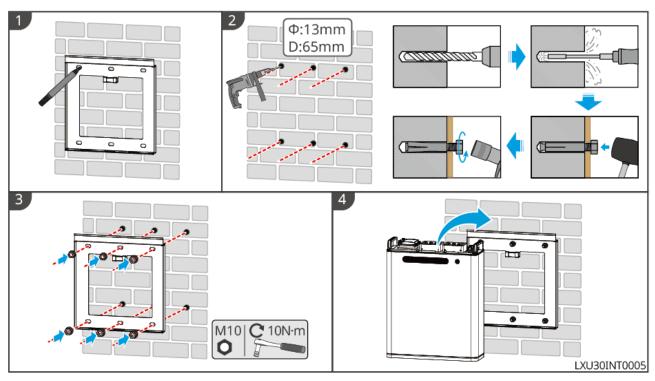
LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20: Wall-mounted Installation



LX U5.0-30: Floor-mounted Installation



LX U5.0-30: Wall-mounted Installation

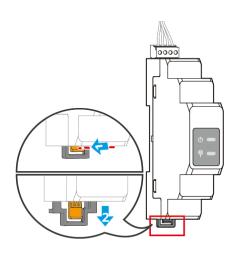


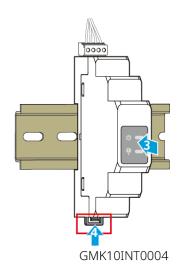
5.6 Installing the Smart Meter

WARNING

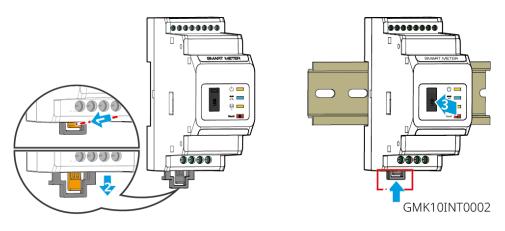
In areas at risk of lightning, if the meter cable exceeds 10m and the cables are not wired with grounded metal conduits, you are recommended to use an external lightning protection device.

GMK110, GMK110D





GM1000, GM1000D, GM3000



6 System Wirings

1 DANGER

- All operations, cables and parts specification during the electrical connection shall be in compliance with local laws and regulations.
- Disconnect the DC switch and the AC output switch of the inverter to power off the inverter before any electrical connections. Do not work with power on. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur.
- Tie the same type cables together, and place them separately from cables of different types. Do not place the cables entangled or crossed.
- If the cable bears too much tension, the connection may be poor. Reserve a certain length of the cable before connecting it to the inverter cable port.
- When crimping the terminals, ensure that the conductor part of the cable is in full
 contact with the terminals. Do not crimp the cable jacket with the terminal. Otherwise
 the inverter may not operate, or its terminal block getting damaged due to heating and
 other phenomenon because of unreliable connection after operation.

NOTICE

- Wear personal protective equipment like safety shoes, safety gloves, and insulating gloves during electrical connections.
- All electrical connections should be performed by qualified professionals.
- Cable colors in this document are for reference only. The cable specifications shall meet local laws and regulations.
- Please pay attention to following the safety precautions in the user manual corresponding to the relevant products in the parallel system.

6.1 System Wiring Diagram

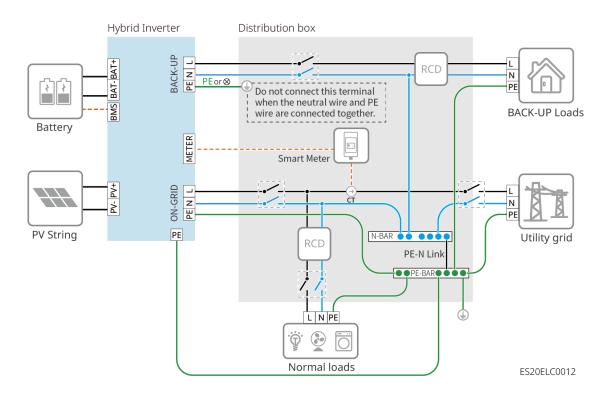
Notice

- N and PE wiring ON-GRID and BACK-UP of the inverter are different based on the regulation requirements of different regions. Refer to the specific requirements of local regulations.
- There are built-in relays inside of the inverter's ON-GRID and BACK-UP AC ports. When the inverter is in the off-grid mode, the built-in ON-GRID relay is open; while when the inverter is in grid-tied mode, it is closed.
- When the inverter is powered on, the BACK-UP AC port is charged. Power off the
 inverter first if maintenance is required on the BACK-UP loads. Otherwise, it may cause
 electric shock.

N and PE Cables are Wired Together in the Main Panel

Notice

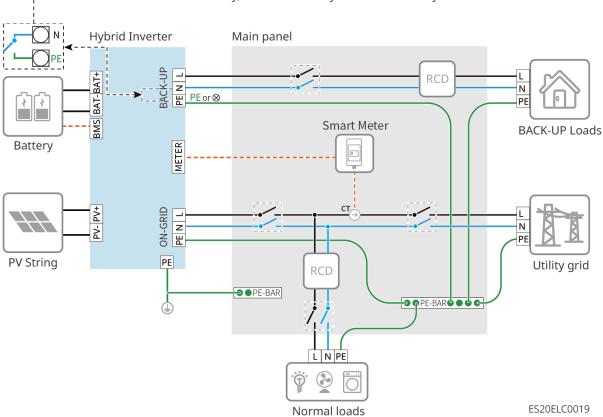
- To maintain neutral integrity, the N wires on the grid side and off grid side must be connected together, otherwise the off grid function cannot be used normally.
- Circuit diagram of power grid systems in regions such as Australia and New Zealand:



N and PE Cables are Wired Separately in the Main Panel.

Notice

- Ensure that the grounding of BACK-UP is correctly and tightened. Otherwise, the BACK-UP function may be abnormal in case of grid failure.
- Other areas except Australia, New Zealand are applicable to the following wirings:
 - In Germany, the internal relay will automatically connect the N wire and PE cable in back-up mode within 100ms and automatically disconnect in on-grid mode.
 - In areas other than Germany, the internal relay is disconnected by default in either mode.

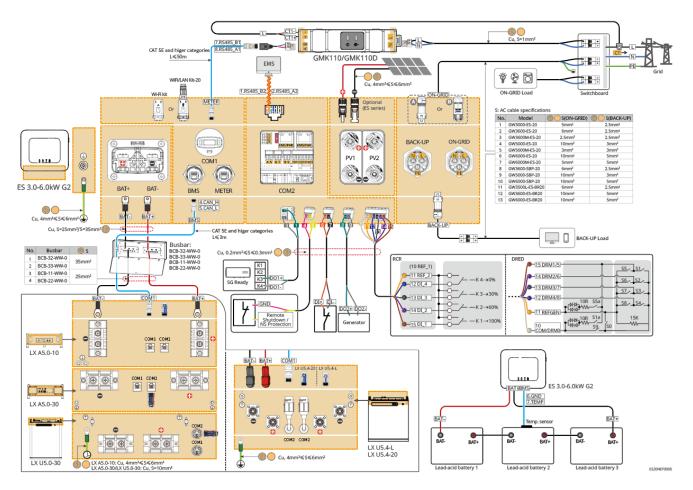


6.2 Detailed System Wiring Diagram

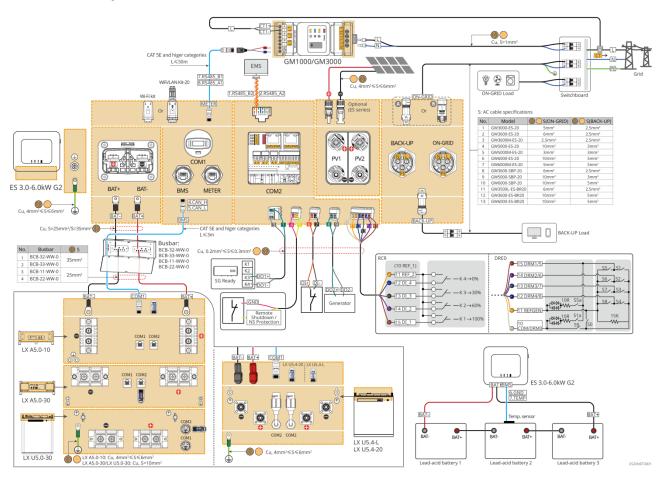
6.2.1 Detailed System Wiring Diagram for Single Inverter System

GM330 and other meters that meet the requirements can also be used in single inverter scenarios. Only the recommended types are shown here.

With GMK110/GMK110D smart meter



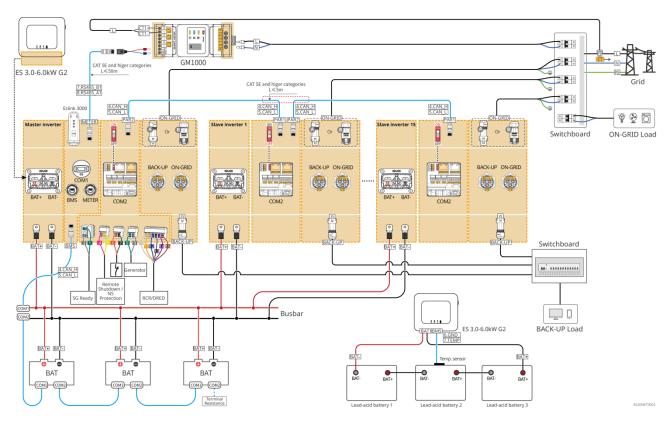
With GM1000/GM3000 smart meter



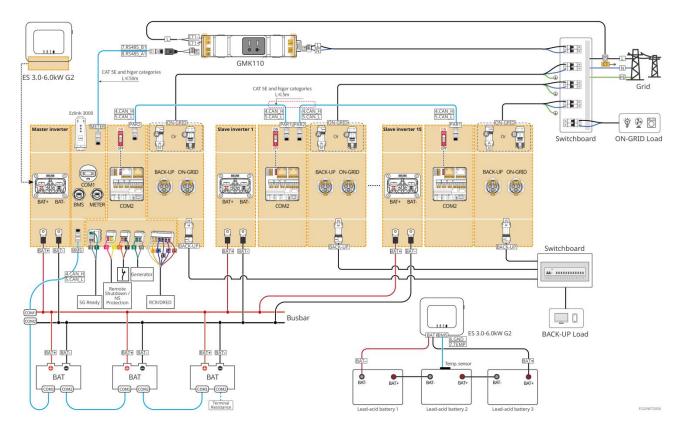
6.2.2 Detailed System Wiring Diagram for Parallel System

- In parallel scenarios, the inverter connected to Ezlink and smart meter is considered as
 the master inverter, while all the others are slave inverters. Do not connect any smart
 dongle to the slave inverters.
- Generators are not supported in parallel system.
- The following diagram mainly introduces parallel connections. For other port connections, refer to the single system.

With GM1000 Smart Meter



With GMK110 Smart Meter



6.3 Preparing Materials

WARNING

- Do not connect loads between the inverter and the AC switch directly connected to the inverter.
- Install one AC output circuit breaker for each inverter. Multiple inverters cannot share one AC circuit breaker.
- An AC circuit breaker shall be installed on the AC side to make sure that the inverter can safely disconnect the grid when an exception happens. Select the appropriate AC circuit breaker in compliance with local laws and regulations.
- When the inverter is powered on, the BACK-UP AC port is charged. Power off the inverter first if maintenance is required on the BACK-UP loads. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock.
- For cables used in the same system, it is recommended that the conductor material, cross sectional area, length, etc. of the cables should be consistent.
 - O The AC cable for BACK-UP port of each inverter
 - O The AC cable for ON-GRID port of each inverter
 - O The power cable between inverter and battery
 - O The power cable between batteries
 - O The power cable between inverter and busbar

6.3.1 Preparing Breakers

No.	Circuit Breaker	Recommended specifications	Comment
1	ON-GRID circuit breaker BACK-UP load circuit breaker	The breaker specifications for the BACK-UP and ON-GRID for one inverter model shall be the same. Specification requirement: • For GW3600M-ES-20: the nominal current is ≥20A and the nominal voltage is ≥230V. • For GW3000-ES-20, GW5000M-ES-20 and GW6000M-ES-20: the nominal current is ≥35A and the nominal voltage is ≥230V. • For GW3600-ES-20 and GW3600-ES-BR20: the nominal current is ≥40A and the nominal voltage is ≥230V • For GW3500L-ES-BR20, GW5000-ES-20, GW6000-ES-20 and GW6000-ESBR20: the nominal current≥63A and the nominal voltage≥230V	Prepared by customers
2	Battery breaker	 Select according to local laws and regulations For GW3000-ES-20, GW3600M-ES-20, GW5000M-ES-20 and GW6000M-ES-20: the nominal current≥75A and the nominal voltage≥60V. For GW3600-ES-20, GW3500L-ES-BR20 and GW3600-ES-BR20: the nominal current is ≥100A and the nominal voltage is ≥60V. For GW5000-ES-20, GW6000-ES-20 and GW6000-ES-BR20: the nominal current is ≥150A and the nominal voltage is ≥60V. 	Prepared by customers
3	RCD	 Select according to local laws and regulations Type A ON-GRID: 300mA BACK-UP: 30mA 	Prepared by customers

6.3.2 Preparing Cables

No.	Cable	Recommended specifications	Obtain method
1	Inverter PE cable	 Single-core outdoor copper cable Cross-sectional area: 4-6mm² 	Prepared by customers
2	Battery PE cable	 Single-core outdoor copper cable Cross-sectional area: LX A5.0-10, LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20: 4mm²-6mm² LX A5.0-30, LX U5.0-30: 10mm² 	Prepared by customers LX A5.0-30, LX U5.0-30: Supports purchase from GoodWe
3	PV DC cable	 Commonly used outdoor photovoltaic cable Cross-sectional area: 4mm²-6mm² Outer diameter: 5.9mm-8.8mm 	Prepared by customers
4	Battery DC cable	 Single-core outdoor copper cable Wiring requirements for inverter battery ports: Cross-sectional area: 25mm²-35mm² Outer diameter: 15.7mm-16.7mm Requirements for cables between battery and busbar: LX A5.0-30, Cross-sectional area: 50mm² LX A5.0-10, LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20, LX U5.0-30, Conductor cross-sectional area: 25mm² Requirements for cables between batteries: LX A5.0-30, Cross-sectional area: 50mm² LX A5.0-10, LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20, LX U5.0-30, Conductor cross-sectional area: 25mm² (Note: when LX U5.0-30 is not connected to a busbar, recommended conductor cross-sectional area: 35mm²) 	Prepared by customers LX A5.0-30, LX U5.0-30: supports purchase from GoodWe
5	BACK-UP/ON- GRID AC cable	Multi-cores or single-core outdoor copper wire, please refer to the following table for specific	Prepared by customers

		specifications	
6	Smart meter power cable	 Outdoor copper cable Cross-sectional area: 1mm² 	Prepared by customers
7	7 Communication	CAT 5E and above standard shielded network cable and RJ45 shielded connector Suitable for the following cables: Communication cable between batteries Smart meter RS485 communication cable Communication cable for inverters connected in parallel. EMS communication cable	Prepared by customers LX A5.0-30, LX U5.0-30 battery communication cable: Supports purchase from GoodWe
8	cable	Copper core twisted pair cable, cross-sectional area: 0.2mm²-0.3mm² Suitable for the following cables: Communication cable for load control Communication cable for generator control Communication cable for remote shutdown NS Protection communication cable RCR/DRED communication cable	Prepared by customers

AC cable specifications requirement:

No.	Model	S (ON-GRID)	S (BACK-UP)
1	GW3000-ES-20	5mm²	2.5mm²
2	GW3600-ES-20	6mm²	2.5mm²
3	GW3600M-ES-20	2.5mm²	2.5mm²
4	GW5000-ES-20	10mm²	3mm²
5	GW5000M-ES-20	3mm²	3mm²
6	GW6000-ES-20	10mm²	5mm²
7	GW6000M-ES-20	5mm²	5mm²

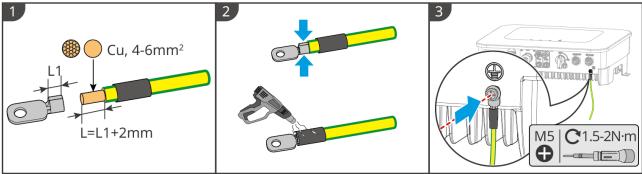
8	GW3600-SBP-20	6mm²	2.5mm²
9	GW5000-SBP-20	10mm²	3mm²
10	GW6000-SBP-20	10mm²	5mm²
11	GW3500L-ES-BR20	6mm²	2.5mm²
12	GW3600-ES-BR20	10mm²	5mm²
13	GW6000-ES-BR20	10mm²	5mm ²

6.4 Connecting the PE cable

AWARNING

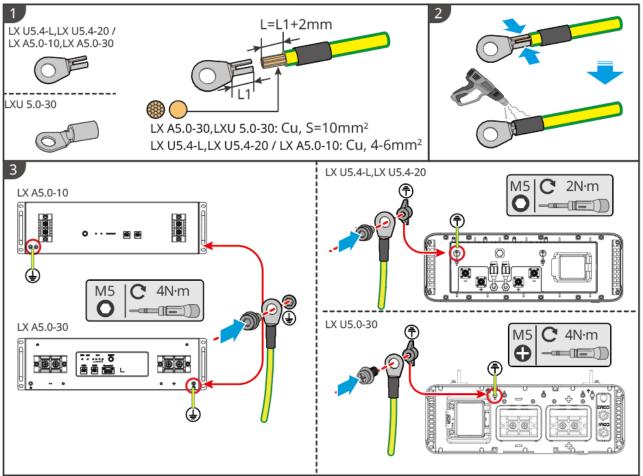
- The PE cable connected to the enclosure of the inverter cannot replace the PE cable connected to the AC output port. Both of the two PE cables must be securely connected
- Make sure that all the grounding points on the enclosures are equipotentially connected when there are multiple inverters.
- To improve the corrosion resistance of the terminal, it is recommended to apply silica gel or paint on the ground terminal after installing the PE cable.
- Connect the PE cable first before installing the equipment. Disconnect the PE cable before dismantling the equipment.

Inverter



ES20ELC0001

Battery



ESU10ELC0004

6.5 Connecting the PV Cable

- Do not connect one PV string to more than one inverter at the same time. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the inverter.
- Confirm the following information before connecting the PV string to the inverter. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged permanently or even cause fire and cause personal and property losses.
 - 1. Make sure that the max short circuit current and the maximum input voltage per MPPT are within the permissible range.
 - 2. Make sure that the positive pole of the PV string connects to the PV+ of the inverter. And the negative pole of the PV string connects to the PV- of the inverter.

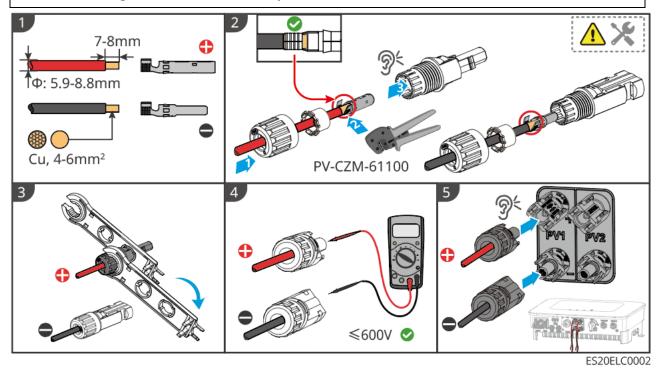
NWARNING

• The PV strings cannot be grounded. Ensure the minimum insulation resistance of the PV string to the ground meets the minimum insulation resistance requirements before connecting the PV string to the inverter (R=maximum input voltage/ 30mA).

- Ensure the DC cables are connected tightly, securely, and correctly.
- Measure the DC cables with a multimeter to avoid reverse polarity connection. Also, the voltage should be under the permissible range.

Notice

The two input strings per MPPT should be of the same type, the same number of modules, the same tilt and angle to maximize efficiency.

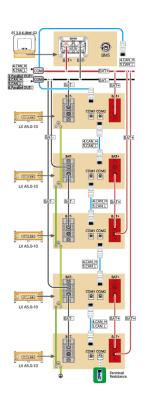


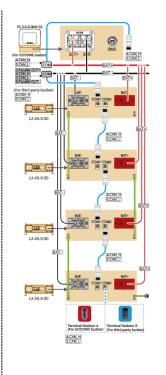
6.6 Connecting the Battery Cable

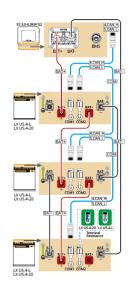
ADANGER

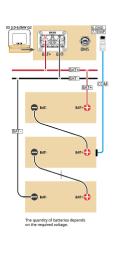
- Do not connect one battery pack to more than one inverter at the same time. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the inverter.
- It is forbidden to connect loads between the inverter and batteries.
- When connecting battery cables, use insulated tools to prevent accidental electric shock or short circuit to the batteries.
- Ensure that the open circuit voltage of the battery is within the permissible range of the inverter
- Install a DC breaker between the inverter and the battery in compliance with local laws and regulations.

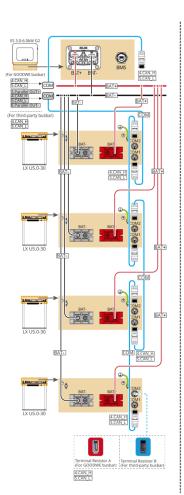
Battery system wiring diagram

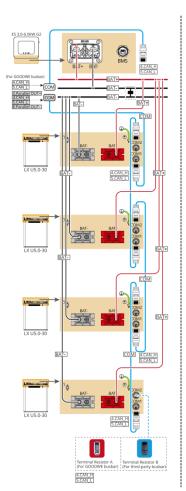




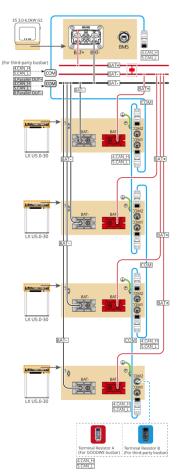








CAT 5E and higer categories

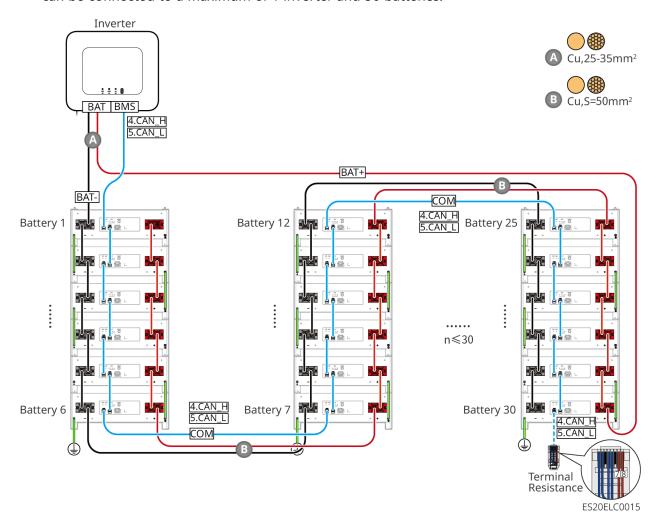


CAT 5E and higer categorie

ES20NET0007

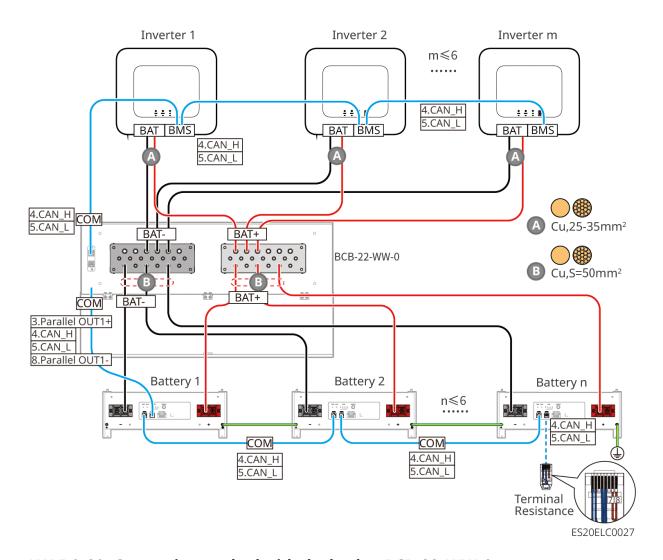
LXA5.0-30: Hand-to-hand connection

• The battery system supports a maximum working current of 160A, working power of 8kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 1 inverter and 30 batteries.



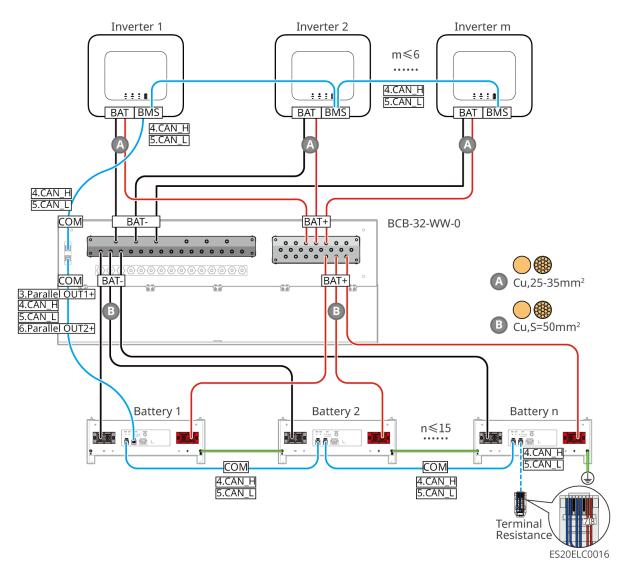
LXA5.0-30: Connecting method with the busbar BCB-22-WW-0

 The battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter and 6 batteries.



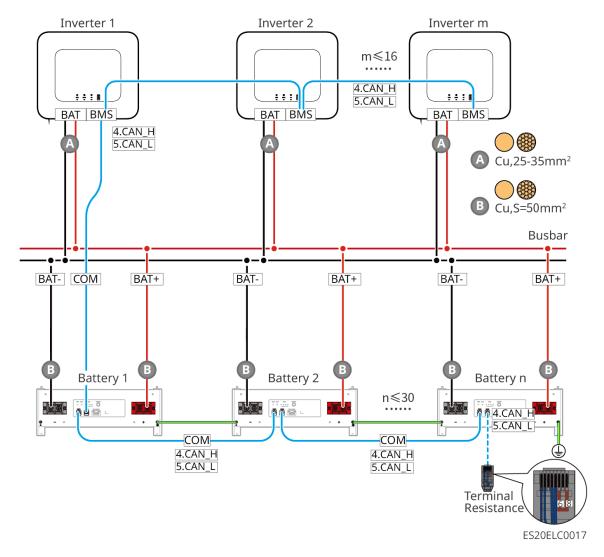
LXA5.0-30: Connecting method with the busbar BCB-32-WW-0

• The battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter and 15 batteries.



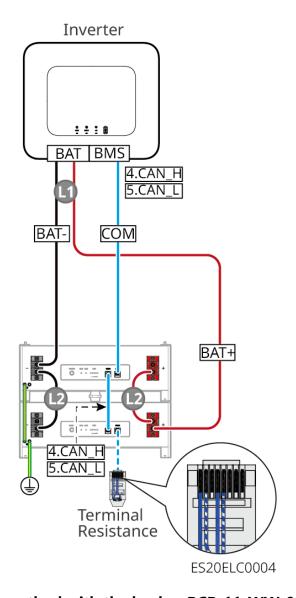
LXA5.0-30: Connecting method with the third-party busbar

- The complexity of the parallel system increases with the number of parallel inverters. When the number of parallel inverters in the system is ≥ 6, please contact the after-sales service center to confirm the installation and application environment of the inverters to ensure stable operation of the system.
- The nominal charging current of a single battery is 60A, and the nominal discharging current is 100A; the maximum charging current is 90A; the maximum discharging current is 150A. A maximum of 30 batteries can be connected in parallel in one system.



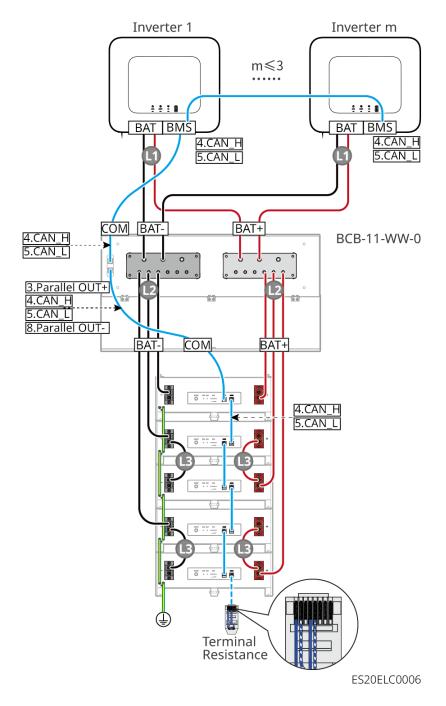
LX A5.0-10: Hand-to-hand connection

- The nominal charging and discharging current of a single battery is 60A.
- The battery system supports a maximum working current of 120A, working power of 6kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 1 inverter and 2 batteries.



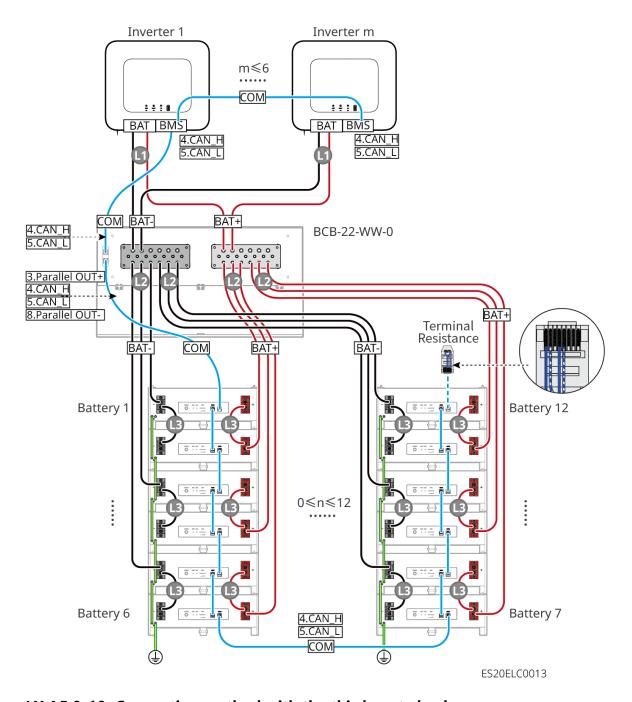
LX A5.0-10: Connecting method with the busbar BCB-11-WW-0

- The nominal charging and discharging current of a single battery is 60A.
- The battery system supports a maximum working current of 360A, working power of 18kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 3 inverter and 6 batteries.



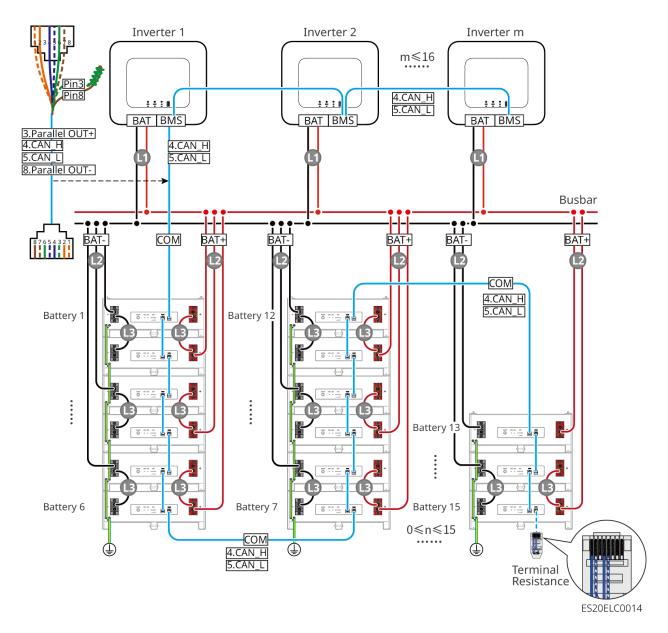
LX A5.0-10: Connecting method with the busbar BCB-22-WW-0

- The nominal charging and discharging current of a single battery is 60A.
- The battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter and 12 batteries.



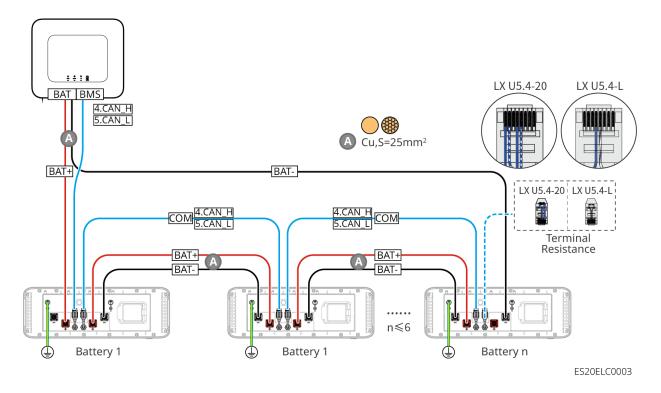
LX A5.0-10: Connecting method with the third-party busbar

- The nominal charging and discharging current of a single battery is 60A.
- The complexity of the parallel system increases with the number of parallel inverters. When the number of parallel inverters in the system is ≥ 6, please contact the after-sales service center to confirm the installation and application environment of the inverters to ensure stable operation of the system.
- The battery system supports a maximum working current of 900A, working power of 45kW, and can be connected to a maximum of and 15 batteries.



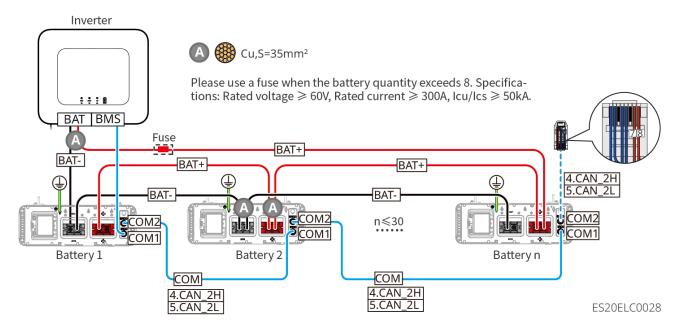
LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20:

- The nominal charging and discharging current of a single battery is 50A.
- The battery system supports a maximum working current of 100A, working power of 5kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 1 inverter and 6 batteries.
- It is recommended that the conductor material, cross sectional area, length, and etc. of the cables between inverters and batteries, and between batteries should be consistent.



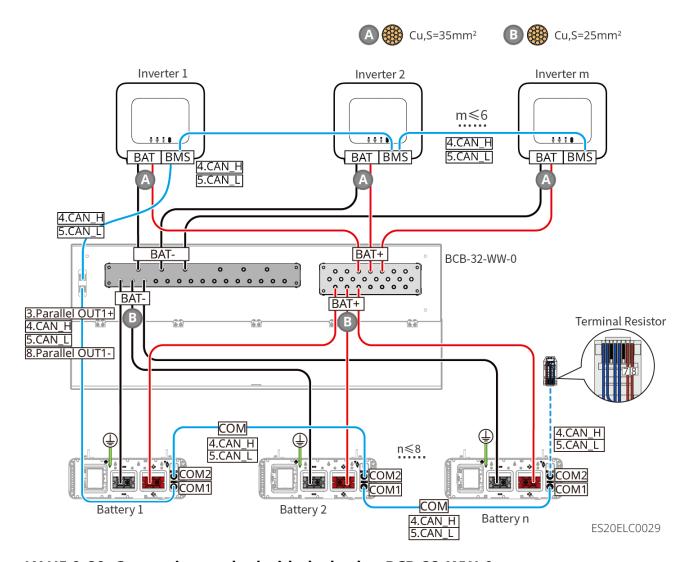
LX U5.0-30: Hand-to-hand connection

- The nominal charging current of a single battery is 60A, and the nominal discharging current is 100A; the maximum charging current is 90A; the maximum discharging current is 100A. A maximum of 30 batteries can be connected in parallel in one system.
- The battery system supports a maximum working current of 160A, working power of 8kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 1 inverter and 30 batteries.



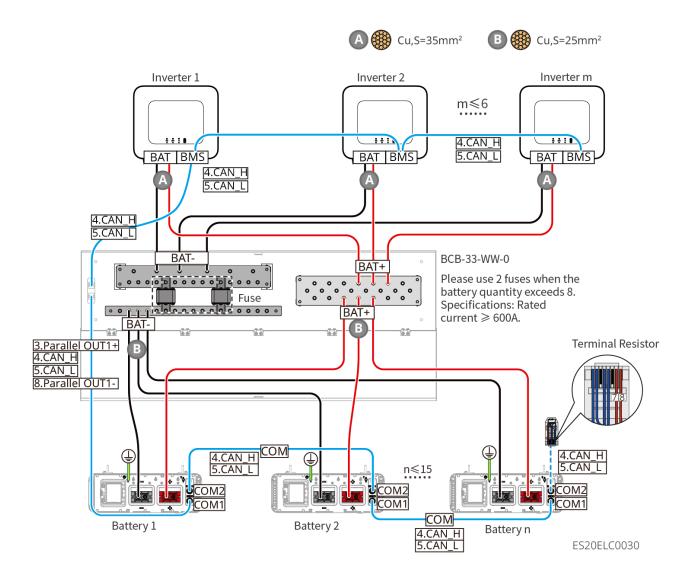
LX U5.0-30: Connecting method with the busbar BCB-32-WW-0

• The battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter and 8 batteries.



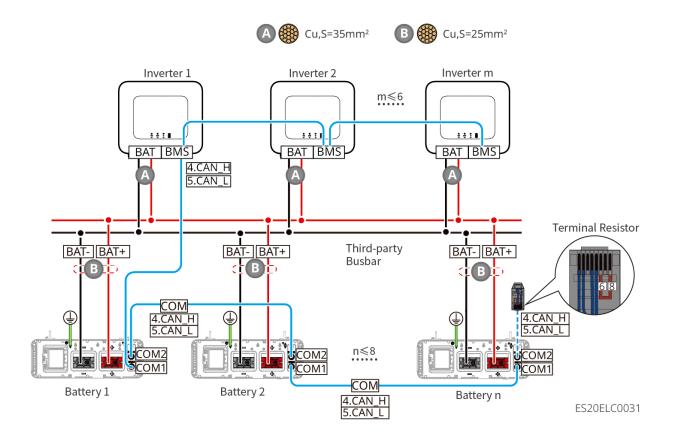
LX U5.0-30: Connecting method with the busbar BCB-33-WW-0

 The battery system supports a maximum working current of 720A, working power of 36kW, and can be connected to a maximum of 6 inverter and 15 batteries. When the number of batteries exceeds 8, two 600A fuses need to be connected in parallel.

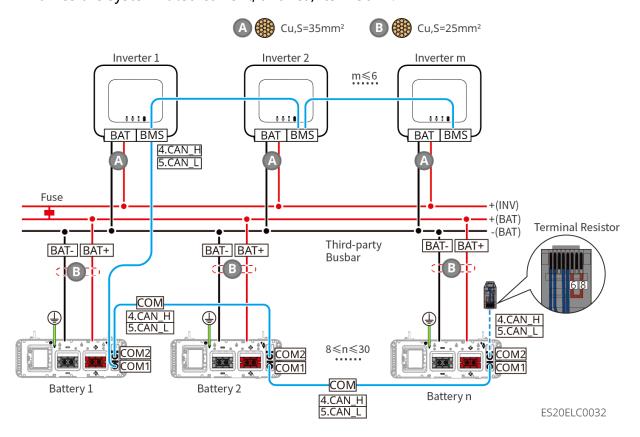


LX U5.0-30: Connecting method with the third-party busbar

• When the battery quantity ≤ 8 , the batteries can be directly connected to the busbar.



 When 8<battery quantity ≤ 30, a fuse needs to be connected between the busbar and the inverter. Recommended specifications: nominal voltage>80V, nominal current ≥ 1.6 times the system rated current, and Icu/Ics ≥ 50kA.



LX A5.0-30 Communication Port Definition

PIN	СОМ1	COM2	Description
1	-	-	Reserved
2	-	-	neser ved
3	Parallel OUT+	Parallel OUT+	Parallel communication port
4	CAN_H	CAN_H	Connect the inverter communication port
5	CAN_L	CAN_L	or battery parallel communication port
6	Parallel OUT2+	Parallel OUT2+	Parallel interlock communication port
7	-	-	Reserved
8	Parallel OUT-	Parallel OUT-	Parallel communication port

LX A5.0-10 Communication Port Definition

PIN	СОМ1	COM2	Description
1	-	-	Reserved
2	-	-	reserved
3	Parallel OUT+	Parallel OUT+	Parallel communication port
4	CAN_H	CAN_H	Connect the inverter communication port
5	CAN_L	CAN_L	or battery parallel communication port
6	-	-	Reserved
7	-	-	10301700
8	Parallel OUT-	Parallel OUT-	Parallel communication port

LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20 Communication Port Definition

PIN	СОМ1	СОМ2	Description
1	RS485_A1	RS485_A1	Reserved
2	RS485_B1	RS485_B1	TRESELVED

3	-	-	Reserved
4	CAN_H	CAN_H	Connect the inverter communication port
5	CAN_L	CAN_L	or battery parallel communication port
6	-	-	Reserved
7	-	-	Reserved
8	-	-	Reserved

LX U5.0-30 Communication Port Definition

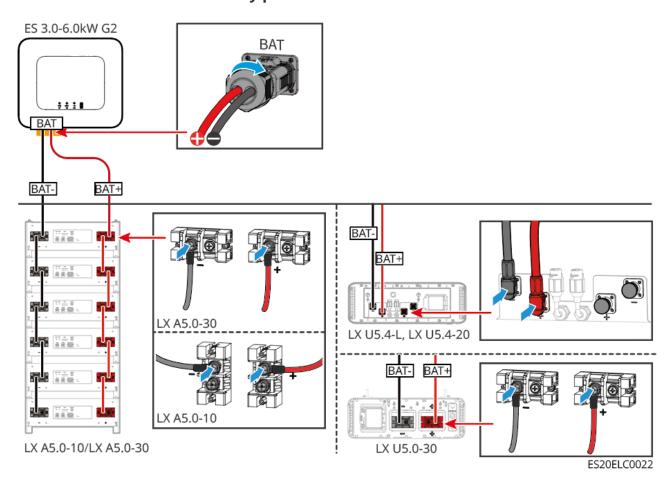
PIN	СОМ1	COM2	Description
1	RS485_A1	RS485_A1	RS485 Communication
2	RS485_B1	RS485_B1	NS403 Communication
3	Parallel OUT+	Parallel OUT+	Parallel communication port
4	CAN_H	CAN_H	Connect the inverter communication port
5	CAN_L	CAN_L	or battery parallel communication port
6	Parallel OUT 2+	Parallel OUT 2+	Parallel communication port
7	-	-	Reserved
8	Parallel OUT-	Parallel OUT-	Parallel communication port

6.6.1 Connecting the Power Cable between the Inverter and Battery

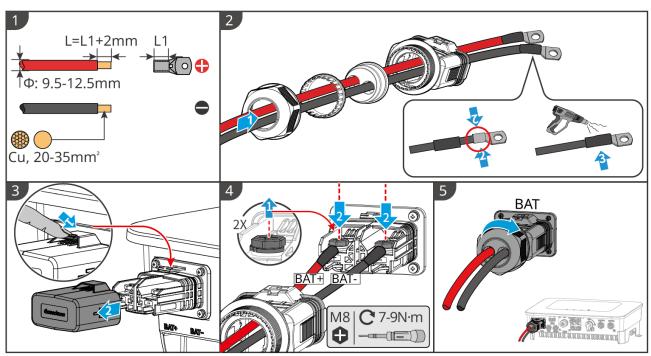
MARNING

- Measure the DC cables with a multimeter to avoid reverse polarity connection. Also, the voltage should be kept within the permissible range.
- Connect the battery cables to the corresponding terminals such BAT+, BAT- and grounding ports correctly. Otherwise it will cause damage to the inverter.
- Ensure that the whole cable cores are inserted into the terminal holes, and no part of the cable core can be exposed.
- Ensure that the cables are connected securely. Otherwise it will cause damage to the inverter due to overheat during its operation.
- Do not connect one battery pack to more than one inverter at the same time. Otherwise,

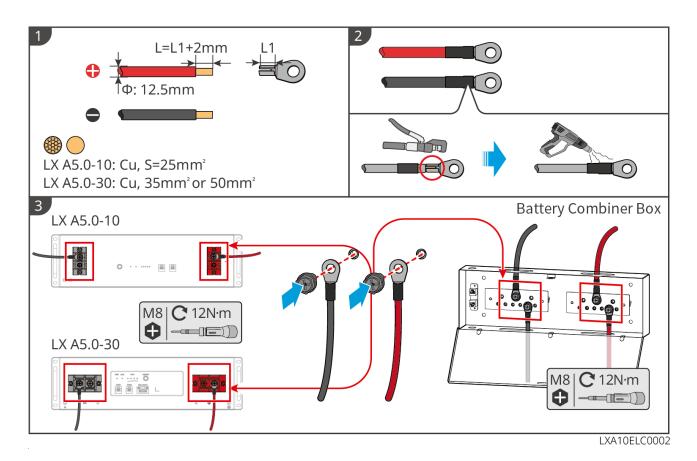
Overview of inverter and battery power cable



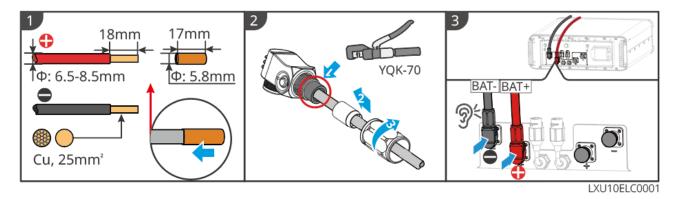
Make the Inverter Power Cable



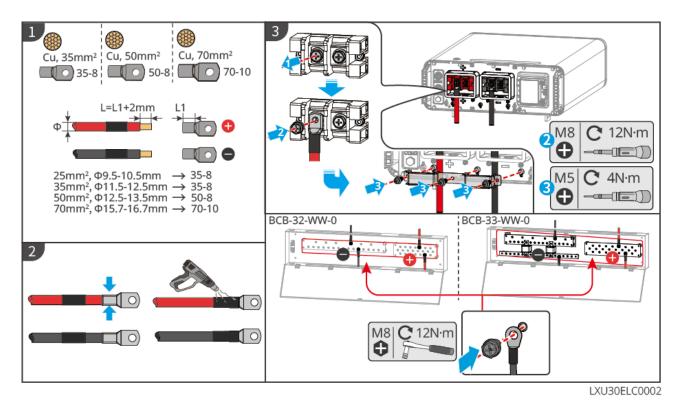
ES20ELC0005



Make the Battery Power Cable (LX U5.4-L and LX U5.4-20)



Make the Battery Power Cable (LX U5.0-30)

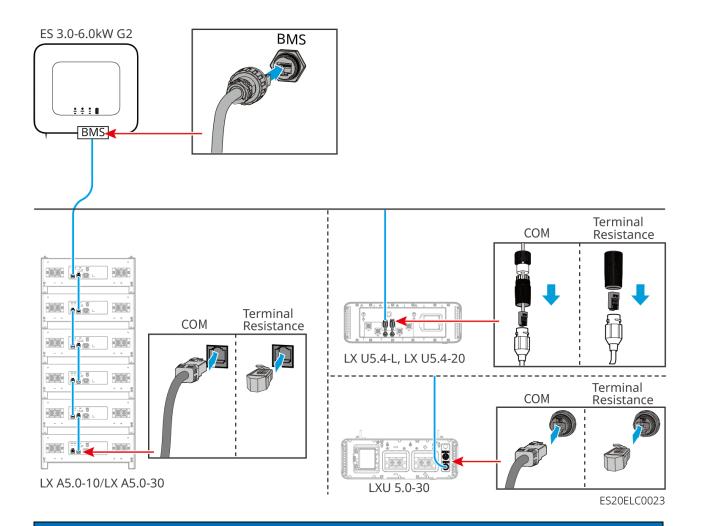


6.6.2 Connecting the Communication Cable between an Inverter

and Battery

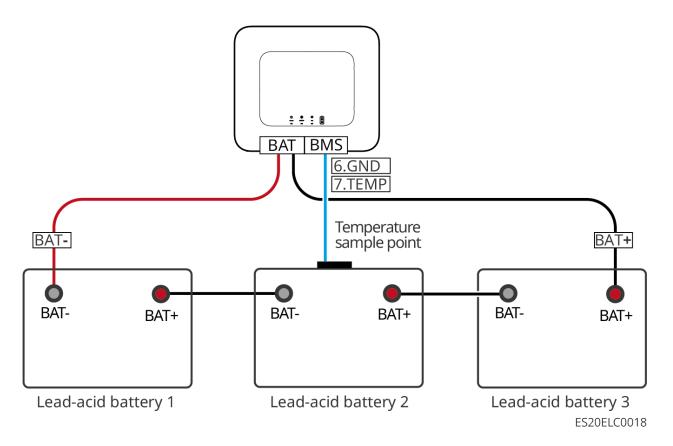
Instructions for BMS communication connection between an inverter and battery

Inverter port	Connected to the battery port	Port Definition	Description
BMS(CAN)	COM1	4: CAN_H 5: CAN_L	 The inverter communicates with the battery through CAN. If the communication cable provided with the box cannot meet the requirements, only PIN4 and PIN5 of the registered jack connector should be crimped when crimping selfmade cables, otherwise communication failure may occur.



Notice

- When connecting the lead-acid battery temperature sensor cable, it is
 recommended to connect the temperature sensor cable at a location with poor heat
 dissipation. For example, when lead-acid batteries are placed side by side, the
 sensor should be fixed on the lead-acid battery located in the middle.
- In order to better protect the battery cells, a temperature sampling cable must be installed, and it is recommended to place the battery in an environment with good heat dissipation.



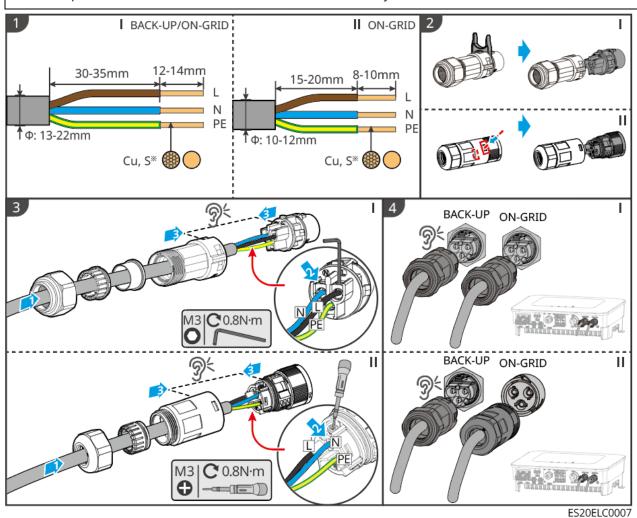
6.7 Connecting the AC Cable

AWARNING

- The residual current monitoring unit (RCMU) is integrated into the inverter to avoid the residual current exceeds the limit. The inverter will disconnect the utility grid quickly once it found the residual current exceeds the limit.
- Connect the AC cables to the corresponding terminals such as "BACK- UP", "ON-GRID", ports correctly. Otherwise it will cause damage to the inverter.
- Ensure that the whole cable cores are inserted into the terminal holes, and no part of the cable core can be exposed.
- Ensure that the insulation board is inserted into the AC terminal tightly.
- Ensure that the cables are connected securely. Otherwise it will cause damage to the inverter due to overheat during its operation.
- Power off the inverter before operations and maintenance. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged or electric shocks may occur.
- Do not connect 3 single-phase inverters to the three phases of the grid respectively in a parallel system. Otherwise, it will cause system error or damage to the inverters.
 - O Error case: the master inverter is connected to L1, slave inverter 1 is connected to L2, and slave inverter 2 is connected to L3 to form a three-phase system.
 - O Correct case: the master inverter is connected to L1, and the slave inverter is connected

to L1.

- Ensure that wiring sequences are the same. Do not connect L and N cables reversely on the ON-GRID port and on the BACK-UP port as well. Ensure all L and N cables are parallelized respectively on the BACK-UP port.
- For one parallel system, ensure the conductor's materials, cross-sectional areas and lengths of AC cables between the Master Inverter and its slaves on the BACK-UP port and on the ON-GRID port, as well as the DC cables between the battery and the inverter, are the same.



6.8 Connecting the Meter Cable

Notice

- Contact the manufacturer for additional smart meters if multiple inverters are connected.
- Ensure that the CT is connected in the correct direction and phase sequences, otherwise the monitoring data will be incorrect.
- Ensure all cables are connected tightly, securely, and correctly. Inappropriate wiring may cause poor contacts or high impedances, and damage the inverter.
- In areas at risk of lightning, if the meter cable exceeds 10m and the cables are not wired with grounded metal conduits, you are recommended to use an external lightning protection

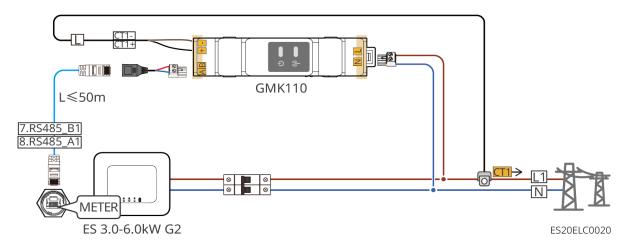
device.

Wiring of GMK110

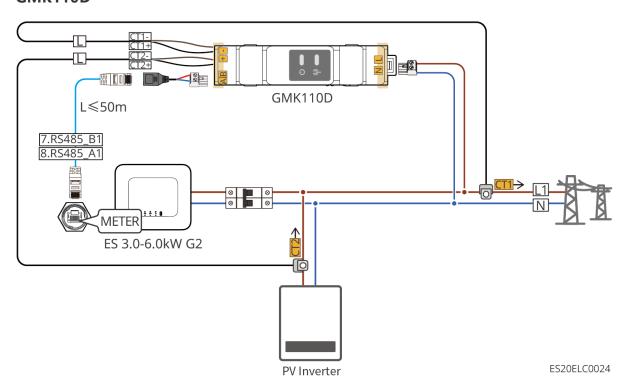
Notice

- Outer diameter of the AC cable should be smaller than the holes diameter of the CT, so that the AC cable can be routed through the CT.
- To ensure accurate current detection, the CT cable is recommended to be shorter than 30m.
- Do not use network cable as the CT cable, otherwise the smart meter may be damaged due to high current.
- The CTs vary slightly in dimensions and appearance depending on the model, but they are installed and connected in the same way.

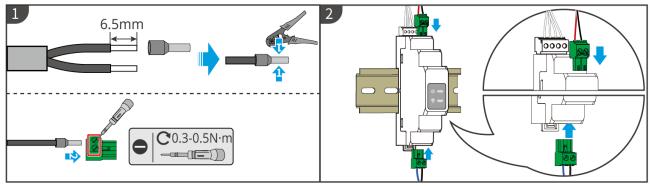
GMK110



GMK110D



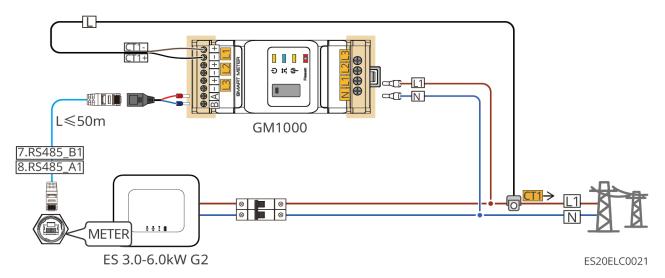
Connection steps



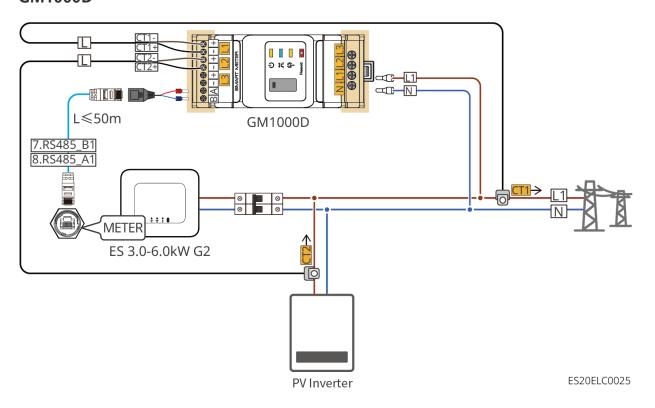
► GMK110: CT1+/CT1-; GMK110D: CT1+/CT1-, CT2+/CT2-

GMK10ELC0002

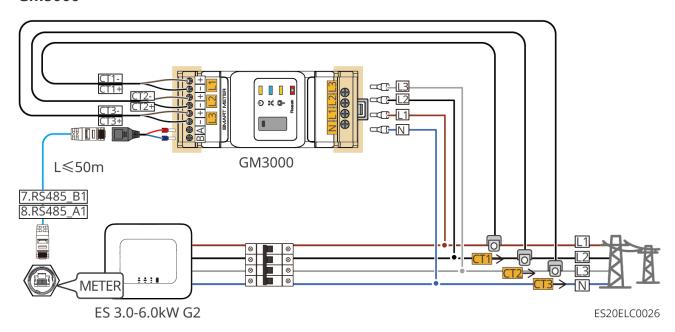
GM1000



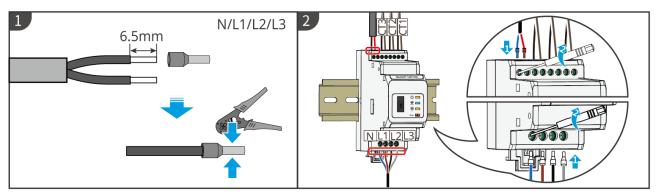
GM1000D



GM3000



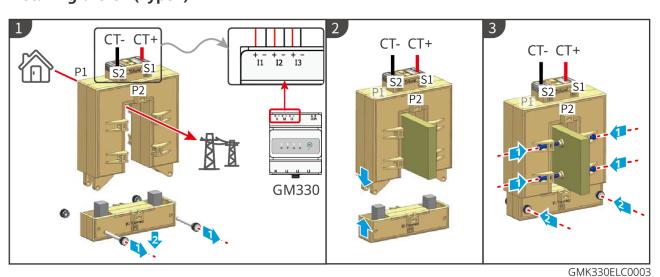
Connection steps



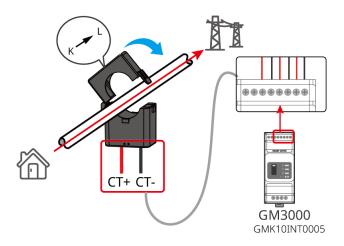
► GM1000: CT x 1; GM1000D: CT x 2; GM3000: CT x 3

GMK10ELC0003

Installing the CT (Type I)



Installing the CT (Type II)

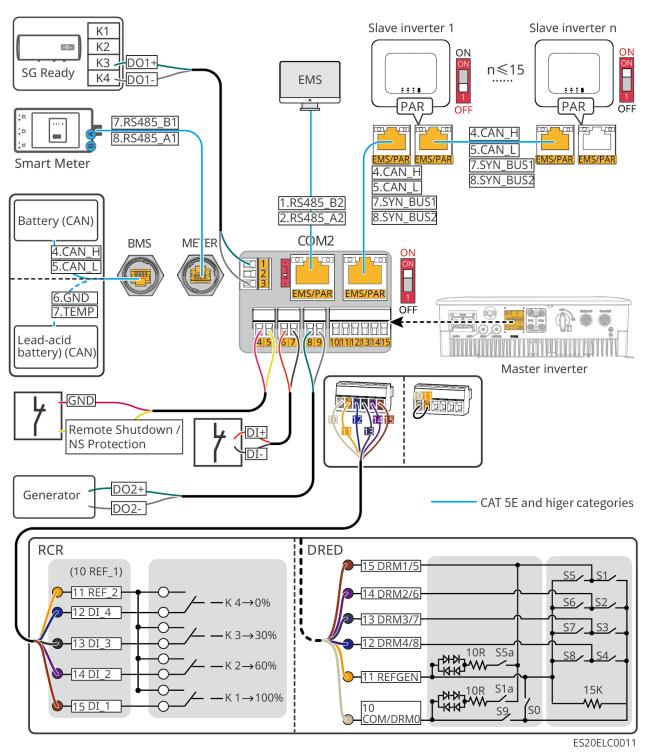


6.9 Connecting the Inverter Communication Cable

Notice

- The communication functions are optional. Connect the cables based on actual needs.
- If you need to use the remote shutdown function, please turn it on in the SolarGo App after wiring is completed.
- Do not turn on the remote shutdown function in the SolarGo App if the inverter is not connected to a remote shutdown device, otherwise the inverter will be unable to operate on-grid.
- In a parallel system, please connect the communication cable to the master inverter to achieve the remote shutdown function, otherwise, the function will not work.

Communication Descriptions



Port

Support connecting dry contact signals to achieve load control and other functions. DO contact capacity is 12V
DC@1A, NO/COM normally open contact

Support SG Ready heat pump connection, to control the heat pump through dry contact signal

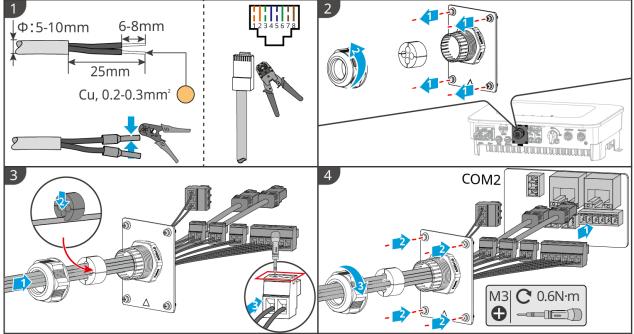
Supported working modes:

O Working mode 2 (signal: 0:0): Energy saving mode, in

		which the heat pump operates in energy-saving mode Working mode 3 (signal: 0:1): It is recommended to activate. In this mode, the heat pump increases the hot water reserve to store heat while maintaining its current operation
		Provide signal control ports to remotely shut down the
		equipment or implement NS protection functions.
		Remote Shutdown Function:
	Remote	Control the inverter to stop when there is accident
4-5	Shutdown/NS	The remote shutdown device needs to be a normally closed
	Protection	switch
		When using the RCR or DRED function of the inverter,
		please ensure that the remote shutdown device is
		connected or the remote shutdown port is short-circuited
	Digital Signal	Normally closed switch. The inverter supports access to remote
6-7	Control	commands, alarming or other DI signals via DI ports.
8-9	Generator start/stop controlling Port	Support accessing the generator controlling signals Do not connect the generator power cable to the inverter AC port
10.15	DRED or RCR functional	 RCR (Ripple Control Receiver): Provide RCR signal control port to meet the power grid dispatch needs in Germany and other regions.
10-15	connection port (DRED/RCR)	DRED (Demand Response Enabling Device): Provided DRED signal control port to meet DERD certification requirements in Australia and other regions.
EMS/PAR	EMS Communication Port Parallel communication port	 When used to connect third-party EMS devices, RS485 communication is supported, but in parallel scenarios, connecting to third-party EMS devices is not supported. When used for parallel system communication, it supports connecting other inverters using CAN communication; Control the on/off grid status of each inverter in parallel system using BUS bus.
BMS	Battery BMS	When connecting lead-acid batteries, a temperature sensor

	communication	 cable is used to connect lead-acid temperature sensors. When connecting lithium-ion batteries, it is used to connect the BMS communication cable of the battery system and supports CAN signal communication.
METER	Meter communication	Support the use of RS485 communication to connect external smart meters.

Connecting the communication cable



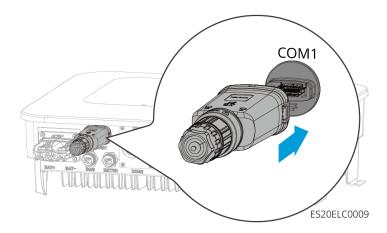
ES20ELC0008

6.10 Connect the Smart Dongle

Notice

- The inverter supports communication with a mobile phone or WEB interface via Bluetooth, 4G, WiFi, or LAN smart dongle to set device parameters, view device operation information, error information, and keep abreast of system status.
- When the system contains multiple inverters, the main inverter needs to be installed with an Ezlink3000.
- When the energy storage system has only one inverter, WiFi-Kit, WiFi/LAN Kit-20, or 4G smart dongle can be used.
- When WiFi communication is selected to connect the inverter to a router, WiFi-Kit, WiFi/LAN Kit-20, or Ezlink3000 smart dongle can be used.
- When LAN communication is selected to connect the inverter to a router, WiFi/LAN Kit-20 or Ezlink3000 smart dongle can be used.

- When 4G communication is selected to upload the operation information of the energy storage system to the monitoring platform, LS4G Kit-CN, 4G Kit-CN, or 4G Kit-CN-G20 can be used. When using LS4G Kit-CN or 4G Kit-CN, you need to use the smart dongle delivered with the inverter to configure the parameters of the energy storage system. After the configuration is completed, replace it with LS4G Kit-CN or 4G Kit-CN for data transmission. When using 4G Kit-CN-G20, please use the emitted Bluetooth signal to configure the near-end device.
- The 4G dongle is a LTE single-antenna device, applicable to scenarios with low data transmission rate requirements.
- The built-in SIM card of the 4G module is a mobile communication card. Please confirm whether the device is installed in an area covered by mobile 4G signals.
- The 4G Kit-CN-G20 communication dongle supports the replacement of operator communication cards. If the local mobile signal is not covered, please contact the aftersales service center to replace it with a communication card of another operator.
- After installing the 4G Kit-CN-G20, please contact the after-sales service center to bind
 the inverter and the smart dongle. After binding, if you need to install the dongle to
 other inverters, please contact the after-sales service center to unbind it first.
- To ensure the quality of 4G signal communication, do not install the device indoors or in areas with signal interference of metal.



7 System Power On

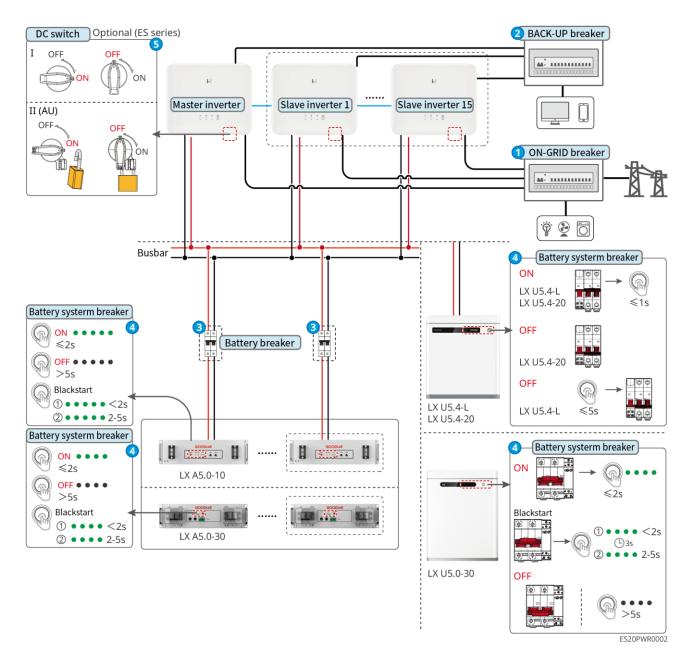
7.1 Check before Power ON

No.	Checking Item
1	The product is firmly installed at a clean place that is well-ventilated and easy-to operate.

2	The PE, DC input, AC output, and communication cables are connected correctly and securely.
3	Cable ties are intact, routed properly and evenly.
4	Unused wire holes and ports should be sealed up.
5	The electrical conduit holes are sealed.
6	The voltage and frequency at the connection point meet the inverter grid connection requirements.

7.2 Power ON

- When there are multiple inverters in the system, please ensure that all slave inverter AC sides are powered on within one minute after the master inverter AC side is powered on.
- Battery black start scenarios:
 - O The inverter needs to be activated by battery.
 - O When there is no inverter and you need to charge and discharge the battery, etc.
- After the battery system is started, please ensure that the communication between the inverter and the battery system is normal within 15 minutes. If the inverter cannot communicate normally with the battery system, the battery system breaker will be disconnected automatically, and the battery system will be powered off.
- LX U5.4-L, LX U5.4-20: Please make sure to press each battery button switch within 30 seconds. Otherwise the system will alarm.
- When there are multiple batteries in the system, starting any one of them can start all the batteries.



Power On:

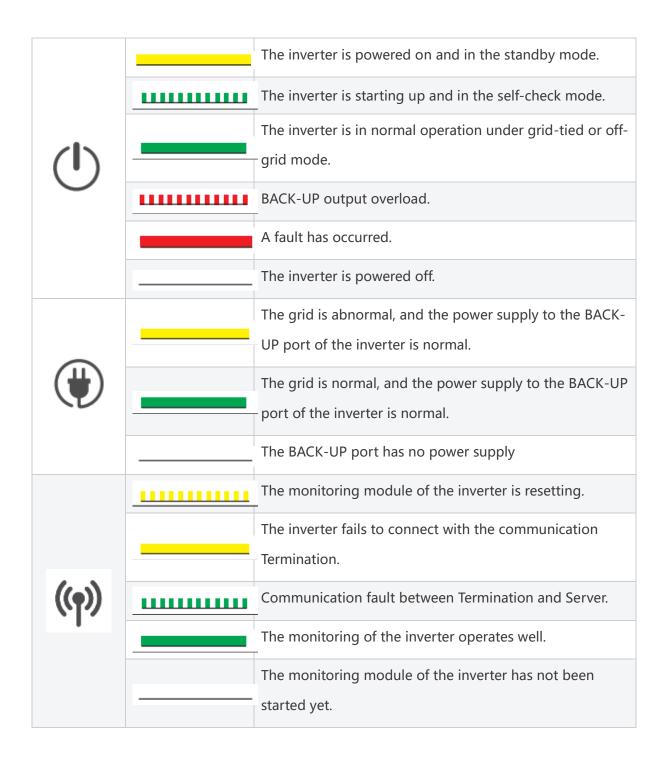


3 : Install or not based on local laws and regulations.

7.3 Indicators

7.3.1 Inverter Indicators

Indicator	Status	Description



Indicator	Description
	75% < SOC≤100%
	50% < SOC≤75%
	25% < SOC≤50%

0% < SOC≤25%
No battery connected.

Indicator light flashes during battery discharging: for example, when the battery SOC is between 25% and 50%, the light at the 50% position flashes.

7.3.2 Battery Indicators

LX A5.0-30

Indicator		System Status
0000	No SOC indicator shows green	SOC=0%
•000	The first SOC indicator shows green	0% < SOC≤25%
••••	The first two SOC indicators are green	25% < SOC≤50%
	The first three SOC indicators are green	50% < SOC≤75%
••••	The four SOC indicators are green	75% < SOC≤100%
	Green light is on	The battery system is working normally.
	Green light flashes 1 time/s	The battery system is in the standby mode.
RUN light	Green light flashes 3 times/s	The PCS communication is lost
	Green flashes slowly flash	The battery system gives an alarm, and it will conduct a self-check. After the self-check is over, it will change to normal working status or fault status.



LX A5.0-10

Normal status

\$0C indicator \$00C1 \$00C3 \$	RUN light	Battery system status
The SOC indicator represents the battery	Green flashes 1	The battery system is in
system's usable energy.	time/s	the standby mode.
● ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 5% ≤ SOC < 25%	Green light	The battery system is in
25% < SOC < 50%	flashes 2 times/s	an idle state.
50%≤SOC<75%75%≤SOC<95%95%≤SOC≤100%	Green light is on	The battery system is in the charging state.
The last SOC indicator flashes 1 time/s.		
● When 5%≤SOC<25%, SOC 1 flashes.		
• When 25% ≤ SOC < 50%, SOC2 flashes	Green light is on	The battery system is in discharging status.
• When 50% ≤ SOC < 75%, SOC3 flashes		
• When 75% ≤ SOC < 95%, SOC4 flashes.		
• When 95% ≤ SOC ≤ 100%, SOC5 flashes		

Abnormal state

ALM Light	Battery system status	Description
Red light blink 1 time/s	Battery system alarms	Once an alarm occurs, the battery system will perform a self-check. After the battery

		system self-check is complete, the battery system enters an operation or fault mode.
Red light is on	The battery system has malfunctioned.	Check the SOC indicator status to identify the fault type and handle the problem as recommended in the Troubleshooting section.

LX U5.4-L



Normal State

SOC Indicator	Button Indicator	Battery Status
SOC indicates the battery level	Green flashes 1 time/s	The battery system is in the standby mode.
 The last light flashes, and the rest steady on When 5%≤SOC<25%, SOC 1 flashes When 25% ≤ SOC < 50%, SOC2 flashes When 50% ≤ SOC < 75%, SOC3 flashes When 75% ≤ SOC < 95%, SOC4 flashes. When 95% ≤ SOC ≤ 100%, SOC5 	Green light is on	The battery system is working.

flashes

Abnormal Status

Button Indicator	Battery system state	Description
Green light flashes for 3s	Battery system alarm occurs	Check the SOC indicator status to identify the fault type and handle the problem as recommended in the Troubleshooting section.
Red light flashes for 3s	Battery system malfunction	Check the SOC indicator status to identify the fault type and handle the problem as recommended in the Troubleshooting section.

LX U5.4-20



Normal Status

SOC Indicator	Button Indicator	Battery Status
SOC indicates the battery level	Green flashes 1 time/s	The battery system is in the standby mode.
5% < SOC < 25% 25% < SOC < 50%	Green flashes 2 time/s	The battery system is in an idle state.
50% SOC<75% 75% SOC<95% 95% SOC 100%	Green light is on	The battery system is in a charging state.
The last light flashes, and the	Green light is on	The battery system is in a

rest steady on	discharging state.
When 5%≤SOC<25%,SOC 1 flashes	
 When 25% ≤ SOC < 50%, SOC2 flashes 	
 When 50% ≤ SOC < 75%, SOC3 flashes 	
When 75% ≤ SOC < 95%, SOC4 flashes.	
 When 95% ≤ SOC ≤ 100%, SOC5 flashes 	

Abnormal Status

Button Indicator	Battery Status	Description
Red light flashes 1 time/s	Battery system alarms	Check the SOC indicator status to identify the fault type and handle the problem as recommended in the Troubleshooting section.
Red light is on	The battery system has malfunctioned	Check the SOC indicator status to identify the fault type and handle the problem as recommended in the Troubleshooting section.

LX U5.0-30

Indicator		System Status
0000	No SOC indicator shows green	SOC=0%
•000	The first SOC indicator shows green	0% < SOC≤25%
••••	The first two SOC indicators are green	25% < SOC≤50%

•••0	The first three SOC indicators are green	50% < SOC≤75%
••••	The four SOC indicators are green	75% < SOC≤100%
	Green light is on	The battery system is working properly.
	Green flashes 1 time/s	The battery system is in standby mode.
RUN light	Green light flashes 3 time/s	The PCS communication is lost
	Green light slowly flashes	The battery system gives an alarm, and it will conduct a self-check. After the self-check is over, it will change to normal working status or fault status.
ALM Light	Red light is on	Check the SOC indicator status to identify the fault type and handle the problem as recommended in the Troubleshooting section.

7.3.3 Smart Meter Indicator

GMK110

Туре	Status	Description
Power indicator light	On	The smart meter is power on.
	Off	The smart meter has been powered off.
Communication indicator	Blinks	Meter communication is normal
	Off	Meter communication is abnormal or has no communication

GM330

Туре	Status	Description
Power indicator light	On	Power on, no RS485 communication.
	Blinks	Power on, RS485 communication works properly.
	Off	The smart meter has been powered off.
Communication indicator	Off	Reserved
	Blinks	Press the Reset button for more than 5 seconds, power light, buying or selling electricity indicator light flash: reset the meter.
Importing or	On	Importing from the grid.
exporting indicator	Blinks	Exporting to the grid.
	Off	Exporting to the grid.
` do	Reserved	

7.3.4 Smart Dongle Indicator

WiFi/LAN Kit-20

Notice

- Double click the Reload button to turn on Bluetooth, and the communication indicator light will switch to a single flashing state. Please connect the SolarGo App within 5 minutes. Otherwise Bluetooth will automatically turn off.
- The communication indicator light flashes once and only appears after double clicking the Reload button to turn on Bluetooth.

Indicator	Status	Description
Power light		On: The smart dongle has been powered on.
		Power Off: The smart dongle is not powered on.

Communication indicator	On: Communication in WiFi mode or LAN mode is normal.
	 Blinks 1 time: The smart dongle Bluetooth has been turned on, and is waiting for connection to the SolarGo App.
	 Blinks 2 times: The smart dongle is not connected to the router.
	 Blinks 4 times: The smart dongle is communicating normally with the router, but has not been connected to the server.
	Blinks 6 times: The smart dongle is recognizing the connected device.
	 Off: The software of the smart dongle is resetting or is not powered on.

Indicator	Color	Status	Description
Communication indicator in LAN Port	Green	On	The 100Mbps wired network is normally connected.
		Off	 The Ethernet cable is not connected. Fail to connect the 100Mbps wired network. The 10Mbps wired network is normally connected.
	Yellow	On	The 10/100Mbps wired network is normally connected, but no communication data is received or transmitted.
		Blinks	The communication data is being transmitted or received.
		Off	The Ethernet cable is not connected.

Button Description	Button	Description
---------------------------	--------	-------------

Reload	Press and hold for 0.5 to 3 seconds to reset the smart dongle.
	Press and hold for 6 to 20 seconds to restore the smart dongle to factory settings.
	Quick double click to turn on the Bluetooth signal (only lasts 5 minutes)

Wi-Fi Kit

Indicator	Color	Status	Description
Power		ON	The Wi-Fi Kit is powered on.
	Green	OFF	The Wi-Fi Kit is restarting or not powered on.
СОМ		ON	WiFi AP hotspot is connected.
	Blue	OFF	Wi-Fi Kit communication is abnormal.Wi-Fi Kit is restarting.

Ezlink3000

Indicator/ silkscreen	Color	Status	Description
Power light			Blink = The Ezlink is working properly.
	Blue		OFF = The Ezlink is powered off.
Communica tion indicator			ON = The Ezlink is connected to the server.
	Green		Blink 2 = The Ezlink is not connected to the router.
			Blink 4 = The Ezlink is connected to the router, but not connected to the server.
RELOAD	-	-	Short press for 3s to restart the Ezlink.

	• Long press for 3-10s to restore factory
	settings.

8 Quick System Commissioning

8.1 Downloading the App

Make sure that the mobile phone meets the following requirements:

- Mobile phone operating system: Android 4.3 or later, iOS 9.0 or later.
- The mobile phone can access the Internet.
- The mobile phone supports WLAN or Bluetooth.

Method 1: Search SolarGo in Google Play (Android) or App Store (iOS) to download and install the app.



Method 2: Scan the QR code below to download and install the app.



8.2 Connecting Inverter via SolarGo

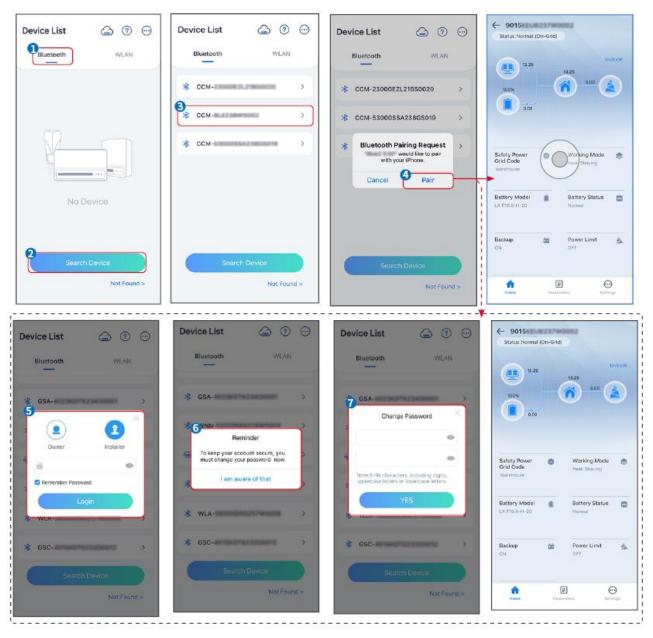
Notice

- The device name varies depending on the inverter model or smart dongle type:
 - O Wi-Fi Kit: Solar-WiFi***
 - O Bluetooth module: Solar-BLE***
 - O WiFi/LAN Kit-20: WLA-***
 - O Ezlink3000: CCM-BLE***; CCM-***
- When using a parallel system, please first connect the single inverter signal and confirm whether the software version of each inverter meets the requirements. If the inverter version does not meet the requirements, please contact the after-sales service center for

an upgrade.

• When using a parallel system, select the Ezlink signal to set the parameters of the main inverter, and the relevant parameters will be automatically synchronized to the slave inverter. If the parameters of the inverter cannot be kept consistent, please connect the single inverter signal and set the parameters of the single inverter.

Connect to the inverter via Bluetooth



Connecting the inverter via WiFi









8.3 Communication Settings

NOTICE

The communication configuration interface varies depending on the communication method.

Step 1: Tap **Home > Settings > Communication Settings > WLAN/LAN**, to set the parameters.

Step 2: Set the WLAN or LAN parameters based on actual situation.

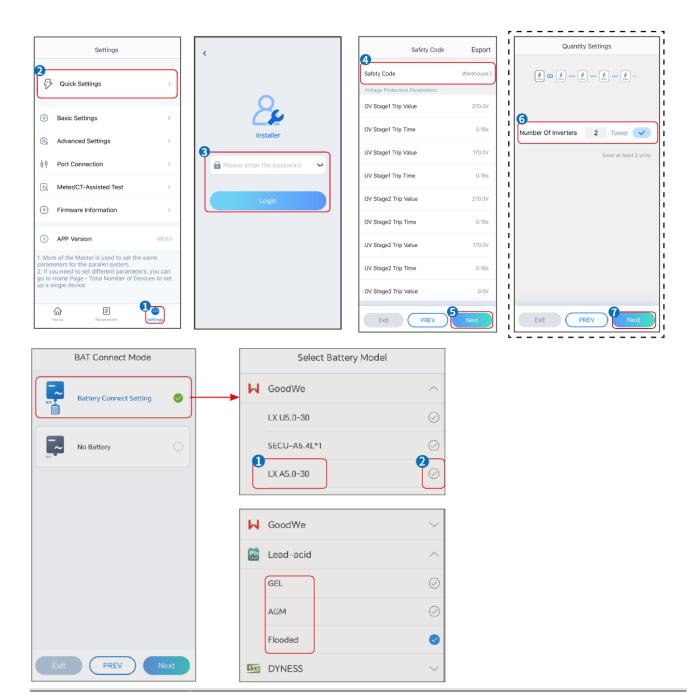
No.	Name/Icon	Description
1	Network Name	Applicable to WLAN. Please select the corresponding network based on your actual situation and communicate the device with the router or switch.
2	Password	Only for WLAN. WiFi password for the actual connected network.
3	DHCP	 Enable DHCP when the router is in dynamic IP mode. Disable DHCP when a switch is used or the router is in static IP mode.
4	IP Address	
5	Subnet Mask	 Do not configure the parameters when DHCP is enabled. Configure the parameters according to the router or switch information when DHCP is disabled.
6	Gateway Address	
7	DNS Server	

8.4 Quick Settings

NOTICE

 The parameters will be configured automatically after selecting the safety country/region, including overvoltage protection, undervoltage protection, overfrequency protection, underfrequency protection, voltage/frequency connection protection, cosφ curve, Q(U) curve, P(U) curve, FP curve, HVRT, LVRT, etc.

• The power generation efficiency is different in different working modes. Set the working mode according to the local requirements and situation.

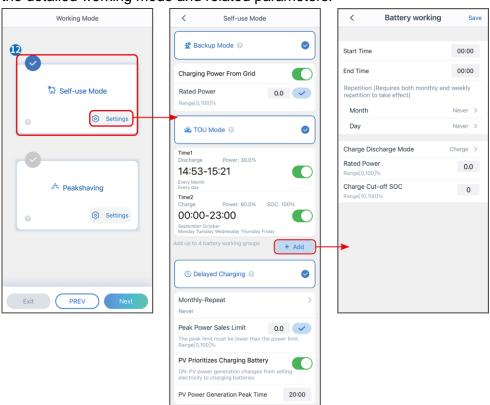


Parameters	Description
Safety Code	Select safety country accordingly.
Quantity Settings	In parallel scenarios, set the number of inverters in the parallel system based on actual situation.
BAT Connect Mode	Select the actual mode in which the battery is connected to the inverter. There is no need to set the battery model and working mode if there is no battery is connected. The system will work in self-use mode by default.
Select Battery Model	Select the actual battery model.

Working Mode

Set the working mode based on actual needs. Supports: Peakshaving mode and Self-use mode.

The app interface is as following when Self-use mode is selected. Enter Advanced Settings to set the detailed working mode and related parameters.



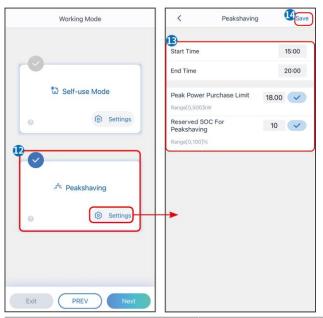
Parameters Description

Self-use mode: based on the self-use mode, Back-up mode, TOU mode, and Smart charging can be enabled at the same time, and the inverter will automatically select the working mode. Working priority: Back-up mode> TOU mode > Smart charging > Self-use mode

TOU mode >Smart charging>Self-use mode		
Back-up mode		
Charging From Grid	Enable Charging From Grid to allow power purchasing from the utility grid.	
Rated Power	The percentage of the purchasing power to the rated power of the inverter.	
TOU mode		
Start Time	Within the Start Time and End Time, the battery is charged or discharged according to the set Battery Mode as well as the Rated Power.	
End Time		
Battery Mode	Set the Battery Mode to Charging or Discharging accordingly.	
Rated Power	The percentage of the charging/discharging power to the rated power of the inverter.	
Charge Cut-off SOC	The battery stop charging/discharging once the battery SOC reaches Charge Cut-off SOC.	
Smart charging		

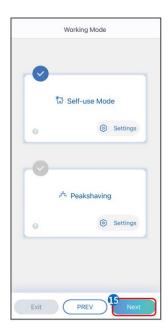
Smart Charging Month	Set the smart charging months. More than one month can be set.
Peak Limiting Power	Set the Peak Limiting Power in compliance with local laws and regulations. The Peak Limiting Power shall be lower than the output power limit specified by local requirements.
Switch to Charge	During charging time, the PV power will charge the battery.

The app interface is as following when Peakshaving mode is selected.



Parameters	Description
Peakshaving	
Start Time	The utility grid will charge the battery between Start Time and End Time if the load power consumption do not exceed the power quota. Otherwise, only PV power can be used to charge the battery.
End Time	
Import Power Limit	Set the maximum power limit allowed to be purchase from the grid. When the loads consume power exceed the sum of the power generated in the PV system and Import Power Limit , the excess power will be made up by the battery.
Reserved SOC For Peakshaving	In Peak Shaving mode, the battery SOC should be lower than Reserved SOC For Peakshaving. Once the battery SOC is higher than Reserved SOC For Peakshaving, the peakshaving mode fails.

Tap **Complete** to complete the settings, restart the equipment following the prompts.





8.5 Creating Power Plants

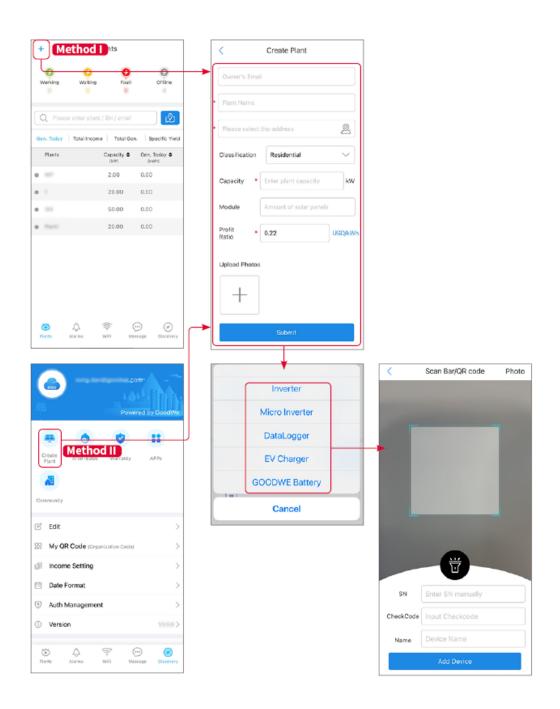
NOTICE

Login to the SEMS Portal app using the account and password before creating power plants. If you have any questions, refer to the Plant Monitoring section.

Step 1 Enter the Create Plant page.

Step 2 Read the instructions and fill in the requested plant information based on actual situation. (* refers to the mandatory items)

Step 3 Follow the prompts to add devices and create the plant.



9 System Commissioning

9.1 SolarGo Overview

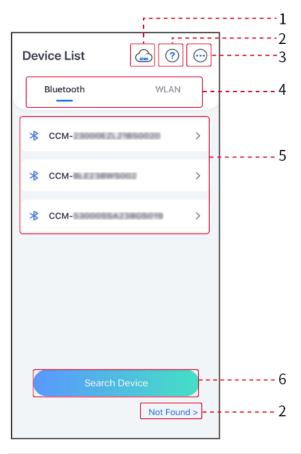
SolarGo App is a mobile application that communicates with the inverter through bluetooth or WiFi modules. Commonly used functions are as follows:

- 1. Check the operating data, software version, alarms, etc.
- 2. Set grid parameters, communication parameters, safety countries, power limitation, etc.
- 3. Equipment maintenance.
- 4. Upgrade the firmware version of the equipment.

9.1.1 Menu Structure of the App

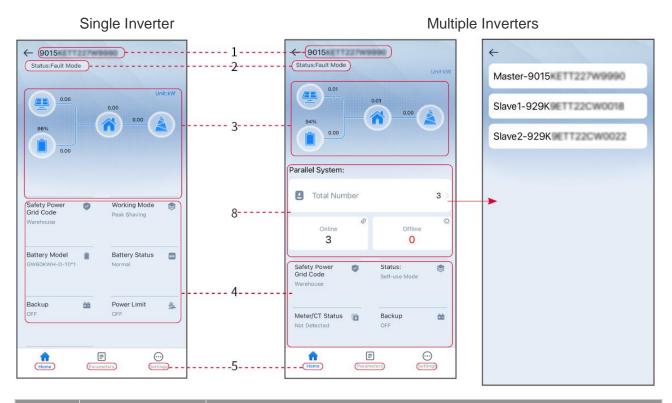


9.1.2 Login Page of SolarGo App



No.	Name/Icon	Description
1	SEMS	Tap the icon to open the page downloading the SEMS Portal app.
2	? Not found	Tap to read the connection guide.
3	·	 Check information such as app version, local contacts, etc. Other settings, such as update date, switch language, set temperature unit, etc.
4	Bluetooth/W LAN	Select based on actual communication method. If you have any problems, tap ? or NOT Found to read the connection guides.
5	Device List	 The list of all devices. The last digits of the device name are normally the serial number of the device. Select the device by checking the serial number of the master inverter when multi inverters are parallel connected. The device name varies among different inverter models or communication modules.
6	Search	Tap Search Device if the device is not found.

9.1.3 Home Page of SolarGo App



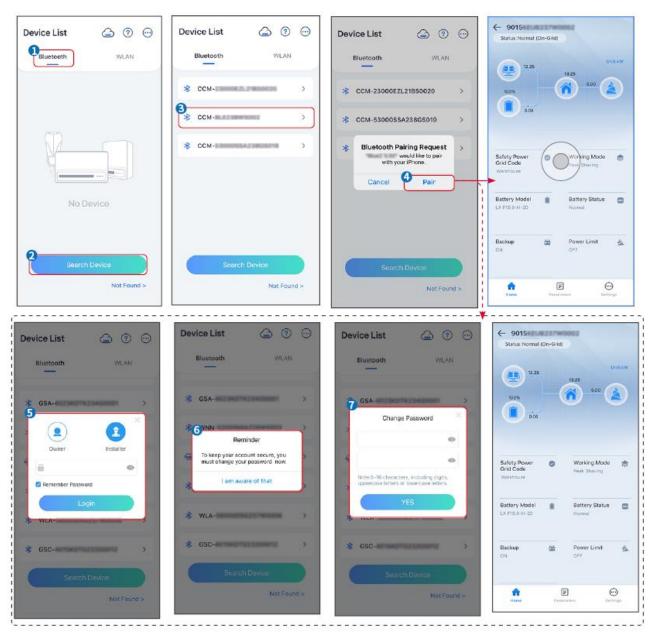
No.	Name/Icon	Description
1	Serial Number	Serial number of the connected inverter or serial number of the master inverter in the parallel system.
2	Device Status	Indicates the status of the inverter, such as Working, Fault, etc.
3	Energy Flow Chart	Indicates the energy flow chart of the PV system. The actual page prevails.
4	System Status	Indicates the system status, such as Safety Code, Working Mode, Battery Model, Battery Status, Power Limit, Three-Phase Unbalanced Output, etc.
5	Home	Home. Tap Home to check Serial Number, Device Status, Energy Flow Chart, System Status, etc.
6	Parameters	Parameters. Tap Parameters to check the running parameters of the system.
7	Settings	Settings. Log in before entering Quick Settings and Advanced Settings. Initial password: goodwe2010 or 1111.
8	Parallel	Tap Total Number to check serial number of all inverters. Tap the serial number to enter the setting page of the single inverter.

9.2 Connecting Inverter via SolarGo

Notice

- The device name varies depending on the inverter model or smart dongle type:
 - O Wi-Fi Kit: Solar-WiFi***
 - O Bluetooth module: Solar-BLE***
 - O WiFi/LAN Kit-20: WLA-***
 - O Ezlink3000: CCM-BLE***; CCM-***
- When using a parallel system, please first connect the single inverter signal and confirm
 whether the software version of each inverter meets the requirements. If the inverter
 version does not meet the requirements, please contact the after-sales service center for
 an upgrade.
- When using a parallel system, select the Ezlink signal to set the parameters of the main inverter, and the relevant parameters will be automatically synchronized to the slave inverter. If the parameters of the inverter cannot be kept consistent, please connect the single inverter signal and set the parameters of the single inverter.

Connect to the inverter via Bluetooth



Connecting the inverter via WiFi





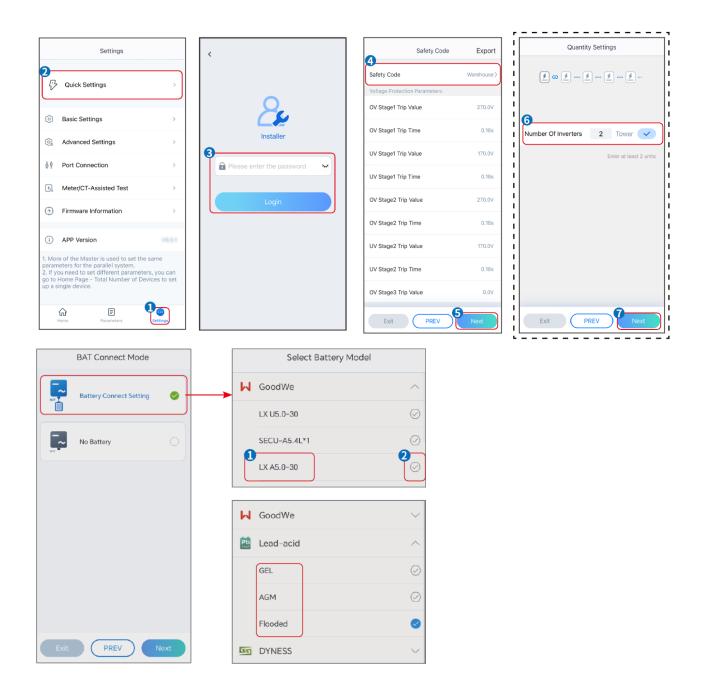




9.3 Quick Settings

NOTICE

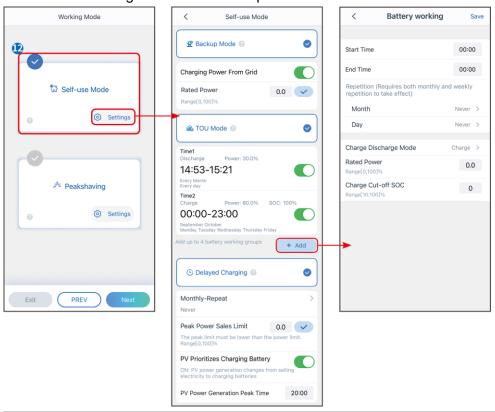
- The parameters will be configured automatically after selecting the safety country/region, including overvoltage protection, undervoltage protection, overfrequency protection, underfrequency protection, voltage/frequency connection protection, cosφ curve, Q(U) curve, P(U) curve, FP curve, HVRT, LVRT, etc.
- The power generation efficiency is different in different working modes. Set the working mode according to the local requirements and situation.



Parameters	Description
Safety Code	Select safety country accordingly.

Quantity Settings	In parallel scenarios, set the number of inverters in the parallel system based on actual situation.
BAT Connect Mode	Select the actual mode in which the battery is connected to the inverter. No need to set the battery model and working mode if there is no battery is connected. The system will work in self-use mode by default.
Select Battery Model	Select the actual battery model.
Working Mode	Set the working mode based on actual needs. Supports: Peakshaving mode and Self-use mode.

The app interface is as following when Self-use mode is selected. Enter Advanced Settings to set the detailed working mode and related parameters.



Parameters	Description	
Self-use mode: based on the Self-use mode, Back-up mode, Economic mode, and Smart charging can be enabled at the same time, and the inverter will automatically select the working mode. Working priority: Back-up mode> TOU mode > Smart charging> Self-use mode		
Back-up mode		
Charging From Grid	Enable Charging From Grid to allow power purchasing from the utility grid.	
Rated Power	The percentage of the purchasing power to the rated power of the inverter.	
TOU mode		
Start Time	Within the Start Time and End Time, the battery is charged or discharged according to the set Battery Mode as well as the Rated Power.	
End Time		
Battery Mode	Set the Battery Mode to Charging or Discharging accordingly.	

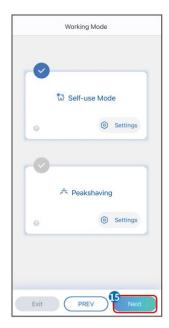
Rated Power	The percentage of the charging/discharging power to the rated power of the inverter.	
Charge Cut-off SOC	The battery stop charging/discharging once the battery SOC reaches Charge Cut-off SOC.	
Smart charging		
Smart Charging Month	Set the smart charging months. More than one month can be set.	
Peak Limiting Power	Set the Peak Limiting Power in compliance with local laws and regulations. The Peak Limiting Power shall be lower than the output power limit specified by local requirements.	
Switch to Charge	During charging time, the PV power will charge the battery.	

The app interface is as following when Peakshaving mode is selected.



Parameters	Description	
Peakshaving		
Start Time	The utility grid will charge the battery between Start Time and End Time if	
End Time	the load power consumption do not exceed the power quota. Otherwise, only PV power can be used to charge the battery.	
Import Power Limit	Set the maximum power limit allowed purchase from the grid. When the loads consume power exceed the sum of the power generated in the PV system and Import Power Limit , the excess power will be made up by the battery.	
Reserved SOC For Peakshaving	In Peak Shaving mode, the battery SOC should be lower than Reserved SOC For Peakshaving. Once the battery SOC is higher than Reserved SOC For Peakshaving, the peakshaving mode fails.	

Tap **Complete** to complete the settings, following the prompts to restart the equipment.





9.4 Communication Settings

NOTICE

The communication configuration page varies depending on the communication method.

Step 1: Enter the setting page through "Home" > "Settings" > "Communication Configuration" > "Network Settings".

Step 2: Configure the WLAN or LAN network based on the actual situation.

Number	Name/Icon	Description
1	Network Name	Applicable to WLAN. Please select the corresponding network based on your actual situation and communicate the device with the router or switch.
2	Password	Applicable to WLAN. Enter the password for the network you actually selected.
3	DHCP	 When the router is using the dynamic IP mode, turn on the DHCP function. When using the router in static IP mode or using a switch, turn off the DHCP function.
4	IP address	When DHCP is enabled, there is no need to configure this
5	Subnet mask	parameter.

6	Gateway address	When DHCP is turned off, please configure this parameter
7	DNS Server	according to the information of the router or switch.

9.5 Setting the Basic Information

9.5.1 Setting Shadow Scan and SPD

Step 1 Tap **Home > Settings > Basic Settings**, to set the parameters.

Step 2 Set the functions based on actual needs.

Shadow Scan and SPD

No.	Parameters	Description
1	Shadow Scan	Enable Shadow Scan when the PV panels are severely shadowed to optimize the power generation efficiency.
2	SPD	After enabling SPD , when the SPD module is abnormal, there will be SPD module abnormal alarm prompt.

BACKUP

After setting the backup power function, when the grid is cut off, the load connected to the inverter's BACKUP port can be powered by the battery to ensure uninterrupted power supply to the load.

No.	Parameters	Description	
1	UPS Mode - Full Wave Detection	Check whether the utility grid voltage is too high or too low.	
2	UPS Mode - Half Wave Detection	Check whether the utility grid voltage is too low.	
3	EPS Mode - Supports LVRT	Stop detecting utility grid voltage.	
4	Clear Overload History	Once the power of loads connected to the inverter BACK-UP ports exceeds the nominal load power, the inverter will restart and detect the power again. The inverter will perform restart and detection several times until the overloading problem is solved. Tap Clear Overload History to reset the restart time interval after the power of the loads connected to the BACK-UP ports meets the requirements. The inverter will restart immediately	

9.5.2 Setting Advanced Parameters

Step 1: Tap **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings** to set the parameters.

Step 2: Set the parameters based on actual needs. Tap ' \checkmark ' or Save to save the settings. The parameters are set successfully.

No.	Parameters		Description
		AFCI Test	Enable or disable AFCI accordingly.
		AFCI Test Status	The test status, like Not Self-checking, self-check succeeded, etc.
1	AFCI Test	Clear AFCI Alarm	Clear ARC Faulty alarm records.
		Self-check	Tap to check whether the AFCI function works normally.
		Stand-alone	The PV strings are connected to the MPPT terminals
2 PV Conne 2 Mode		Connect	one by one.
	PV Connect Mode	Partial Parallel Connect	The PV strings are connected to the inverter in both stand-alone and parallel connection. For example, one PV string connect to MPPT1 and MPPT2, another PV string connect to MPPT3.
		Parallel Connect	The external PV string is connected to multi MPPT terminals of the inverter.
3	Battery port busbar connection		If a busbar is connected to the system, please set this parameter to enable.

9.5.3 Setting Power Limit Parameters

- Step 1 Tap Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Power Limit to set the parameters.
- Step 2 Enable or disable the power limit function based on actual needs.
- **Step 3** Enter the parameters and tap $\sqrt{.}$ The parameters are set successfully.

No.	Parameters	Description
1	Power Limit	Enable Power Limit when power limiting is required by local grid standards and requirements.

2	Export Power (W)	Set the value based on the actual maximum power fed into the utility grid.
3	External CT Ratio	Set the ratio of the primary current to the secondary current of the external CT.

9.5.4 Setting the Battery Parameters

Lithium battery

Step 1 Tap Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Battery Function to set the parameters. Step 2 Enter the parameters and tap $\sqrt{.}$ The parameters are set successfully.

No.	Parameters	Description	
1	Max. Charging Current	Set the maximum charging current based on actual needs.	
2	Max. Discharging Current	Set the maximum discharging current based on actual needs.	
3	SOC Protection	Start battery protection when the battery capacity is lower than the Depth of Discharge.	
4	Depth of discharge(on-grid)	Indicates the depth of discharge of the battery when the	
5	Depth of discharge(off-grid)	inverter is on-grid or off-grid.	
6	Backup SOC Holding	The battery will be charged to preset SOC protection value by utility grid or PV when the system is running on-grid, so that the battery SOC is sufficient to maintain normal working when the system is off-grid.	
7	Immediate Charging	Enable to charge the battery by the grid immediately. Take effect once. Enable or Disable based on actual needs.	
8	SOC For Stopping Charging	Stop charging the battery once the battery SOC reaches SOC For Stopping Charging.	
9	Immediate Charging Power	Indicates the percentage of the charging power to the inverter nominal power when enabling Immediate Charging. For example, setting the Immediate Charging Power of a	

		10kW inverter to 60 means the charging power of the inverter is 10kW*60%=6kW.
10	Battery Heating	Optional. This option is displayed on the interface when a battery that supports heating is connected. After the battery heating function is turned on, when the temperature is below the value that starts up the battery, PV power or electricity from the grid will be used to heat the battery. Heating Mode: Economic Mode: to maintain the minimum power input capacity of the battery. It will be turned on when the temperature is less than 5°C, and turned off when it is greater than or equal to 7°C. Standard Mode: to maintain the moderate power input capacity of the battery. It will be turned on when the temperature is less than 10°C, and turned off when it is greater than or equal to 12°C. Efficient Mode: to maintain the higher power input capacity of the battery. It will be turned on when the temperature is less than 20°C, and turned off when it is greater than or equal to 22°C. This function can only be set through the APP.
11	Battery Wake-up	After the function is enabled, the battery can be awakened when it shuts down due to under-voltage protection. Only applicable to lithium batteries without circuit breakers. After being enabled, the output voltage of the battery port is around 60V.

Lead Acid Battery

Notice

1. Before setting the parameters of lead-acid batteries, it is necessary to read the user manual, technical parameters and other related materials of lead-acid batteries. To ensure the safety of batteries, please strictly follow the relevant

- materials of lead-acid battery manufacturers to set the battery parameters. Otherwise, the risks caused thereby shall not be within the scope of the responsibility of the inverter manufacturer.
- 2. The voltage range of lead-acid batteries needs to match the inverter, and the recommended voltage of lead-acid batteries connected to the inverter is ≤60V, otherwise the inverter may not operate properly.
- 3. The SOC of lead-acid batteries is calculated by the inverter BMS, not the actual battery capacity, which may result in SOC value deviation or jump. SOC is only used as a reference for battery capacity. Performing SOC value calibration after the battery is fully charged can improve the accuracy of the SOC value.

Step 1: Enter the parameter settings interface through **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Battery Function**.

Step 2: Enter the parameters and tap $\sqrt{\ }$. The parameters are set successfully.

Number	Parameter	Description
1	Battery Capacity	Please set it according to the battery technical parameters.
2	Floating Voltage	When the battery is approaching full charge, it will switch to float charging mode. This value is the upper limit of charging voltage in this mode. Please set it according to the battery technical parameters.
3	Constant Charging Voltage	The battery charging mode is set to constant voltage charging by default; this value is the upper limit of charging voltage in this mode. Please set it according to the battery technical parameters.
4	Minimum discharge voltage	Please set it according to the battery technical parameters. To protect the battery performance and life, this parameter should not be set too low.
5	Max. Charging Current	The maximum current during charging, used to limit the charging current. Please set it according to the battery technical parameters.

6	Max. Discharging Current	Please set it according to the battery technical parameters. The greater the discharge current is, the shorter the working time of the battery is.
7	Maximum floating charge current	The maximum charging current in the floating charge state. Please set it according to the battery technical parameters. When the battery is nearly fully charged, it will enter the floating charge state. Please refer to the technical parameters of the corresponding battery model for specific definitions.
8	Battery Internal Resistance	The internal resistance of the battery. Please set it according to the battery technical parameters.
9	Time to switch to float charging mode	When the battery charging status changes from constant charging to float charging, and the duration reaches the set value, the battery charging mode will switch to float charging mode. The default duration is 180s.
10	Charge temperature compensation	By default, when the temperature is higher than 25°C, the upper limit of charging voltage will decrease by 3mV for every 1°C increase. The actual settings should be based on the technical parameter of the battery.

9.5.5 Setting Generator Parameters

Step 1: After connecting to the SolarGo APP, go to **Home > Settings > Port Connection > Generator Connection**. After selecting the generator type, enter the parameter setting interface.

Step 2: Enter the parameters and tap $\sqrt{\ }$. The parameters are set successfully.

Manual control generator (does not support dry contact connection): This type of generator only supports manual start and stop.

Automatic control generator (support dry contact connection): This type of generator supports automatic start and stop.

Number	Parameter	Description
1	Dry contact control mode	Set the switch control mode and automatic control mode. In the switch control mode, the start and stop of the generator can be remotely controlled. In automatic control mode, the generator automatically starts and stops based on preset parameters. This feature only applies to generators that support dry contact connection.
2	No working time	Set a prohibited working time. During this period, the generator will stop working. This feature only applies to generators that support dry contact connection.
3	Rated power	Rated power of the generator.
4	Running time	The duration of continuous operation of a generator. When the working time exceeds the set value, the generator will automatically shut down. This feature only applies to generators that support dry contact connection.
5	Upper Voltage	Set the upper limit of operating frequency for the generator.
6	Lower Voltage	The time mode will be on between the Start Time and End Time. Set the upper limit of operating frequency for the generator.
7	Upper frequency	Set the upper limit of operating frequency for the generator.
8	Lower Frequency	Set the lower limit of the generator's operating frequency.
9	Preheating time	The no-load preheating time before the generator is loaded.
10	Switch	Turn on or off the function of the generator to charge the battery.

11	Maximum charging power	Set the maximum charge power for the generator battery.
12	Starting voltage	Set the start voltage for generator to charge battery. When the voltage of the battery is lower than the set value, the generator will charge the battery.
13	Stop voltage	Set the stop voltage for generator to charge battery. When the voltage of the battery is higher than the set value, the generator will stop charging the battery.

9.5.6 Setting Load Control

Step 1: After connecting to the SolarGo APP, enter the parameter setting interface through **Home > Settings > Port Connection > Load Control**.

Step 2: Enter the parameters and tap $\sqrt{\ }$. The parameters are set successfully.

Number	Parameter	Description
1	Dry Contact Mode	The loads will be powered within the setting time period. When the switch is ON, the loads will be powered; when the switch is OFF, the power will be cut off. Turn the switch on or off based on actual needs.
2	Time Mode	Set the time to enable the load, and the load will be powered automatically within the setting time period.
3	SOC mode	The inverter has an integrated relay controlling port, which can control the loads off or on. In off-grid mode, the load connected to the port will not be powered if the BACKUP overload is detected or the battery SOC value is lower than the Off-grid battery protection value.

9.6 Setting Safety Parameters

9.6.1 Setting the Basic Safety Parameters

NOTICE

The grid standards of some countries/regions require that inverters shall set functions to meet local requirements.

Step 1: Tap **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings**, to set the parameters.

Number	Parameter	Description
1	DRED/Remote Shutdown/RCR	Enable DRED/Remote Shutdown/RCR before connecting the third party DRED, remote shutdown, or RCR device to comply with local laws and regulations.
2	Three-phase Unbalanced Output	Enable Three-phase Unbalanced Output when the utility grid company adopts phase separate billing.
3	Backup N and PE Relay Switch	To comply with local laws and regulations, ensure that the relay inside the back-up port remains closed and the N and PE wires are connected when the inverter is working off-grid.
4	Auto Test	Enable AUTO TEST to set auto test for grid tying in compliance with local grid standards and requirements.

9.6.2 Setting Customized Safety Parameters

NOTICE

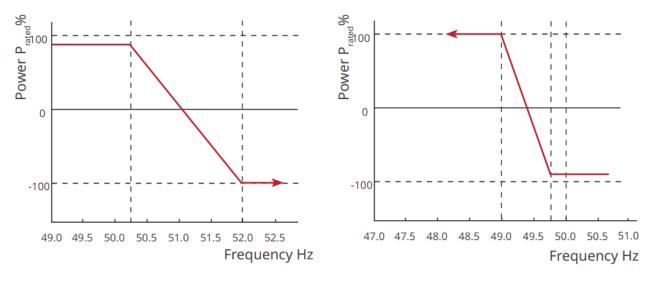
Set the custom safety parameters in compliance with local requirements. Do not change the parameters without the prior consent of the grid company.

9.6.2.1 Setting the Active Power Mode

Setting the P(F) Curve

Step 1: Tap **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameters > Active Power Mode Settings** to set the parameters.

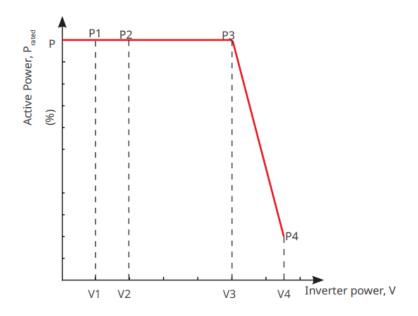
Step 2: Set the parameters based on actual needs.



Setting the P(U) Curve

Step 1: Tap **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameters > Active Power Mode Settings** to set the parameters.

Step 2: Enter the parameters. The inverter will adjust the active output power to the apparent power ratio in real-time according to the actual grid voltage to the rated voltage ratio.



9.6.2.2 Setting the Reactive Power Mode

Setting the Fix PF

Step 1: Tap Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameter Settings > Reactive Power Mode to set the parameters.

Step 2: Set the parameter based on actual needs. The power factor remains fixed during the inverter working process.

Number	Parameter	Description
1	Fix PF	Enable Fix PF when it is required by local grid standards and requirements.
2	Under-excited	Set the power factor as lagging or leading based on
3	Over excitation	actual needs and local grid standards and requirements.
4	Power Factor	Set the power factor based on actual needs. Range: $-1\sim-0.8$, or $+0.8\sim+1$.

Setting the Fix Q

Step 1: Tap Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameter Settings > Reactive Power Mode to set the parameters.

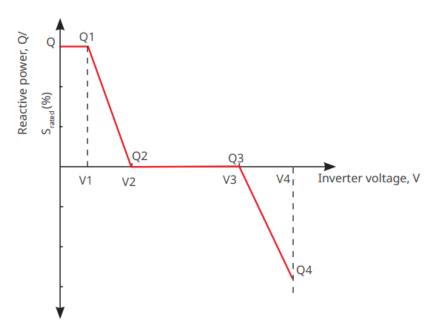
Step 2: Set the parameter based on actual needs. The output reactive power remains fixed during the inverter working process.

Number	Parameter	Description
1	Fix Q	Enable Fix Q when it is required by local grid standards and requirements.
2	Under-excited	Set the reactive power as inductive or capacitive
3	Over excitation	reactive power based on actual needs and local grid standards and requirements.
4	Power Factor	The percentage of reactive output power to apparent power.

Setting the Q(U) Curve

Step 1: Tap **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameter Settings > Reactive Power Mode** to set the parameters.

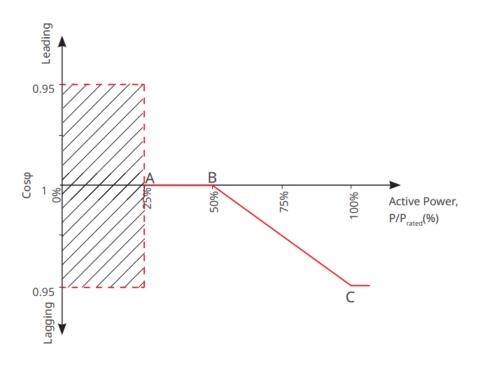
Step 2: Enter the parameters. The inverter will adjust the reactive power to the apparent power ratio in real-time according to the actual grid voltage to the rated voltage ratio.



Setting the Cosp Curve

Step 1: Tap Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameter Settings > Reactive Power Mode to set the parameters.

Step 2: Enter the parameters. The inverter will adjust the active output power to the apparent power ratio in real-time according to the actual grid voltage to the rated voltage ratio.



Setting Protection Parameters

Step 1: Tap Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameters > Protection Parameters to set the parameters.

Step 2: Set the parameters based on actual needs.

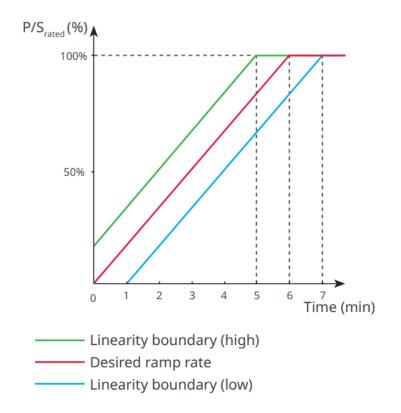
Number	Parameter	Description
Voltage Prote	ection Parameters	
1	OV Stage n Trip Value	Set the grid overvoltage protection threshold value, $n = 1, 2, 3$.
2	OV Stage n Trip Time	Set the grid overvoltage protection tripping time, n = 1, 2, 3.
3	UV Stage n Trip Value	Set the grid undervoltage protection threshold value, n= 1, 2, 3.
4	UV Stage n Trip Time	Set the grid undervoltage protection tripping time, n = 1, 2, 3.
5	Grid 10min Overvoltage	Set the 10min overvoltage protection threshold value.
Frequency Protection Parameters		

6	OF Stage n Trip Value	Set the grid overfrequency protection threshold value, $n = 1, 2$.
7	OF Stage n Trip Time	Set the grid overfrequency protection tripping time, $n = 1, 2$.
8	UF Stage n Trip Value	Set the grid underfrequency protection threshold value, $n = 1, 2$.
9	UF Stage n Trip Time	Set the grid underfrequency protection tripping time, $n = 1, 2$.

Setting Connection Parameters

Step 1: Tap **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameters > Connection Parameters** to set the parameters.

Step 2: Set the parameters based on actual needs.



Setting Voltage Ride through Parameters

Step 1: Enter the parameter setting page through **Home > Settings > Advanced Settings > Safety Parameter Settings > Voltage Fault Ride-Through**.

Step 2: Set the parameters based on actual needs.

Number	Parameters	Description
LVRT		
1	Ride Through Voltage Start Point	The inverter will not be disconnected from the utility grid immediately when the grid voltage is
2	Ride Through Voltage End Point	between Ride Through Voltage Start Point and Ride Through Voltage End Point.
3	Ride Through Time Start Point	Indicates the longest duration the inverter can remain connected to the grid when the grid voltage is at the Ride Through Voltage Start Point.
4	Ride Through Time End Point	Indicates the longest duration the inverter can remain connected to the grid when the grid voltage is at the Ride Through Voltage End Point.
5	Ride Through Trip Threshold	LVRT is allowed when the grid voltage is lower than Ride Through Trip Threshold
HVRT		
6	Ride Through Voltage Start Point	The inverter will not be disconnected from the utility grid immediately when the grid voltage is
7	Ride Through Voltage End Point	between Ride Through Voltage Start Point and Ride Through Voltage End Point.
8	Ride Through Time Start Point	Indicates the longest duration the inverter can remain connected to the grid when the grid voltage is at the Ride Through Voltage Start Point.
9	Ride Through Time End Point	Indicates the longest duration the inverter can remain connected to the grid when the grid voltage is at the Ride Through Voltage End Point.
10	Ride Through Trip Threshold	HVRT is allowed when the grid voltage is higher than Ride Through Trip Threshold

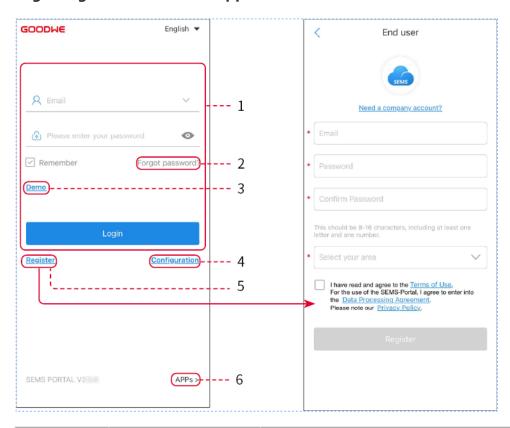
10 Monitoring Power Plant

10.1 SEMS Portal Overview

SEMS Portal App is a monitoring platform. Commonly used functions are as follows:

- 1. Manage the organization or User information;
- 2. Add and monitor the power plant information;
- 3. Equipment maintenance.

Login Page of SEMS Portal App



Number	Name	Description
1	Login Area	Enter the user name, password to login to the app.
2	Forget Password	Tap to reset the password by verifying the account.
3	Demo	Tap to enter the sample plant page. The sample page only displays contents with Visitor account, which is for reference only.

4	Configuration	Configure WiFi parameters to establish communication between the inverter and the server and realize remote monitoring and managing.
5	Register	Tap to register an end-user account. Contact the manufacturer or the company as prompted if you need a company account.
6	APPs	Tap to download SolarGo app.

Introduction to the Home Page Interface of SEMS Portal App



Number	Name	Description
1	+	Create power plant.
2	Power plant	Display the current operating status of the power plant.

	operation status	
3	Search for power plant	Search for power stations by selecting their name, equipment SN number, email, or on the map.
4	Power generation statistics	Click to switch between today, this month, total generated power and cumulative earnings.
5	Plants	Home of power plant monitoring.
6	Alarms	Alarms Check all alarms, happening alarms, and recovered alarms.
7	WiFi	When using Wi Fi Kit on the device, this button can be used to set up WiFi related settings.
8	Discovery	Discovery To Edit the account, create My QR Code, set Income Settings , etc.
9	Message	Message Set and check system messages.

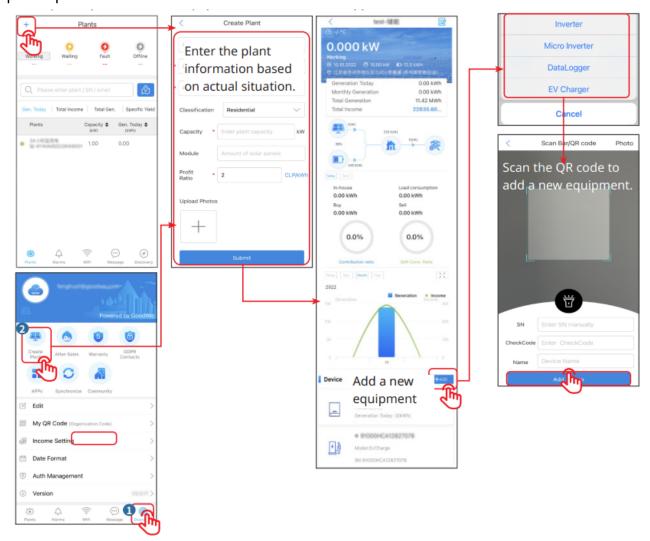
10.2 Manage Power Plant or Equipment

10.2.1 Power Plant Creation

Step 1: Enter the interface for creating a power plant.

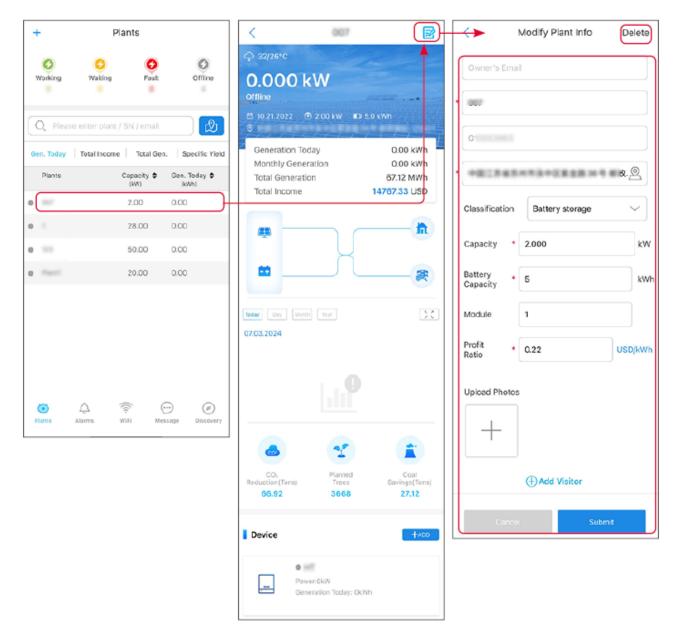
Step 2: Carefully read the prompts on the interface and fill in the power plant information based on actual conditions. (* refers to the mandatory items)

Step 3: Add devices according to the interface prompts to complete the creation of the power plant.



10.2.2 Power plant management

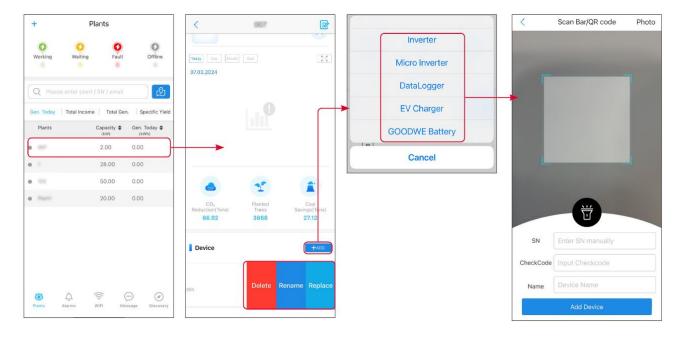
Step 1: Enter the power plant monitoring page and delete or modify the power plant information based on actual needs.



10.2.3 Managing the Equipment in the Power Plant

Step 1: Click on the power plant in the power plant monitoring interface to enter the power plant details page.

Step 2: Click the serial number of the device to enter the device details page, and add, delete, or replace the device based on actual needs.



10.3 Power Plant Monitoring

10.3.1 Viewing Power Plant Information

After logging into SEMS Portal App with the account and password, you will enter the home page of the power plant, where the overall operation status of all power plants under the account will be displayed. Click Monitoring to enter the power plant monitoring interface to view all power plant information.

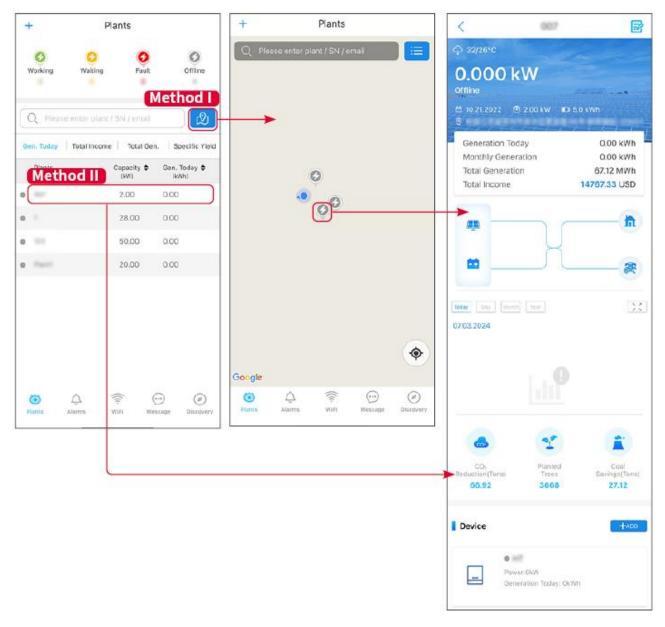
The displayed content of different interfaces of power plant equipment varies, please refer to the actual situation.

Step 1: (Optional) if there are multiple power plants, you can search for information such as the power plant name, inverter SN number, or the owner's phone number to quickly locate the power plant.

Or click the map sign to search for power plant information and quickly locate the power plant.

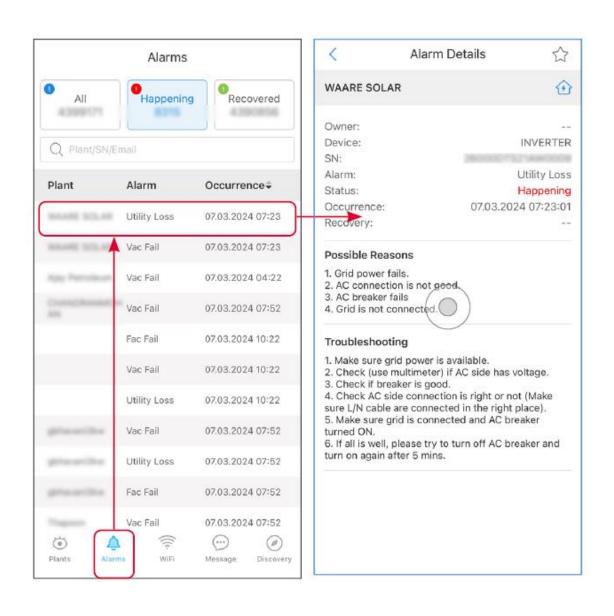
Step 2: Click on the power plant name in the power plant list or the power plant icon on the map to view the detailed information of the power plant.

Step 3: On the power plant details interface, check the power plant information, power generation details, equipment information, faults, and other conditions according to the prompts on the interface.



10.3.2 Checking Alarms

- Step 1 Tap Alarm tab and enter the Alarm Details page.
- **Step 2** (Optional) Enter the plant name, inverter SN, or owner's Email address in the search bar to find out the plant which is alarming.
- Step 3 Tap the alarm name to check the alarm details.



11 Maintenance

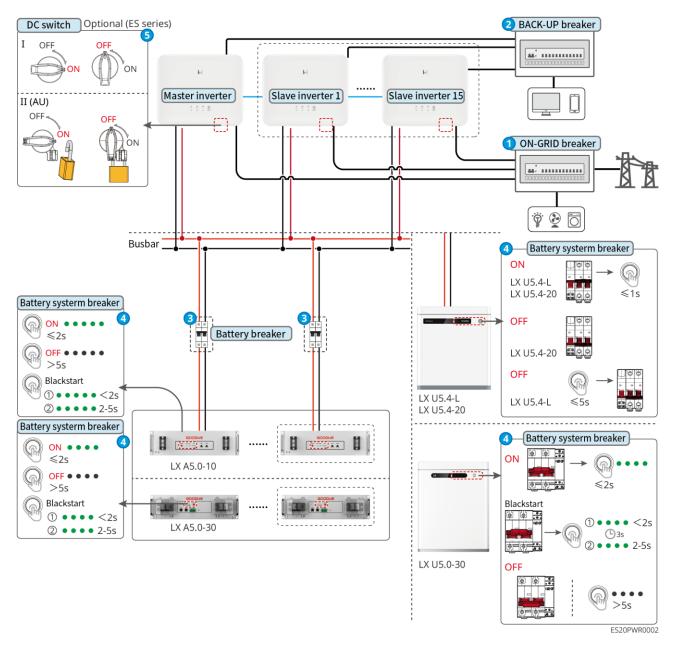
11.1 Power OFF the System

ADANGER

- Power off the equipment before operations and maintenance. Otherwise, the equipment may be damaged or electric shocks may occur.
- Delayed discharge. Wait until the components are discharged after power off.
- Push the air switch to restart the battery.
- Strictly follow the power off requirements to avoid damaging the system
- When there are multiple batteries in the system, powering off any one of the batteries can power off all the batteries.

NOTICE

- Install the circuit breaker between the inverter and the battery or between the two batteries in compliance with local laws and regulations.
- To ensure effective protection, the cover of the battery system switch should remain closed. The cover can be closed automatically after being opened. Fasten the cover with screws if the switch is not to be used for a long-term period.



Power Off: $\mathbf{1} \rightarrow \mathbf{2} \rightarrow \mathbf{3} \rightarrow \mathbf{4} \rightarrow \mathbf{5}$

3 : Install or not based on local laws and regulations.

11.2 Removing the Equipment

A DANGER

- Make sure that the equipment is powered off.
- Wear proper personal protective equipment during operations.
- Please use standard disassembly tools when removing wiring terminals to avoid damaging the terminals or equipment.

- Unless otherwise specified, the dismantling process of the equipment is in reverse order to the installation process, and it will not be further elaborated in this document.
- **Step 1:** Power off the system.
- **Step 2:** Label the cables connected in the system with tags indicating the cable type.
- **Step 3:** Disconnect the connecting cables of the inverter, battery, and smart meter in the system, such as DC cables, AC cables, communication cables, and PE cables.
- **Step 4:** Remove equipment such as the smart dongle, inverter, battery, and smart meter.
- **Step 5:** Properly store the equipment and ensure that the storage conditions meet the requirements if it needs to be put into use later.

11.3 Disposing of the Equipment

If the equipment cannot work anymore, dispose of it according to the local disposal requirements for electrical equipment waste. The equipment cannot be disposed of together with household waste.

11.4 Routine Maintenance

NWARNING

- Contact after-sales service for help if you find any problems that may influence the battery or the hybrid inverter. Disassemble without permission is strictly forbidden.
- Contact after-sales service for help if the copper conductor is exposed. Do not touch or disassemble privately because high voltage danger exists.
- In case of other emergencies, contact the after-sales service as soon as possible. Operate following the instructions or wait for the after-sales service personnel.

Maintaining Item	Maintaining Method	Maintaining Period	Maintaining purpose
System clean	Check the heat sink, air intake, and air outlet for foreign matter or dust. Check whether the installation space meets	Once half a year	Prevent heat dissipation failures.

	requirements and whether there is any debris around the device.		
System installation	Check whether the equipment are installed securely and whether the screws are installed tightly. Check whether the equipment is damaged or deformed.	Once 6-12 months	Ensure that the equipment is installed securely.
Electrical Connection	Check whether the cables are securely connected. Check whether the cables are broken or whether there is any exposed copper core.	Once 6-12 months	Confirm the reliability of electrical connections.
Sealing	Check whether all the terminals and ports are properly sealed. Reseal the cable hole if it is not sealed or too big.	Once a year	Confirm that the machine seal and waterproof performance are intact.
Battery maintenance	If the battery is not used for a long time or is not fully charged, it is recommended to charge the battery regularly.	Once/15 days	Protect the battery's lifespan.

11.5 Troubleshooting

Perform troubleshooting according to the following methods. Contact the after-sales service if these methods do not work.

Collect the information below before contacting the after-sales service, so that the problems can be solved quickly.

- 1. Product information like serial number, software version, installation date, fault time, fault frequency, etc.
- 2. Installation environment, including weather conditions, whether the PV modules are

sheltered or shadowed, etc. It is recommended to provide some photos and videos to assist in analyzing the problem.

3. Utility grid situation.

11.5.1 System Troubleshooting

No.	Cause	Solutions
1	Unable to search for the wireless signal of the smart dongle.	 Please ensure that no other devices are connected to the smart dongle's wireless signal. Please ensure that the SolarGo app has been updated to the latest version. Please ensure that the smart dongle is powered on properly, and the blue indicator light is blinking or steady on. Ensure that the smart device is within the communication range of the smart dongle. Refresh the device list in the App. Restart the inverter.
2	Unable to connect to the wireless signal of the smart dongle.	 Please ensure that no other devices are connected to the smart dongle's wireless signal. Restart the inverter or smart dongle, and try to reconnect to the wireless signal of the smart dongle again. Ensure successful pairing of Bluetooth.
3	The Ezlink indicator flashes twice.	 Make sure that the router is powered on. When communicating via LAN, make sure that both LAN cable connection and LAN configuration are proper. Enable or disable DHCP based on actual needs. When communicating via WiFi, make sure that the wireless network connection is OK and the wireless signal strength meets the requirements. Enable or disable DHCP based on actual needs.
4	The Ezlink indicator flashes four times.	 Make sure that the smart dongle is connected to the router via WiFi or LAN properly, and the router can access the Internet. If the problem persists, contact the after sales service.
5	The Ezlink indicator is	Make sure that the inverter is powered on. If the problem persists, contact the after sales service.

	off.	
6	The Ezlink indicator is off.	Make sure that the inverter is powered on.
7	Cannot find router SSID	 Put the router nearer to the Smart Dongle, or add a WiFi relay device to enhance the WiFi signal. Reduce the number of devices connected to router.
8	After completing all configurations, the Smart Dongle fails connecting to the router.	 Restart the inverter Check if the SSID, encryption method and password on WiFi configuration page are the same with that of Router. Restart the router. Put the router nearer to the Smart Dongle, or add a WiFi relay device to enhance the WiFi signal.
9	After completing all configurations, the Smart Dongle fails connecting to the router.	Restart the router and the inverter.

11.5.2 Inverter Troubleshooting

No.	Fault	Cause	Solutions
1	Utility Loss	 Utility grid power fails. The AC cable is disconnected, or the AC breaker is off. 	 The alarm is automatically cleared after the grid power supply is restored. Check whether the AC cable is connected and the AC breaker is on.
2	Grid Overvoltage	The grid voltage exceeds the permissible range, or the duration of high voltage exceeds the requirement of HVRT.	 If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal. If the problem occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage is within the permissible range. Contact the local power company if the

			grid voltage exceeds the permissible range. • Modify the overvoltage protection threshold, HVRT or disable the overvoltage protection function after obtaining the consent of the local power company if the grid frequency is within the permissible range. 3. Check whether the AC breaker and the output cables are connected securely and correctly if the problem persists.
3	Grid Rapid Overvoltage	The grid voltage is abnormal or ultrahigh.	 If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal. If the problem occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage is within the permissible range. Contact the local power company if the grid voltage exceeds the permissible range. Modify the grid overvoltage rapid protection threshold after obtaining the consent of the local power company if the grid voltage is within the permissible range.
4	Grid Undervoltage	The grid voltage is lower than the permissible range, or the duration of low voltage exceeds the requirement of LVRT.	 If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal. If the problem occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage is within the permissible range. Contact the local power company if the grid voltage exceeds the permissible range. Modify the undervoltage protection threshold, LVRT or disable the undervoltage protection function after

			obtaining the consent of the local power company if the grid frequency is within the permissible range. 3. Check whether the AC breaker and the output cables are connected securely and correctly if the problem persists.
5	Grid 10min Overvoltage	The moving average of grid voltage in 10min exceeds the range of safety requirements.	 If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal. If the problem occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage is within the permissible range. Contact the local power company if the grid voltage exceeds the permissible range. Modify the grid overvoltage rapid protection threshold after obtaining the consent of the local power company if the grid voltage is within the permissible range.
6	Grid Overfrequency	Utility grid exception. The actual grid frequency exceeds the requirement of the local grid standard.	 If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal. If the problem occurs frequently, check whether the grid frequency is within the permissible range. Contact the local power company if the grid frequency exceeds the permissible range. Modify the overfrequency protection threshold or disable the overfrequency protection function after obtaining the consent of the local power company if the grid frequency is within the permissible range.
7	Grid Underfrequenc	Utility grid exception. The actual grid	If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The

	у	frequency is lower than the requirement of the local grid standard.	 inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal. 2. If the problem occurs frequently, check whether the grid frequency is within the permissible range. Contact the local power company if the grid frequency exceeds the permissible range. Modify the underfrequency protection threshold or disable the underfrequency protection function after obtaining the consent of the local power company if the grid frequency is within the permissible range, or close "Grid Underfrequency" function.
8	Grid Frequency Instability	Utility grid exception. The actual grid frequency change rate does not meet the requirement of the local grid standard.	 If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal. If the problem occurs frequently, check whether the grid frequency is within the permissible range. Contact the local power company if the grid frequency exceeds the permissible range. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the grid frequency is within the permissible range.
9	Anti-islanding	The utility grid is disconnected. The utility grid is disconnected according to the safety regulations, but the grid voltage is maintained due to the loads.	 Check whether the utility grid is disconnected. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service.
10	LVRT Undervoltage	Utility grid exception. The duration of the	If the problem occurs occasionally, the utility grid may be abnormal temporarily. The

		utility grid exception exceeds the set time of LVRT.	inverter will recover automatically after detecting that the utility grid is normal.2. If the problem occurs frequently, check
11	HVRT Overvoltage	Utility grid exception. The duration of utility grid exception exceeds the set time of HVRT.	whether the grid frequency is within the permissible range. If not, contact the local power company. If yes, contact the dealer or the after-sales service.
12	 Abnormal GFCI 30mA Abnormal GFCI 60mA Abnormal GFCI 150mA Abnormal GFCI 	The input insulation impedance to the ground decreases when the inverter is working.	 If the problem occurs occasionally, it may be caused by a cable exception. The inverter will recover automatically after the problem is solved. Check whether the impedance between the PV string and PE is too low if the problem occurs frequently or persists.
13	 Large DC of AC current L1 Large DC of AC current L2 	The DC component of the output current exceeds the safety range or default range.	 If the problem is caused by an external fault like a utility grid exception or frequency exception, the inverter will recover automatically after solving the problem without manual interference/assistance. If the problem occurs frequently and the PV station cannot work properly, contact the dealer or the after-sales service.
14	Low Insulation Res.	The PV string is short-circuited to PE. The PV system is in a moist environment and the cable is not well insulated to the ground.	 Check whether the resistance of the PV string to PE exceeds 50kΩ. If not, check the short circuit point. Check whether the PE cable is connected correctly. If the resistance is lower on rainy days, please reset the ISO. Inverters for the Australian and New Zealand markets can also be alerted in the following ways in the event of insulation impedance failure: The inverter is equipped with the buzzer: the buzzer sounds continuously for 1 minute in case of failure; if the fault is not resolved, the

			buzzer sounds every 30 minutes.2. Add the inverter to the monitoring platform, and set the alarm reminder, the alarm information can be sent to the customer by emails.
	Abnormal Ground	 The PE cable of the inverter is not connected well. The L cable and N cable are connected reversely when output of the PV string is grounded. 	 Check whether the PE cable of the inverter is connected properly. Check whether the L cable and N cable are connected reversely if output of the PV string is grounded.
15	Anti Reverse current protection for hardwareshard ware	Abnormal fluctuation of load	 If the exception is caused by an external fault, the inverter will recover automatically after solving the problem. If the problem occurs frequently and the PV station cannot work properly, contact the dealer or the after-sales service.
16	Internal Comm Loss	 Frame format error Parity checking error Can bus offline Hardware CRC error Send (receive) control bit is receive (send). Transmit to the unit that is not allowed. 	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.
17	AC HCT Check abnormal	The sampling of the AC HCT is abnormal.	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.

18	GFCI HCT Check abnormal	The sampling of the GFCI HCT is abnormal.	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.
19	Relay Check abnormal	 Relay fault The control circuit is abnormal. The AC cable connection is abnormal, like a virtual connection or short circuit. 	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.
20	Flash Fault	The internal Flash storage is abnormal.	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.
21	DC Arc Fault	 The DC terminal is not firmly connected. The DC cable is broken. 	Read the Quick Installation Guide and check whether the cables are connected properly.
22	AFCI Self-check Fault	AFCI detection is abnormal.	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.
23	Cavity Overtemperatu re	 The inverter is installed in a place with poor ventilation. The ambient temperature exceeds 60°C. A fault occurs in the internal fan of the inverter. 	 Check the ventilation and the ambient temperature at the installation point. If the ventilation is poor or the ambient temperature is too high, improve the ventilation and heat dissipation. Contact the dealer or after-sales service if both the ventilation and the ambient temperature are normal.
24	BUS Overvoltage	 The PV voltage is too high. The sampling of 	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if

		the inverter BUS voltage is abnormal.	the problem persists.
25	PV Input Overvoltage	The PV array configuration is not correct. Too many PV panels are connected in series in the PV string.	Check the serial connection of the PV array. Make sure that the open circuit voltage of the PV string is not higher than the maximum operating voltage of the inverter.
26	PV Continuous Hardware Overcurrent	 The PV configuration is not proper. The hardware is damaged. 	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.
27	PV Continuous Software Overcurrent	 The PV configuration is not proper. The hardware is damaged. 	Disconnect the AC output switch and DC input switch, then connect them 5 minutes later. Contact the dealer or the after-sales service if the problem persists.
28	String1 PVStringReversedString2 PVStringReversed	The PV string is connected reversely.	Check whether the PV1 and PV2 strings are connected reversely.
29	Generator waveform detection fault	 Generator is not connected. The generator is faulty. The parameter settings of the generator exceed the requirements of the specification. 	If the generator is not connected, ignore the fault. If the generator is connected, immediately stop the generator operation. Check if the generator has any fault and whether the parameter settings meet the requirements. If there is no fault with the generator and the parameter settings do not exceed the requirements, but the fault still exists after restarting the generator, please contact your dealer or after-sales service center.
30	Abnormal connection of generator	 Generator is not connected. The generator is 	If the generator is not connected, ignore the fault. If the generator is connected, immediately stop the generator operation. Check if the

		faulty. 3. The parameter settings of the generator exceed the requirements of the specification.	generator has any fault and whether the parameter settings meet the requirements. If there is no fault with the generator and the parameter settings do not exceed the requirements, but the fault still exists after restarting the generator, please contact your dealer or after-sales service center.
31	Generator voltage abnormal	 Generator is not connected. The generator is faulty. The voltage setting of the generator exceeds the requirements of the specification. 	If the generator is not connected, ignore the fault. If the generator is connected, immediately stop the generator operation. Check if the generator has any fault and if the voltage setting meets the requirements. If the generator is in good condition and the voltage setting is not lower than the requirements, but the fault still exists after restarting the generator, please contact your dealer or after-sales service center.
32	Generator frequency abnormal	 Generator is not connected. The generator is faulty. The frequency setting of the generator exceeds the requirements of the specification. 	If the generator is not connected, ignore the fault. If the generator is connected, immediately stop the generator operation. Check if the generator has any fault and if the voltage setting meets the requirements. If the generator is in good condition and the frequency setting does not exceed the requirements, but the fault still exists after restarting the generator, please contact your dealer or after-sales service center.
33	GEN port overload	 The load connected to the generator is too large, and the current or power of the GEN port exceeds the requirements specified in the specification. The short circuit on the back-up side leads to the 	1. When a generator is connected to the port, immediately stop the operation of the generator, check whether the line is properly connected, and confirm whether the parameters such as output voltage, current, and power on the back-up side exceed the parameter requirements of the specification. If the cable is not properly connected, check and reconnect it. If the parameters exceed the requirements of the specifications, reset the parameters according to the requirements. If the circuit is intact and the parameter settings are within the specified

		current of the generator port exceeding the requirements specified in the specifications. 3. When used as a high-load port, the high load exceeds the requirements specified in the specifications.	range, but the problem persists, please contact your dealer or after-sales service center. 2. When the port is connected to a heavy load, turn off the heavy load, check if the line is properly connected, and confirm if the load exceeds the requirements of the specification. If the cable is not properly connected, check and reconnect it. If the cable is not properly connected, check and reconnect it. If the load exceeds the requirements in the specification, reduce the load. If the cables are well connected and the load does not exceed the specifications, but the fault still exists, please contact your dealer or after-sales service center.
34	Communicatio n indicator of the inverter and Ezlink indicator in error	Ezlink connection failed	 Check whether the WiFi signal is normal. If it is not, check whether the router works well. Check whether Ezlink obtains IP successfully via APP. Execute the following actions if IP is not obtained: Reset the communication parameters via APP. Check whether the server connection is correct. Log in to the website mqtt.goodwepower.com via a computer to view the resolved IP address and obtain the server connection information.
35	Unable to log in to the parallel system interface in APP	Parallel networking failed	 Incorrect communication cable connection or unreliable cable connection cause communication failure. Connect the smart meter and Ezlink module to the same master inverter to ensure the success rate of networking. Check whether the inverter communication indicator is normal. If not, please check the individual inverter according to its own troubleshooting method. If the above methods cannot solve the

			problem, please try to restart the inverter and get networking again.
36	Parallel IO check fail	Communication of parallel inverters in error	 Check whether the parallel communication cable is connected correctly and firmly. If the communication cable connection is normal, it may be an internal communication failure. Please contact the dealer or After Sale Service.
37	Parallel Grid line reversed	AC L and N cables are connected reversely.	 Check the grid wiring. Reconnect the ON- GRID AC cable to make sure the grid is wired correctly.
38	Battery indicator abnormal	Battery failure	Check the BMS communication cable connection, and make sure it is reliable. Check whether the battery type is matched via APP. If you can't solve it, please refer to the user manual of the corresponding battery for troubleshooting.
39	Device offline displayed on APP	Communication failure or equipment failure	 Check whether the quantity of parallel machines in the system is the same with that of the actual connected ones. If yes, get the SN of the corresponding offline inverter from the equipment list, and troubleshoot the corresponding inverter according to its user manual. Check whether the communication connection of the equipment is normal, with no loose, aging or wrong connection, etc.

11.5.3 Battery Fault (LX A5.0-30, LX U5.0-30)

Alarm state

When the battery ALM indicator turns red, troubleshoot the issue by referring to the SOC indicator's display status.

No.	SOC indicator	Fault	Solutions
	indicator		

1	000•	Battery overvoltage protection Battery undervoltage protection	 Check whether the Charging Current Limit of the inverter is 0 through SolarGo. If yes, please confirm whether the communication cable connection between the battery and the inverter is reliable and the communication is normal. Power off and wait for 5 minutes, then restart to confirm if the fault persists. If the fault is not restored, please contact the after-sales service center.
2	00••	protection	 Check if the battery model is correct through SolarGo and confirm if the real-time current of the battery is greater than the Charging/Discharging Current Limit. Please contact the after-sales service center When it is less than the Charging/Discharging Current Limit., turn off the battery or upgrade the program, restart to confirm whether the fault persists. If the fault is not restored, please contact the after-sales service center.
3	00•0	Over temperature protection Low temperature protection Pole over temperature protection	Power off and wait for 60 minutes, wait for the temperature to recover. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
		Balancing fault	Power off and wait for 30 minutes. If the
4	0.00	Low SOH fault	problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
5	•0••	Pre charge failure fault	 Confirm if the battery output terminal is connected in reverse to the inverter Power off and wait for 30 minutes. If the problem persists after restarting, please

			contact the after-sales service center.
6	0•0•	Wire harness exception	Confirm if the battery switch is closed. If the battery switch is closed and the problem still exists. Please contact the after-sales service center
		Relay or MOS over temperature Diverter over temperature	Power off and wait for 30 minutes. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
7		Other BMS faults: output port over temperature fault	 Check if the battery power cable is connected tightly. Power off and wait for 5 minutes. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
8	0 • • 0	Other protections: MOS cannot be closed	Power off and wait for 5 minutes. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the
9	0	Other protections: MOS adhesion	after-sales service center.
10	•000	Other protections: Cluster Fault	 Confirm whether the type and installation position of the terminal resistor used are correct. Confirm whether the communication cable between batteries, the cable between batteries and inverters are reliable and the communication is normal. If the fault is not restored, please contact the after-sales service center
11	0000	Other protections: Communication loss with inverter	 Confirm whether the communication cable between batteries, the cable between batteries and inverters are reliable and the communication is normal. If the fault is not restored, please contact the after-sales service center

12	•00•	Other protections: BMU communication failure	 Confirm whether the type and installation position of the terminal resistor used are correct. Confirm whether the communication cable between batteries, the cable between batteries and inverters are reliable and the communication is normal. Power off and wait for 5 minutes. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
13	• • • • •	Other protections: Air switch adhesion fault	Power off and wait for 5 minutes. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
14	••••	Other protections: software fault	
15	•••	Other protections: hardware overcurrent fault	Restart the battery. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
		Other protections: Microelectronics fault	
16		Heating film abnormal	 Upgrade software. Power off and wait for 5 minutes. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.

11.5.4 Battery Fault (LX A5.0-10)

When the battery ALM indicator turns red, troubleshoot the issue by referring to the SOC indicator's display status.

No.	SOC indicator	Fault	Solutions
1	0000	Battery Overvoltage	Power off and wait for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact the after-

			sales service.
2	000•0	Battery Undervoltage	Contact the after-sales service.
3	000	High Cell Temperature	Power off and wait for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact the aftersales service.
4	00•00	Low Charging Temperature	Turn off the device to wait for the temperature to return to normal. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
5	00•0•	Low Discharging Temperature	Turn off the device to wait for the temperature to return to normal. If the problem persists after restarting, please contact the after-sales service center.
6	00000	Overcurrent Charging	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service.
7	00	Overcurrent Discharging	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service.
8	0000	Low Insulation Resistance	Contact the after-sales service.
9	0•00•	Excessive temperature difference	Power off and wait for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact the aftersales service.
10	0.00	Voltage Difference Exception	Leave the battery alone for 12h after restarting. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service center.
11	0000	Inconsistency of battery cells	Contact the after-sales service.
12	0000	Wire harness exception	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service.
13	0000	MOS Open- Circuit Fault	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service.
14	00000	MOS Open-	Restart the battery. If the problem persists,

		Circuit Fault	please contact the after-sales service.
15	•0000	Cluster Fault	Please check if the battery model matches. If not, please contact the after-sales service center.
16	•000•	Interlock failure	Check whether the termination resistor is installed properly and restart the battery. Contact the after-sale service if the problem persists.
17	•00•0	BMU communication fault	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service.
18	•00••	MCU Communication Fault	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service.
19	•0•00	Open contact sticking fault	Contact the after-sales service.
20	•0•0•	Pre-charge Failure	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact the after-sales service.
21	•0••0	MOS over- temperature fault	Power off and wait for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact the aftersales service.
22	••••	Current Diverter Over temperature	Power off and wait for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact the aftersales service.
23	••000	Reverse Connection Fault	Contact the after-sales service.
24	••••	Microelectronic Fault	Contact the after-sales service.

11.5.5 Battery Fault (LX U5.4-L)

Alerting state

When the battery button indicator light displays green, combine with the SOC indicator light to locate and troubleshoot the alarm.

SOC Indicator	Fault	Solutions
	Temperature Exception	Power off and restart after 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales
	High Temperature	service.
	Low Temperature Discharging	Power off and wait for the temperature to increase. Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
	Overcurrent When Charging	
	Overcurrent When Discharging	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
	Overvoltage	
	Under voltage	Press the button consecutively for 5 times in 10s if you can charge the battery. The voltage will recover to normal.
	Low Temperature Charging	Power off and Wait for the temperature to increase. Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
	The cell voltage difference is extremely high	Power off and restart after 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.

Fault state



When the battery button indicator light displays red and flashes for 3 seconds,

locate and troubleshoot the fault based on the SOC indicator light display status.

SOC Indicator	Fault	Solutions
	Temp. sensor failure	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service for help.
	MOS Failure	preuse contact arter sales service for fierp.
	Circuit-Breaker Failure	Turn on the Circuit-Breaker. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
	Slaver Control Communication Lost	Power off and check the communication cable. Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
	SN Failure	Contact after-sales service for help.
	Master Control Communication Lost	Power off and check the communication cable. Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
	Inconsistent Software Version	Contact after-sales service for help.
	Multi Master Control Failure	Start all batteries in 30s after shutting down.
	MOS Overtemperature	Power off for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
	Communication Failure	Power off and check the communication cable. Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.

11.5.6 Battery Fault (LX U5.4-20)

Alerting



When the battery button indicator light displays red and flashes 1time/s, combine

with the SOC indicator light to locate and troubleshoot the alarm.

No.	SOC indicator	Description
1		
2		The alerting is dealt by the battery system itself.
3		For more detailed information, you can check via
4		SolarGo App
5		
6		

Fault Status

When the battery button indicator light is in steady red, locate and troubleshoot the fault based on the SOC indicator light display status.

Button indicator	SOC indicator	Fault	Solutions
Steady red		Overvoltage	Power off for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
Red light blink 1 time/s		Under voltage	Contact after-sales service for help.
		Cell High Temperature	Power off for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.
		Low Temperature Charging	Power off the equipment and wait until the temperature recovers. If the problem
Steady red		Low Temperature Discharging	persists after restarting, please contact after-sales service.
		Charging Overcurrent	Restart the battery. If the problem persists,
		Discharging Overcurrent	please contact after-sales service for help.

	Temperature Exception	Power off for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.			
	The cell voltage difference is extremely high	Power off for 12 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.			
	Harness Abnormal				
	MOS Open- Circuit Fault	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service for help.			
	MOS Short- Circuit Fault				
	Parallelized Connection Fault	Check the battery model. If the battery model is not correct, please contact after-sales service.			
	BMU Communication Fault	Restart the battery. If the problem persist			
	MCU Internal communication fault	please contact after-sales service for help.			
	Air Switch Short Circuit Fault	Contact after-sales service for help.			
	Pre-charge Failure	Restart the battery. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service for help.			
	MOS Over temperature Fault	Power off for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.			
	Over temperature Fault	Power off for 2 hours. If the problem persists, please contact after-sales service.			

12 Parameters

12.1 Inverter Parameters

Technical Parameters	GW3000 -ES-20	GW360 0-ES-20	GW3600 M-ES-20	GW5000- ES-20	GW5000 M-ES-20	GW6000- ES-20	GW6000M-ES-20					
Battery Inpu	Battery Input Data											
Battery Type*1	Li- Ion/Lead -acid	Li- Ion/Lea d-acid	Li-lon	Li- Ion/Lead- acid	Li-lon	Li- Ion/Lead- acid	Li-lon					
Nominal Battery Voltage (V)	48	48	48	48	48	48	48					
Battery Voltage Range (V)	40~60	40~60	40~60	40~60	40~60	40~60	40~60					
Max. Continuous Charging Current (A)*1	60	75	60	120	60	120	60					
Max. Continuous Discharging Current (A)*1	60	75	60	120	60	120	60					
Max. Charge Power (W)*1	3,000	3,600	3,000	5,000	3,000	6,000	3,000					
Max. Discharge Power (W)	3,200	3,900	3,200	5,300	3,200	6,300	3,200					
PV Input Dat	ta											

Max. Input Power (W)*2	4,500	5,400	5,400	7,500	7,500	9,000	9,000		
Max. Input Voltage (V)	600	600	600	600	600	600	600		
MPPT Operating Voltage Range (V)	60~550	60~550	60~550	60~550	60~550	60~550	60~550		
MPPT Voltage Range at Nominal Power (V)	220~500	150~500	150~500	200~500	200~500	220~500	200~500		
Start-up Voltage (V)	58	58	58	58	58	58	58		
Nominal Input Voltage (V)	360	360	360	360	360	360	360		
Max. Input Current per MPPT (A)	16	16	16	16	16	16	16		
Max. Short Circuit Current per MPPT (A)	23	23	23	23	23	23	23		
Max. Backfeed Current to The Array (A)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Number of MPP Trackers	1	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Number of Strings per MPPT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
AC Output [AC Output Data (On-grid)								

Nominal Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)	3,000	3,680	3,680	5,000*3	5,000* ³	6,000*3	6,000* ³
Max. Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)	3,000	3,680	3,680	5,000* ³	5,000* ³	6,000* ³	6,000* ³
Nominal Apparent Power from Utility Grid (VA)	3,000	3,680	3,680	5,000	5,000	6,000	6,000
Max. Apparent Power from Utility Grid (VA)	6,000	7,360	3,680	10,000	5,000	10,000	6,000
Nominal Output Voltage (V)	220/230/ 240	220/23 0/240	220/230/ 240	220/230/ 240	220/230/ 240	220/230/ 240	220/230/240
Output Voltage Range (V)	170~280	170~280	170~280	170~280	170~280	170~280	170~280
Nominal AC Grid Frequency (Hz)	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
AC Grid Frequency Range (Hz)	45~55 / 55~65	45~55 / 55~65	45~55 / 55~65	45~55 / 55~65	45~55 / 55~65	45~55 / 55~65	45~55 / 55~65
Max. AC Current Output to	13.6	16.7	16.7	22.7	22.7	27.3	27.3

Utility Grid (A)							
Max. AC Current From Utility Grid (A)	27.3	33.5	16.7	43.5	22.7	43.5	27.3
Nominal AC Current From Utility Grid (A)	13.0	16.0	16.0	21.7	21.7	26.1	26.1
Max. Output Fault Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µ s	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs
Inrush Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	= 96A@3us	96A@3 μs	96A@3µ s	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs
Nominal Output Current (A)	13.0	16.0	16.0	21.7	21.7	26.1	26.1
Power Factor	~1 (Adjustab le from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjust able from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjusta ble from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjustabl e from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjustabl e from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjustabl e from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjustable from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)
Max. Total Harmonic Distortion	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%
Maximum Output	60	60	60	80	60	80	60

Overcurrent Protection (A)							
Type of Voltage (a.c. or d.c.)	a.c.	a.c.	a.c.	a.c.	a.c.	a.c.	a.c.
AC Output I	Data (Back-	·up)					
Back-up Nominal Apparent Power (VA)	3,000	3,680	3,680	5,000	5,000	6,000	6,000
Max. Output Apparent Power (VA)	3,000(6,0 00@10se c)	3,680(7,3 60@10se c)	3,680	5,000(10, 000@10s ec)	5,000	6,000(10, 000@10s ec)	6,000
Nominal Output Current (A)	13.0	16.0	16.0	21.7	21.7	26.1	26.1
Max. Output Current (A)	13.6	16.7	16.7	22.7	22.7	27.3	27.3
Max. Output Fault Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	96A@3µs	96A@3 μs	96A@3µ s	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs
Inrush Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µ s	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs
Maximum Output Overcurrent Protection (A)	60	60	60	80	60	80	60
Nominal Output Voltage (V)	220/230/ 240	220/23 0/240	220/230/ 240	220/230/ 240	220/230/ 240	220/230/ 240	220/230/240

Nominal Output Frequency (Hz)	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
Output THDv (@Linear Load)	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%	<3%
Efficiency	<u>'</u>						
Max. Efficiency	97.6%	97.6%	97.6%	97.6%	97.6%	97.6%	97.6%
European Efficiency	96.7%	96.7%	96.7%	96.7%	96.7%	96.7%	96.7%
CEC Efficiency	96.9%	96.9%	96.9%	96.9%	96.9%	96.9%	96.9%
Max. Battery to AC Efficiency	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%
MPPT Efficiency	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%
Protection	·	·					
PV String Current Monitoring	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
PV Insulation Resistance Detection	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
Residual Current Monitoring	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
PV Reverse Polarity Protection	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
Anti- islanding Protection	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated

AC Overcurrent Protection	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
AC Short Circuit Protection	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
AC Overvoltage Protection	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
DC Switch	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
DC Surge Protection	Type II	Type II	Type II	Type II	Type II	Type II	Туре II
AC Surge Protection	Type III	Type III	Type III	Type III	Type III	Type III	Type III
AFCI	Optiona I	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
Remote Shutdown	Integrat ed	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrate d	Integrated
General Data							
Operating Temperature Range (°C)	- 25~+60	-25~+60	-25~+60	-25~+60	-25~+60	-25~+60	-25~+60
Relative Humidity	0~95%	0~95%	0~95%	0~95%	0~95%	0~95%	0~95%
Max. Operating Altitude (m)	3000 (>2000 deratin g)	3000 (>2000 derating)	3000 (>2000 derating)	3000 (>2000 derating)	3000 (>2000 derating)	3000 (>2000 derating)	3000 (>2000 derating)
Cooling Method	Natural Convect ion	Natural Convecti on	Natural Convecti on	Natural Convectio n	Natural Convectio n	Natural Convectio n	Natural Convection
User Interface	LED, WLAN+ APP	LED, WLAN+A PP	LED, WLAN+ APP	LED, WLAN+A PP	LED, WLAN+A PP	LED, WLAN+A PP	LED, WLAN+APP

Communicati on with BMS	CAN	CAN	CAN	CAN	CAN	CAN	CAN
Communicati on with Meter	RS485	RS485	RS485	RS485	RS485	RS485	RS485
Communicati on with Portal	WiFi / WiFi +LAN / 4G	WiFi / WiFi +LAN / 4G					
Weight (kg)	19.6	20.8	20.0	21.5	20.0	21.5	20.0
Dimension (W×H×D mm)	505.9× 434.9× 154.8	505.9× 434.9× 154.8	505.9× 434.9× 154.8	505.9× 434.9× 154.8	505.9× 434.9× 154.8	505.9× 434.9× 154.8	505.9×434.9×154.8
Noise Emission (dB)	<30	<30	<30	<30	<30	<30	<30
Topology	Non- isolated	Non- isolated	Non- isolated	Non- isolated	Non- isolated	Non- isolated	Non-isolated
Self- consumption at Night (W)	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Ingress Protection Rating	IP65	IP65	IP65	IP65	IP65	IP65	IP65
DC Connector	MC4, VACON N Termina	MC4, VACONN Terminal	MC4, VACONN Terminal	MC4, VACONN Terminal	MC4, VACONN Terminal	MC4, VACONN Terminal	MC4, VACONN Terminal
AC Connector	VACON N Termina	VACONN Terminal	VACONN Terminal	VACONN Terminal	VACONN Terminal	VACONN Terminal	VACONN Terminal
Environmenta I Category	4K4H	4K4H	4K4H	4K4H	4K4H	4K4H	4K4H
Pollution Degree	III	III	III	III	III	III	III

Overvoltage Category	DC II / AC III	DC II / AC III	DC II / AC III	DC II / AC	DC II / AC	DC II / AC	DC II / AC III
Protective Class	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
Storage Temperature (°C)	- 40~+85	-40~+85	-40~+85	-40~+85	-40~+85	-40~+85	-40~+85
The Decisive Voltage Class (DVC)	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A
Mounting Method	Wall Mounte d	Wall Mounted	Wall Mounted	Wall Mounted	Wall Mounted	Wall Mounted	Wall Mounted
Active Anti- islanding Method	SMS(Sli p-mode frequen cy) +AFD	SMS(Slip -mode frequenc y) +AFD	SMS(Slip -mode frequenc y) +AFD	SMS(Slip- mode frequency) +AFD	SMS(Slip- mode frequency) +AFD	SMS(Slip- mode frequency) +AFD	SMS(Slip-mode frequency) +AFD
Type of Electrical Supply System	single phase	single phase	single phase	single phase	single phase	single phase	single phase
Country of Manufacture	China	China	China	China	China	China	China
Certification *4							
Grid Standards	AS4777.2-2020; NRS 097-2-1; CEI 0-21						
Safety Regulation	IEC62109-1&2						
EMC	IEC 61000-6-1/2/3/4; IEC61000-4-16/18/29; IEC 61000-2-2,CISPR 11; EN300328; EN301489; EN IEC 62311						

^{*1:} The actual charge and discharge current/power also depends on the battery.

^{*2:} The max power is the actual power of PV. Besides, in Australia, for most of the PV module, the max. input power can achieve 2*Pn, such as the max. input power of GW3000-ES-20 can achieve 6000W.

*3: 4600 for VDE-AR-N4105 & NRS 097-2-1.

*4: Not all certifications & standards listed, check the official website for details.

Technical Data	GW6000-ES-BR20	GW3500L-ES-BR20	GW3600-ES-BR20		
Battery Input Data	Battery Input Data				
Battery Type*1	Li-Ion/Lead-acid	Li-Ion/Lead-acid	Li-Ion/Lead-acid		
Nominal Battery Voltage (V)	48	48	48		
Battery Voltage Range (V)	40~60	40~60	40~60		
Start-up Voltage (V)	40	40	40		
Number of Battery Input	1	1	1		
Max. Continuous Charging Current (A)	120	75	75		
Max. Continuous Discharging Current (A)	120	75	75		
Max. Charge Power (W)	6000	3500	3600		
Max. Discharge Power (W)	6300	3800	3900		
PV String Input Data					
Max. Input Power (W) *2	10,800	6,300	6,480		
Max. Input Voltage (V)	600	600	600		
MPPT Operating Voltage Range (V)	60~550	60~550	60~550		
MPPT Voltage Range at Nominal Power (V)	220~500	150~500	150~500		
Start-up Voltage (V)	58	58	58		
Nominal Input Voltage (V)	360	360	360		
Max. Input Current per MPPT (A)	16	16	16		
Max. Short Circuit Current per MPPT (A)	23	23	23		

Max. Backfeed Current to The Array (A)	0	0	0
Number of MPP Trackers	2	2	2
Number of Strings per MPPT	1	1	1
AC Output Data (On-grid))		
Nominal Output Power (W)	6000	3500	3680
Max. Output Power (W)	6000	3500	3680
Nominal Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)	6000	3500	3680
Max. Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)	6000	3500	3680
Nominal Power at 40°C (W)*3	6000	3500	3680
Max. Power at 40°C (Including AC Overload) (W)*3	6000	3500	3680
Nominal Apparent Power from Utility Grid (VA)	6000	3500	3680
Max. Apparent Power from Utility Grid (VA)	10,000	5500	7360
Nominal Output Voltage (V)	220	127	220
Output Voltage Range (V)	165~280	95~165	165~280
Nominal AC Grid Frequency (Hz)	60	60	60
AC Grid Frequency Range (Hz)	45~55 / 55~65	55~65	45~55 / 55~65
Max. AC Current Output to Utility Grid (A)	27.3	27.6	16.7

Max. AC Current From Utility Grid (A)	43.5	43.5	33.5
Max. Output Fault Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs
Inrush Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@2µs
Nominal Output Current (A)	27.3	27.6	16.7
Power Factor	~1 (Adjustable from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjustable from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	~1 (Adjustable from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)
Max. Total Harmonic Distortion	<3%	<3%	<3%
Maximum Output Overcurrent Protection (A)	80	80	80
AC Output Data (Back-up)		
Back-up Nominal Apparent Power (VA)	6000	3500	3680
Max. Output Apparent Power without Grid (VA)	6000(10000@10s)	3500(5800@10s)	3680(7360@10s)
Max. Output Apparent Power with Grid (VA)	6000	3500	3680
Nominal Output Current (A)	27.3	27.6	16.7
Max. Output Current (A)	27.3	27.6	16.7
Max. Output Fault Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs
Inrush Current (Peak and Duration) (A)	96A@3µs	96A@3µs	96A@3µs
Maximum Output Overcurrent Protection (A)	80	80	80

Nominal Output Voltage (V)	220	127	220
Nominal Output Frequency (Hz)	60	60	60
Output THDv (@Linear Load)	<3%	<3%	<3%
Switching from Grid Connected Mode to Standalone Mode	<10ms	<10ms	<10ms
Switching from standalone mode to network connected mode	<10ms	<10ms	<10ms
Efficiency			
Max. Efficiency	97.60%	96.0%	97.60%
European Efficiency	96.70%	95.60%	96.70%
Max. Battery to AC Efficiency	95.70%	94.00%	95.50%
MPPT Efficiency	99.90%	99.90%	99.90%
Protection			
PV String Current Monitoring	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
PV Insulation Resistance Detection	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
Residual Current Monitoring	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
PV Reverse Polarity Protection	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
Anti-islanding Protection	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
AC Overcurrent Protection	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
AC Short Circuit Protection	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
AC Overvoltage	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated

Protection			
DC Switch Integrated		Integrated	Integrated
DC Surge Protection	Type II	Type II	Type II
AC Surge Protection	Type III	Type III	Type III
AFCI	Optional	Optional	Optional
Remote Shutdown	Integrated	Integrated	Integrated
General Data			
Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-25~+60	-25~+60	-25~+60
Max. Operating Altitude (m)	3000 (>2000 derating)	3000 (>2000 derating)	3000 (>2000 derating)
Cooling Method	Natural Convection	Natural Convection	Natural Convection
User Interface	LED, WLAN+APP	LED, WLAN+APP	LED, WLAN+APP
Communication with BMS	CAN	CAN	CAN
Communication with Meter	RS485	RS485	RS485
Communication with Portal	WiFi / WiFi +LAN / 4G	WiFi / WiFi +LAN / 4G	WiFi / WiFi +LAN / 4G
Weight (kg)	21.5	21.5	20.8
Dimension (W×H×D mm)	505.9×434.9×154.8	505.9×434.9×154.8	505.9×434.9×154.8
Noise Emission (dB)	<30	<30	<30
Topology	Non-isolated	Non-isolated	Non-isolated
Self-consumption at Night (W)	<10	<10	<10
Ingress Protection Rating	IP65	IP65	IP65
DC Connector	MC4, VACONN Terminal	MC4, VACONN Terminal	MC4, VACONN Terminal
AC Connector	VACONN Terminal	VACONN Terminal	VACONN Terminal
Protective class	I	I	I
Environmental Category	4K4H	4K4H	4K4H

Pollution Degree	III	III	III	
Overvoltage Category DC II / AC III		DC II / AC III	DC II / AC III	
Storage Temperature (°C)	-40~+85	-40~+85	-40~+85	
The Decisive Voltage Class (DVC)	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	Battery: A PV: C AC: C Com: A	
Mounting Method	Wall Mounted	Wall Mounted	Wall Mounted	
Active Anti-islanding Method	SMS(Slip-mode frequency) +AFD	SMS(Slip-mode frequency) +AFD	SMS(Slip-mode frequency) +AFD	
Type of Electrical Supply System	single phase	single phase	single phase	
Country of Manufacture	China	China	China	
Certification*4				
Grid Standards	N140			
Safety Regulation	IEC62109-1&2			
EMC	IEC 61000-6-1/2/3/4; IEC61000-4-16/18/29; IEC 61000-2-2,CISPR 11; EN300328; EN301489; EN IEC 62311			

^{*1:} The actual charge and discharge current/power also depends on the battery.

For most of the PV module, the max. Input power can achieve 2Pn, Such as the max. input power of GW6000-ES-BR20 can achieve 12000W

12.2 Battery Parameters

LX A5.0-30

Technical Parameters	LX A5.0-30
Nominal Capacity (kWh)	5.12
Usable energy (kWh) * 1	5
Cell Type	LFP (LiFePO4)

^{*2:}

^{*3} The nominal Power at 40°C and Max. Power at 40°C are only for Brazil.

^{*4:} Not all certifications & standards listed, check the official website for details.

Operating Voltage Range (V)		43.2~58.24	
Nominal Charge Current (A) *3		60	
Max. Continu	ous Charge Current (A) *2*3	90	
Nominal Disc	harge Current (A) *3	100	
Max. Continu	ous Discharge Current (A)	150	
Max. Pulse Di	scharge Current (A)	200A (30s)	
Max. Continu	ous Discharge Power (W)	7200	
Communicati	on	CAN	
Ambient Tem	perature	0 < T≤40°C (Recommended 10 < T≤30°C)	
Operating Te	mperature Range (°C)	Charge: 0 < T≤55°C; Discharge: -20 < T≤55°C	
Max. Storage	Time	12 Months (maintenance-free)	
Maximum Op	perating Altitude (m)	4000	
Weight (Kg)		44	
Dimensions (W x H x D mm)		442*133*520 (core part), 483*133*559 (max. dimensions)	
Ingress Protection Rating		IP20	
Application Method		On-grid/On-grid + Back-up/Back-up	
Scalability		Supports up to 30 in parallel connection(150kWh) (Hand-in-hand/Busbar connection)	
Mounting Me	ethod	19-inch standard rack/floormounted, wall-mounted	
Cycle Efficien	cy* ¹	≥96%	
Cycle Life		6000 (25°C±2°C, 0.2C, 70%EOL)	
Warranty*4		10 years	
	Safety	IEC62619、IEC63056、N140	
Standard and	EMC	EN IEC61000-6-1、EN IEC61000-6-2、EN IEC61000-6-3、EN IEC61000-6-4	
Certification	Transportation	UN38.3、ADR	
	Environment	ROHS、REACH	
	vo Or discharge at 25°C + 2°C, at the beginning of life		

^{*1:} Test conditions: 100% DOD, 0.2C charge & discharge at 25°C± 2 °C, at the beginning of life.

^{*2:} Max. charge / discharge current may be variant with different inverter models

^{*3:} Recommend/Max. Charging/Discharging Current/ Nominal/Max. Power* derating will occur

related to temperature and SOC.

*4: The warranty is due whichever reached first of warranty period or energy throughput.

LX U5.0-30

Technical Parameters	LXU 5.0-30
Nominal Battery Energy (kWh)	5.12
Usable Energy (kWh)*1	5
Cell Type	LiFePO4
Nominal Voltage (V)	51.2
Operating Voltage Range (V)	43.2~58.24
Nominal Charge Current (A)	60
Max Charge Current (A)*2*3	90
Nominal Discharge Current (A)	100
Max Discharge Current (A)*2*3	100
Pulse Discharging current (A)*2*3	<200A (30S)
Max. Charging/Discharging Power (kW)	4.95
Communication	CAN
T _{Chg} (Charging Temperature Range) (°C)	0 <t≤55< td=""></t≤55<>
T _{Dsch} (Discharging Temperature Range) (°C)	-20 <t≤55< td=""></t≤55<>
	0 < T≤40 (Recommend 10 < T≤30)
Ambient Temperature (°C)	Optional heating: $-20 < T \le 40$ (Recommend $10 < T \le 30$)
Relative Humidity	5~95%
Maximum Storage Time	12 Months (maintenance-free)
Max. Operating Altitude (m)	4000
Heating	Optional

Fire Suppression	Optional, Aerosol
Unit Weight (kg)	50
Unit Dimensions (W*H*D mm)	460*580*160
Enclosure Protection Rating	IP65
Applications	On Grid / On Grid + Backup / off Grid
Scalability	30P
Mounting Method	Wall Mounted / Grounded
Round-trip Efficiency*1	≥96%
Cycle Life	> 6000 @25±2°C 0.5C 70%SOH 90%DOD
Safety	VDE2510-50、IEC62619、IEC62040、N140、IEC63056
EMC	EN IEC61000-6-1, EN IEC61000-6-2, EN IEC61000-6-3, EN IEC61000-6-4
Transportation	UN38.3、ADR
Environment	ROHS

^{*1} Test conditions: 100% DOD, 0.2C charge & discharge at 25°C±2°C, at the beginning of life.

LX A5.0-10

Technical Parameters	LX A5.0-10	2*LX A5.0-10	n*LX A5.0-10	
usable energy (kWh) * 1	5	10	n×5	
Battery Module	LX A5.0-10: 5	LX A5.0-10: 51.2V 5.0kWh		
Number of Modules	1	2	n	
Cell Type	LFP (LiFePO ₄)			
Nominal Voltage (V)	51.2			
Operating Voltage Range (V)	47.5~57.6			
Nominal Charge/Discharge Current (A) *2	60 120 n×60*		n×60*3	
Nominal Charge/Discharge Power	3	6	n×3*3	

^{*2} The system's working current and power values will be related to temperature and State of Charge (SOC).

^{*3} Max charge / discharge current values may be variant with different inverter models.

(kW) *2					
Operating Temperature Range (°C)		Charge: 0 ~ +50; Discharge: -10 ~ +50			
Relative Humid	ity	0~95%			
Max. Operating	Altitude (m)	3000			
Communication	1	CAN			
Weight (Kg)		40	80	n×40	
Dimensions (W x H x D mm)		Single LX A5.0-10 module: 442×133×420 (without handle); 483×133×452 (with handle)			
Ingress Protecti	on Rating	IP21			
Storage Temper	rature (°C)	$0 \sim +35 \ (\le 1 \ \text{year}); -20 \sim 0 \ (\le 1 \ \text{month}); -40 \sim 45 \ (\le 1 \ \text{month})$			
Mounting Meth	nod	Rack-mounted/Ground-mounted			
Round-trip Effic	iency	95%			
	Safety	IEC62619, IEC 63056, IEC62040-1, INmetro			
Standard and Certification	EMC	EN IEC61000-6 6-3, EN IEC61		0-6-2, EN IEC61000-	
	Transportation	UN38.3, ADR			

^{*1:} Test conditions, 100% DOD, 0.2°C charge & discharge at +25±2 °C for battery system at beginning life. System Usable Energy may vary with different Inverter.

n: n≤15_e

Technical Parameters	LX U5. 4-L	2*LX U5.4-L	3*LX U5.4-L	4*LX U5.4-L	5*LX U5.4-L	6*LX U5.4-L
Rated energy (kWh) *1	5.4	10.8	16.2	21.6	27	32.4
Usable energy (kWh) *2	4.8	9.6	14.4	19.2	24	28.8

^{*2:} The nominal charge and discharge current and power are affected by temperature and SOC status.

^{*3:} Under the condition of using busbar box to achieve parallel connection of batteries.

^{*4:} New battery, within the range of $2.5\sim3.65$ V, at the temperature range of $25+2^{\circ}$ C, under the condition of 0.2C/0.2C charge and discharge. The efficiency is $94\%\sim95\%$ under the charging and discharging condition of 0.6C/0.6C.

Cell Type				LFP (L	iFePO ₄)		
Cell Configuration		16S 1P	16S2P	16S3P	16S4P	16S5P	16S6P
Nominal \	/oltage (V)	·		5	1.2		
Operating (V)	Voltage Range	48~57.6					
Nominal C	Charge/Discharge	50	50 100				
Max. Disch	narging Power* ³	2.8 8 5.76					
Short-Circ	uit Current			2.323k <i>A</i>	\@1.0ms		
Communi	cation			C	AN		
Weight (K	g)	57	114	171	228	285	342
Dimension mm)	ns (W x H x D	505×570×175 (LX U5.4-L)					
Operating	Temperature		Cha	rge: 0 ~ +50; D	ischarge: -1	0 ~ +50	
Storage Te	emperature (°C)	-20 ~ 40 (≤ 1 month) ; 0 ~ +35 (≤ 1 year)					
Relative H	umidity	0~95%					
Max. Oper	rating Altitude	2000					
Ingress Pr	otection Rating	IP65					
Mounting	Method	Wall-Mounted/GroundMounted					
Round-trip	p Efficiency	93.0%					
Cycle Life	*4	≥4000 @0.5/0.5C					
Standard	Safety	IEC62619, IEC 62040, CEC					
and EMC		CE, RCM					
ion Transportation			UN38.3				
安全使用寿	命 (年)	≥25					
*1. Tost so	*1: Test conditions Cell Voltage 2.5 × 3.65V, 0.5C charge 8, discharge at ±25±2 °C for hattery						

^{*1:} Test conditions, Cell Voltage 2.5 \sim 3.65V, 0.5C charge & discharge at +25 \pm 2 °C for battery system at beginning life. System Usable Energy may vary with different Inverter.

^{*2:} Test conditions: Charge and discharge 90% DOD at 0.5C at +25 ± 2 °C temperature;

^{*3:} Nominal Dis-/Charge Current and power derating will occur related to Temperature and SOC.

LX U5.4-20

Technical Parameters		LX U5.4-20	2* LX U5.4- 20	3* LX U5.4-20	
Usable energy (k	:Wh) * ¹	5.4	10.8	16.2	
Cell Type		LFP (LiFePO ₄)			
Nominal Voltage	e (V)	51.2			
Cell Configuration	on	16S1P	16S2P	16S3P	
Nominal Voltage	•	51.2			
Operating Voltage	ge Range (V)	47.5~57.6			
Nominal Charge,	/Discharge Current (A)	50	100		
Nominal Power ((kW) *2	2.56	5.12		
Short-Circuit Cur	rrent	2.323kA@1.0ms			
Communication		CAN, RS485			
Weight (Kg)		57	114	171	
Dimensions (W x	(H x D mm)	505 x 570 x 175 (LX U5.4-20)			
Operating Temp	erature Range (°C)	Charge: 0 ~ +50; Discharge: -10 ~ +50			
Storage Tempera	ature (°C)	-20 ~ 40 (≤ 1 month) ; 0 ~ +35 (≤ 1 year)			
Relative Humidit	у	0~95%			
Max. Operating	Altitude (m)	2000			
Ingress Protection	on Rating	IP65			
Mounting Metho	od	Wall-Mounted/Ground Mounted			
Round-trip Effici	ency	95%			
Cycle Life*3		≥ 4000 @0.5C/0.5C			
	Safety	IEC62619, IEC 63056, IEC62040, CEC			
Standard and Certification	EMC	CE, RCM			
	Transportation	UN38.3			
*1: Test condition	ns, Cell Voltage 2.5~3.65	5V, 0.5C charge 8	ર discharge at +25	±3 °C for battery	

system at beginning life. System Usable Energy may vary with different Inverter.

- *2: Nominal Dis-/Charge Current and power derating will occur related to Temperature and SOC.
- *3: Based on Cell under 0.5C/0.5C @ 25±2°C test condition and 80% EOL.

LX U5.4-20

Technical Parameters		4*LX U5.4-20	5* LX U5.4- 20	6* LX U5.4-20	
Usable energy (kWh) * 1		21.6	27	324	
Cell Type		LFP (LiFePO ₄)			
Nominal Voltage	e (V)	51.2			
Cell Configuration	on	16S4P	16S5P	16S6P	
Nominal Voltage	9	51.2			
Operating Voltag	ge Range (V)	47.5~57.6			
Nominal Charge	/Discharge Current (A)	100			
Nominal Power	(kW) *2	5.12			
Short-Circuit Cui	rrent	2.323kA@1.0ms			
Communication		CAN, RS485			
Weight (Kg)		228	285	342	
Dimensions (W >	(H x D mm)	505 x 570 x 175 (LX U5.4-20)			
Operating Temp	erature Range (°C)	Charge: 0 ~ +50; Discharge: -10 ~ +50			
Storage Tempera	ature (°C)	-20 ~ 40 (≤ 1 month) ; 0 ~ +35 (≤ 1 year)			
Relative Humidit	ry	0~95%			
Max. Operating	Altitude (m)	2000			
Ingress Protection	on Rating	IP65			
Mounting Metho	od	Wall-Mounted/GroundMounted			
Round-trip Efficiency		95%			
Cycle Life*3		≥ 4000 @0.5C/0.5C			
Standard and	Safety	IEC62619, IEC 6	3056, IEC62040,	CEC	
Certification	EMC	CE, RCM			

Transportation	UN38.3
mansportation.	0.100.0

^{*1:} Test conditions, Cell Voltage 2.5~3.65V, 0.5C charge & discharge at +25±3 °C for battery system at beginning life. System Usable Energy may vary with different Inverter.

12.3 Smart Meter Technical Data

Technical Parameters			GMK110	GMK110D	
	Type of Ele	ectrical Supply System	Single phase	Single phase	
Input Data		Nominal Voltage (V)	220	220	
	Voltage	Voltage Range (V)	85~288	85~288	
		Nominal Voltage Frequency (Hz)	50/60	50/60	
	Current	CT Ratio	120A:40mA	120A:40mA	
	Current	CT Quantity	1	2	
Communicatio	n		RS485	RS485	
Communicatio	n distance (ı	m)	1000	1000	
User Interface			User Interface	2 LED	
	Accuracy		Class 1	Class 1	
Accuracy	Active Ene	rgy	Class 1	Class 1	
	Reactive E	nergy	Class 2	Class 2	
Power Consum	ption (w)		< 5	< 5	
	Dimension	ns (W x H x D mm)	19*85*67	19*85*67	
Mechanical Parameters	Weight (g)		50	50	
	Mounting	Method	Rail Installation	Rail Installation	
	Ingress Pro	otection Rating	IP20	IP20	
Environmenta I Parameters	Operating (°C)	Temperature Range	-30 ~ 60	-30 ~ 60	
raiailleteis	Storage Te	mperature Range (°C)	-30 ~ 70	-30 ~ 70	
	Relative H	umidity (Non-	0~95%	0~95%	

^{*2:} Nominal Dis-/Charge Current and power derating will occur related to Temperature and SOC.

^{*3:} Based on Cell under 0.5C/0.5C @ 25±2°C test condition and 80% EOL.

Condensing)		
Max. Operating Altitude (m)	3000	3000

Technical Parameters			GM330	
	Type of Elect	rical Supply System	Three-phase	
Input Data		Nominal Voltage L-N (V)	220/230	
	Voltage	Nominal Voltage L-L (V)	380/400	
		Voltage Range	0.88Un-1.1Un	
		Nominal Voltage Frequency (Hz)	50/60	
	Current	CT Ratio	nA:5A	
Communication			RS485	
Communication	distance (m)		Communication distance (m)	
User Interface			User Interface	
	Accuracy		Class 0.5	
Accuracy	Active Energy		Class 0.5	
	Reactive Energy		Class 1	
Power Consump	tion (w)		Power Consumption (w)	
	Mechanical I	Parameters	72*85*72	
Mechanical Parameters	Weight (g)		240	
	Mounting M	ethod	Rail Installation	
	Ingress Prote	ection Rating	IP20	
	Operating Te	emperature Range (°C)	-30~+70	
Environmental Parameters	Storage Tem	perature Range (°C)	-30~+70	
	Relative Hun	nidity (No Condensing)	0~95%	
	Max. Operat	ing Altitude (m)	3000	

Technical Parameters	GM1000	GM1000D	GM3000	
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	Type of E System	lectrical Supply	Single phase	Single phase	Three-phase
Input Data		Nominal Voltage L-N (V)	110/230	110/230	110/230
	Voltage	Nominal Voltage L-L (V)	/	/	230/400
'	Current	Voltage Range (V)	0.88Un-1.1Un	0.88Un-1.1Un	0.88Un-1.1Un
		Nominal Voltage Frequency (Hz)	50/60	50/60	50/60
	Current	CT Ratio	120A:40mA	120A:40mA	120A:40mA
	Current	CT Quantity	1	2	3
Communicati	on		RS485	RS485	RS485
Communicati	on distanc	e (m)	1000	1000	1000
User Interface	User Interface		3 LEDs, Reset Button	3 LEDs, Reset Button	3 LEDs, Reset Button
	Voltage/0	Current	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1
Accuracy	Active En	ergy	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1
	Reactive	Energy	Class 2	Class 2	Class 2
Power Consu	mption (w))	<3	<3	<3
	Dimensio	ons (W * H * D)	36*85*66.5	36*85*66.5	36*85*66.5
Mechanical Parameters	Weight (g)	250	360	450
. arameters	Mounting	g Method	Rail Installation	Rail Installation	Rail Installation
	Ingress P	rotection Rating	IP20	IP20	IP20
	Operatin Range (°0	g Temperature C)	-25~+60	-25~+60	-25~+60
Environmen tal Parameters	Storage 7	Temperature Range	-30~+70	-30~+70	-30~+70
3	Relative I Condens	Humidity (No ing)	0~95%	0~95%	0~95%
	Мах. Оре	erating Altitude (m)	2000	2000	2000

12.4 Smart Dongle Technical Data

Technical Parameters		WiFi/LAN Kit-20
Output Voltage (V)		5
Power Consumption (W)		≤2
Communication Interface		USB
Communication Parameters	Ethernet	10M/100Mbps Self-adaption
	Wireless	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n @2.4 GHz
	Bluetooth	Bluetooth V4.2 BR/EDR and Bluetooth LE standard
	Dimensions (W x H x D mm)	48.3*159.5*32.1
Mechanical	Weight (g)	82
Parameters	Ingress Protection Rating	IP65
	Mounting Method	USB port insertion and removal
Operating Temperature Range (°C)		-30~+60
Storage Temperature Range (°C)		-40~+70
Relative Humidity		0-95%
Max. Operating Altitude (m)		4000

Technical Parameters	Ezlink3000	
General Data		
Connection Interface	USB	
Ethernet interface (optional)	10/100Mbps self-adaption, communication distance ≤100m	
Mounting Method	Plug-and-play	
Indicator	LED indicator status	
Dimensions (W * H * D mm)	49*153*32	

Weight (gram)	130	
Ingress Protection Rating	IP65	
Power Consumption (W)	≤2W (typical value)	
Working Mode	STA	
Wireless Parameters		
Bluetooth Communication	Bluetooth 5.1	
WiFi Communication	802.11 b/g/n (2.412GHz-2.484GHz)	
Environmental Parameters		
Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-30 ~ +60	
Storage Temperature Range (°C)	-30 ~ +70	
Relative Humidity	0-100% (no condensing)	
Max. Working Altitude (m)	4000	

Technical parameters	Wi-Fi Kit
General Data	
Max. Inverters Supported	1
Connection Interface	USB
Installation	Plug and Play
Indicator	LED Indicator
Dimensions (WxHxD mm)	49*96*32
Weight(g)	59
Ingress Protection Rating	IP65
Power Consumption (W)	2
Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-30 - 60°C
Storage Temperature Range (°C)	-40 - 70°C
Relative Humidity	0-100% (non-condensing)
Max. Operating Altitude (m)	4000
Wireless Parameter	
Supported Standards & Frequencies	802.11b/g/n(2.412G-2.472G)

Operating Mode	AP/STA/AP+STA
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13 Appendix

13.1 FAQ

13.1.1 How to conduct auxiliary detection for smart meters/CT?

Meter detection function, which can detect whether the CT of the meter is connected correctly and the current operation status of the meter and CT.

Step 1: Access the detection page through Home > Settings > Electricity Meter/CT Auxiliary Detection.

Step 2: Click "Start Detection" and wait for the detection to complete. Then, view the detection results.

13.1.2 How to Upgrade the Device Version

Through the firmware information, you can view or upgrade the DSP version, ARM version, BMS version, and communication module software version of the inverter. Some smart dongles do not support software version upgrade via SolarGo App, and the actual situation shall prevail.

Upgrade prompt:

When the user opens the APP, an upgrade prompt will pop up on the homepage, and the user can choose whether to upgrade or not. If you choose to upgrade, you can complete the upgrade by following the prompts on the interface.

Regular upgrade:

Step 1: Access the firmware information viewing interface through "Home" > "Settings" > "Firmware Information".

Step 2: Click "Check for Updates". If there is a new version, complete the upgrade according to the prompts on the interface.

Forced Upgrade:

The APP will push upgrade information, and users need to upgrade according to the

prompts; otherwise, they will not be able to use the APP. You can complete the upgrade by following the prompts on the interface.

13.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	English Description
U _{batt}	Battery Voltage Range
U _{batt,r}	Nominal Battery Voltage
I _{batt,max} (C/D)	Max. Continuous Charging Current Max. Continuous Discharging Current
E _{C,R}	Rated Energy
U _{DCmax}	Max. Input Voltage
U _{MPP}	MPPT Operating Voltage Range
I _{DC,max}	Max. Input Current per MPPT
I _{SC PV}	Max. Short Circuit Current per MPPT
P _{AC,r}	Nominal Output Power
S _{r (to grid)}	Nominal Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid
S _{max} (to grid)	Max. Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid
Sr (from grid)	Nominal Apparent Power from Utility Grid
S _{max} (from grid)	Max. Apparent Power from Utility Grid
U _{AC,r}	Nominal Output Voltage
f _{AC,r}	Nominal AC Grid Frequency
I _{AC,max} (to grid)	Max. AC Current Output to Utility Grid
I _{AC,max} (from grid)	Max. AC Current From Utility Grid
P.F.	Power Factor
S _r	Back-up Nominal apparent power
S _{max}	Max. Output Apparent Power (VA) Max. Output Apparent Power without Grid
I _{AC,max}	Max. Output Current
U _{AC,r}	Nominal Output Voltage
f _{AC,r}	Nominal Output Frequency
Toperating	Operating Temperature Range
I _{DC,max}	Max. Input Current

U _{DC}	Input Voltage
U _{DC,r}	DC Power Supply
U _{AC}	Power Supply/AC Power Supply
U _{AC,r}	Power Supply/Input Voltage Range
Toperating	Operating Temperature Range
P _{max}	Max Output Power
P _{RF}	TX Power
P _D	Power Consumption
P _{AC,r}	Power Consumption
F (Hz)	Frequency
I _{SC PV}	Max. Input Short Circuit Current
U_{dcmin} - U_{dcmax}	Range of Input Operating Voltage
U _{AC,rang(L-N)}	Power Supply Input Voltage
U _{sys,max}	Max System Voltage
H _{altitude,max}	Max. Operating Altitude
PF	Power Factor
THDi	Total Harmonic Distortion of Current
THDv	Total Harmonic Distortion of Voltage
C&I	Commercial & Industrial
SEMS	Smart Energy Management System
MPPT	Maximum Power Point Tracking
PID	Potential-Induced Degradation
Voc	Open-Circuit Voltage
Anti PID	Anti-PID
PID Recovery	PID Recovery
PLC	Power-line Communication
Modbus TCP/IP	Modbus Transmission Control / Internet Protocol
Modbus RTU	Modbus Remote Terminal Unit
SCR	Short-Circuit Ratio
UPS	Uninterruptable Power Supply
ECO mode	Economical Mode
TOU	Time of Use

ESS	Energy Stroage System
PCS	Power Conversion System
RSD	Remote Shutdown
EPO	Emergency Power Off
SPD	Surge Protection Device
ARC	Zero Injection/Zero Export Power Limit / Export Power Limit
DRED	Demand Response Enabling Device
RCR	Ripple Control Receiver
AFCI	AFCI
GFCI	Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter
RCMU	Residual Current Monitoring Unit
FRT	Fault Ride Through
HVRT	High Voltage Ride Through
LVRT	Low Voltage Ride Through
EMS	Energy Management System
BMS	Battery Management System
BMU	Battery Measure Unit
BCU	Battery Control Unit
SOC	State of Charge
SOH	State of Health
SOE	State Of Energy
SOP	State Of Power
SOF	State Of Function
SOS	State Of Safety
DOD	Depth of Discharge